

# Paramagnetic Ligands designed using Thiazyl Radicals



Photo collage credit: Danielle Dinsdale, M.Sc.

Kathryn E. Preuss

*ESMoINa 2025, Santa Pola, Spain – May 20<sup>th</sup>, 2025*

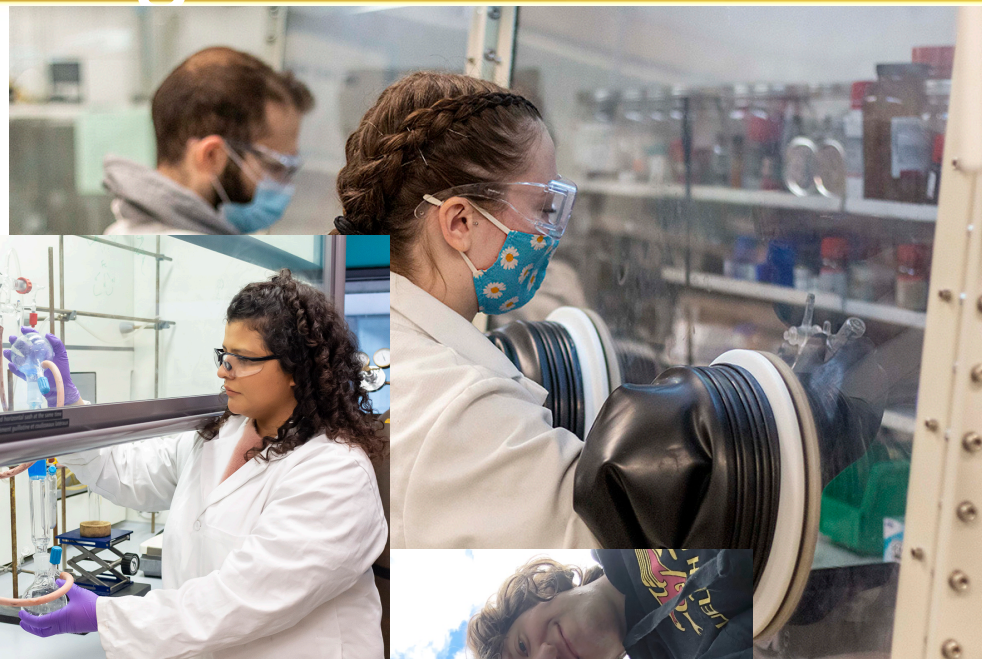
# Acknowledgements

## Student Contributors to this work

Michelle Mills (Ph.D. 2021)  
 Adam Maahs (Ph.D. 2017)  
 R. Alex Mayo (M.Sc. 2017)  
 Harrison Young (B.Sc. 2019)  
 Elisabeth Fatila (Ph.D. 2013)  
 Jian (Kyle) Wu (Ph.D. 2008)  
 Genievieve Borg (Ph.D. candidate)  
 Matthew Hill (Ph.D. candidate)  
 Mukaila Ibrahim (Ph.D. candidate)  
 Julia Newman (M.Sc. candidate)  
 James Galvao (M.Sc. candidate)

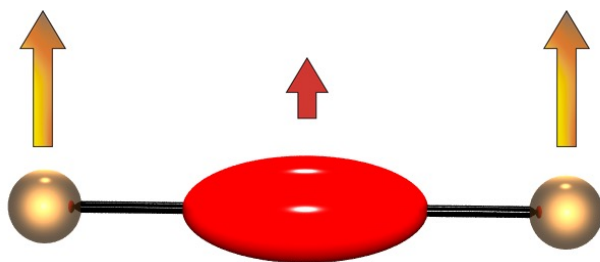
## Collaborators contributing to this work

Dr. Hab. Rodolphe Clérac (U.Bordeaux/CNRS)  
 Prof. Pierre Dechambenoit (U.Bordeaux/CNRS)  
 Prof. Tom Lancaster (Durham U.)  
 Dr. Alberto Hernández-Melián (Durham U.)  
 Prof. Dmitriy V. Soldatov (U. Guelph)  
 Prof. René T. Boéré (U. Lethbridge)

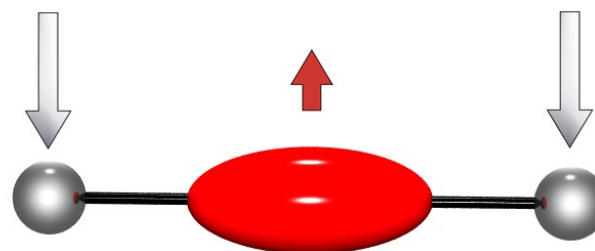


# Paramagnetic Ligands – Why?

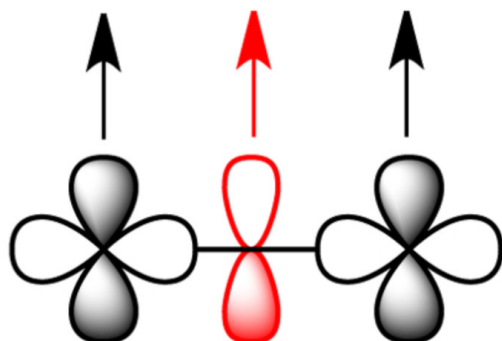
- 1) Mediate magnetic coupling between *hs* metal ions:  $S_T > 0$



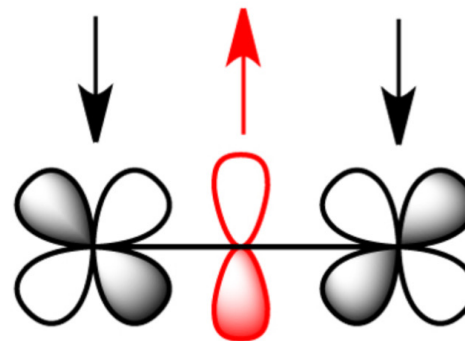
paramagnetic ligand  
FM coupling



paramagnetic ligand  
AF coupling



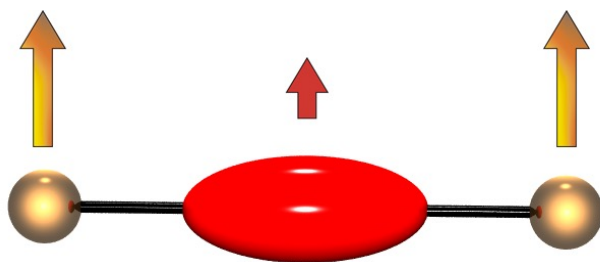
orthogonal



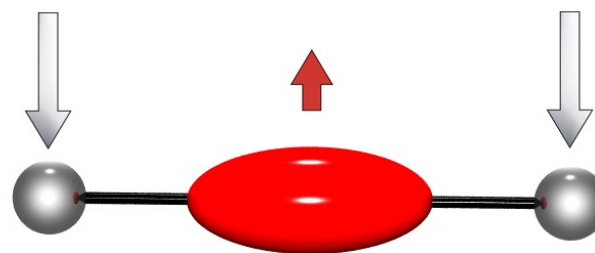
non-orthogonal

# Paramagnetic Ligands – Why?

1) Mediate magnetic coupling between *hs* metal ions:  $S_T > 0$



paramagnetic ligand  
FM coupling



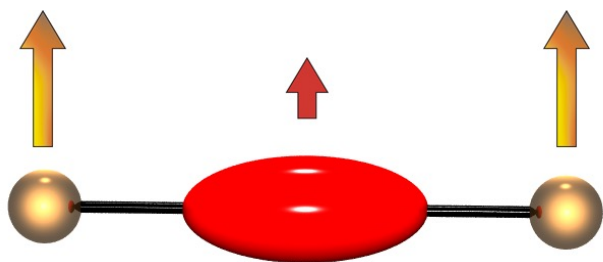
paramagnetic ligand  
AF coupling

*Design Options?*

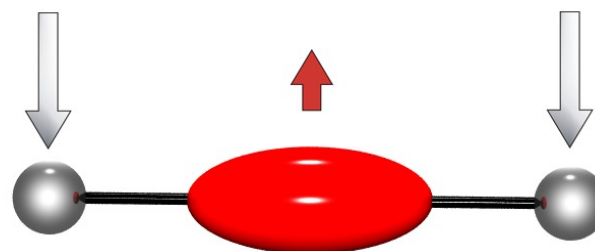
- Easy synthesis
- Large “window” of redox stability
- Good  $\sigma$ -donor

# Paramagnetic Ligands – Why?

- 1) Mediate magnetic coupling between *hs* metal ions:  $S_T > 0$

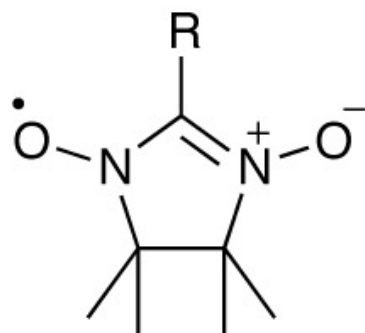


paramagnetic ligand  
FM coupling

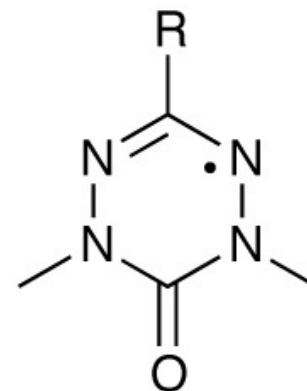


paramagnetic ligand  
AF coupling

*Design Options?*



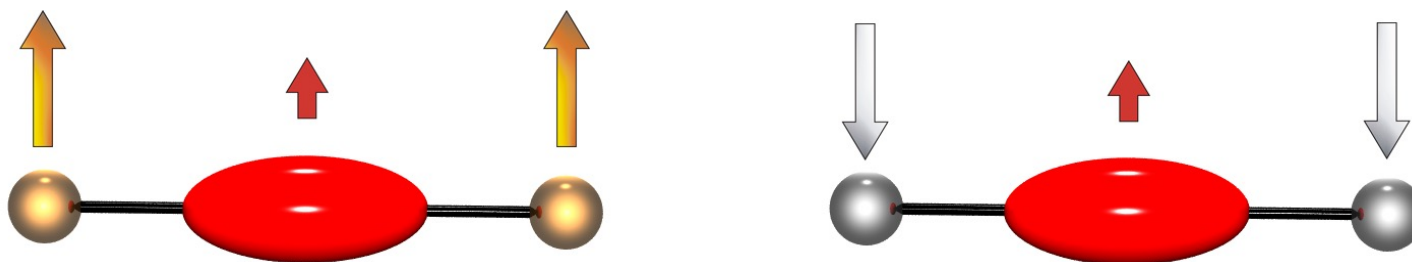
nitronyl nitroxides



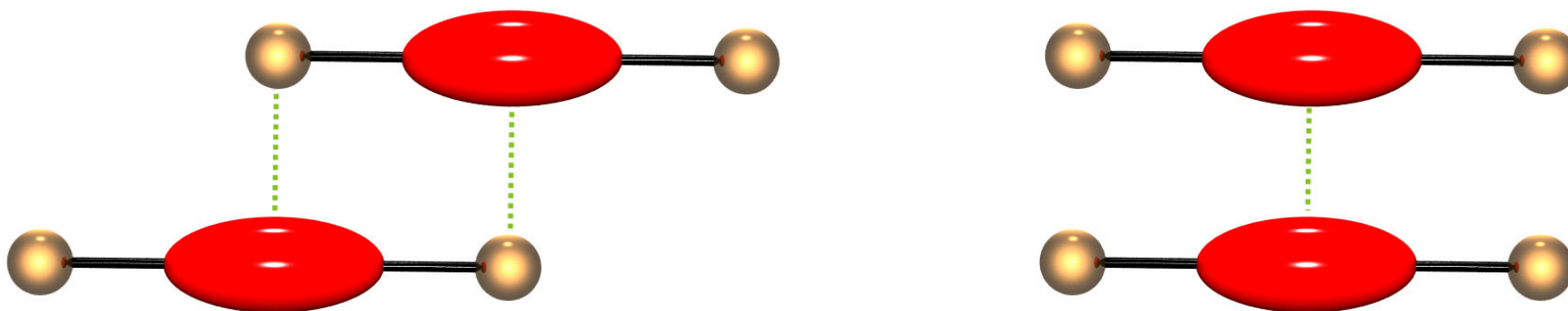
(oxo)verdazyls

# Paramagnetic Ligands – Why?

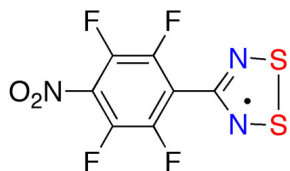
- 1) Mediate magnetic coupling between *hs* metal ions:  $S_T > 0$



- 2) Mediate *intermolecular* interactions – magnetic, conductive, “switchable”

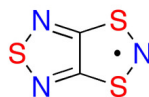


# Thiazyl Radicals - Properties



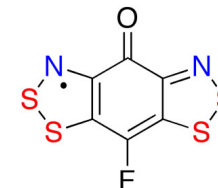
**FM ordering < 1.6 K**

J. M. Rawson, *et al.*,  
*Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2003**, 42, 4782.



**RT magnetic bistability**

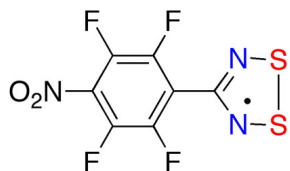
W. Fujita & K. Awaga,  
*Science*, **1999**, 286, 261.



**Metallic conductivity  
> 3 GPa**

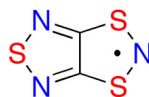
R. T. Oakley, *et al.*,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2012**, 134, 9886.

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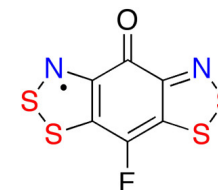
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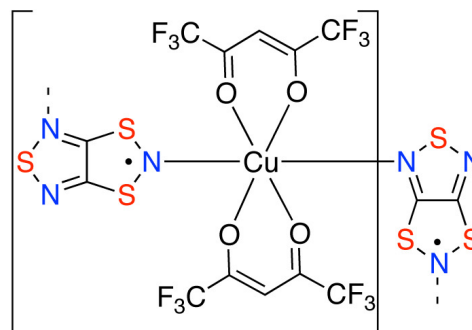
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*Science*, **1999**, 286, 261.



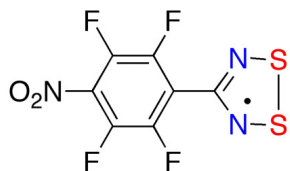
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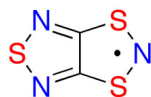
W. Fujita & K. Awaga,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2001**, 123, 3601.

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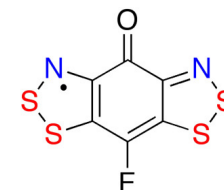
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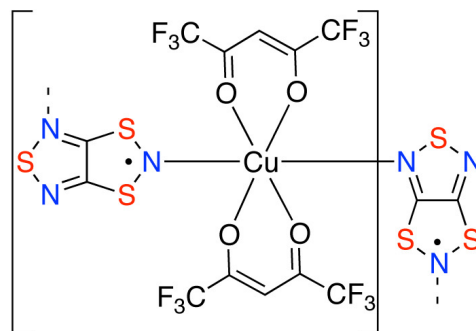
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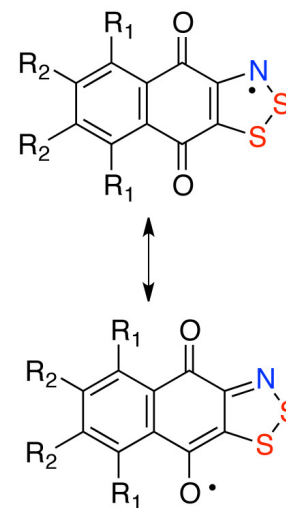


**Metallic conductivity  
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*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2012**, 134, 9886.

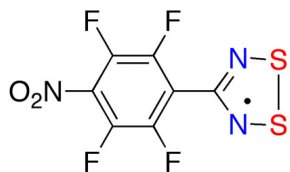


W. Fujita & K. Awaga,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2001**, 123, 3601.



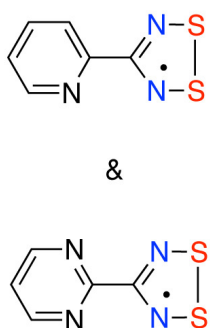
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2012**, 46, 10963.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* **2021**, 60, 11338.

# Thiazyl Radicals - Properties

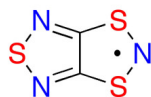


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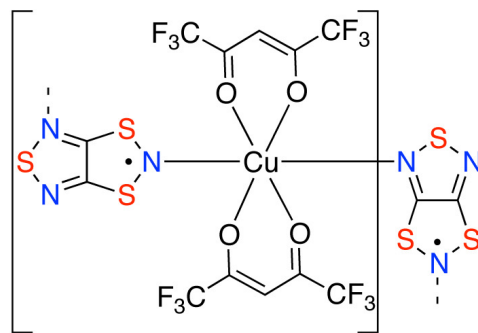


Preuss, *et al.*, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 9942.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2006**, 341.

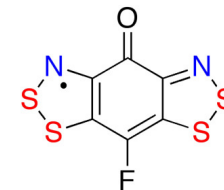


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W. Fujita & K. Awaga,  
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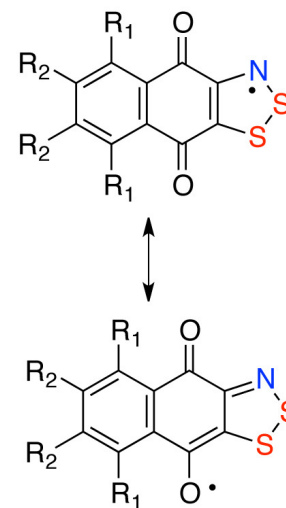


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*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2001**, 123, 3601.



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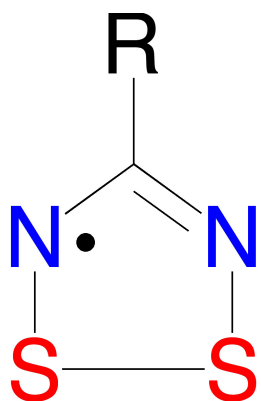
R. T. Oakley, *et al.*,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2012**, 134, 9886.



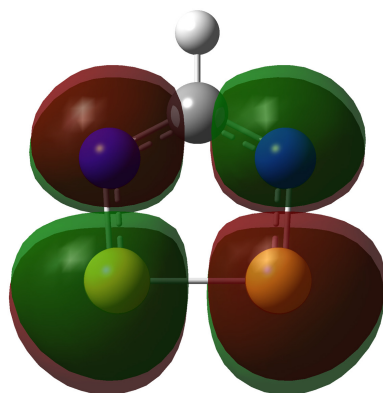
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2012**, 46, 10963.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* **2021**, 60, 11338.

# Paramagnetic Group: DTDA

## 1,2,3,5-Dithiadiazolyl Neutral Radical

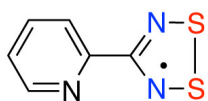


DTDA

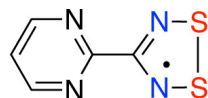


SOMO

- Lone pair on N atoms, like pyridine
- No substituents on N & S atoms
- Supramolecular contacts...
  - Structure-directing?
  - Magnetism?
  - Conductivity?
  - Phase transition switching?



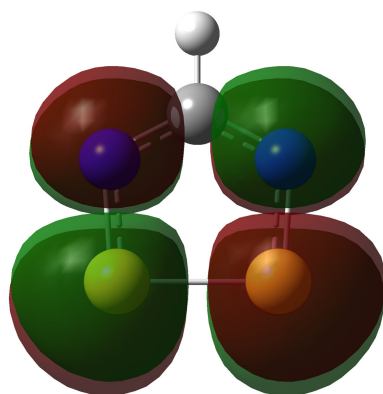
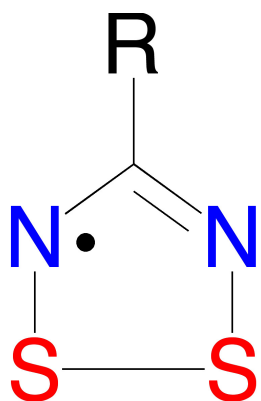
&



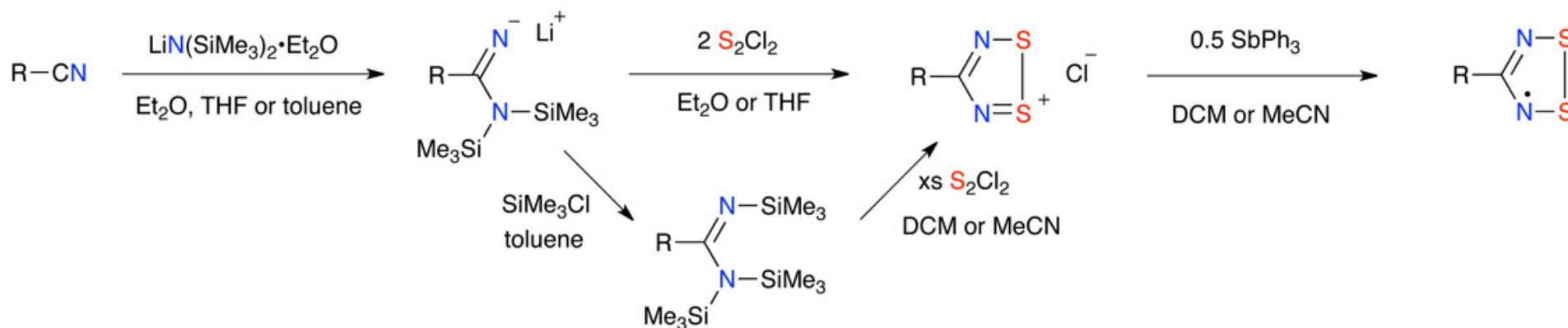
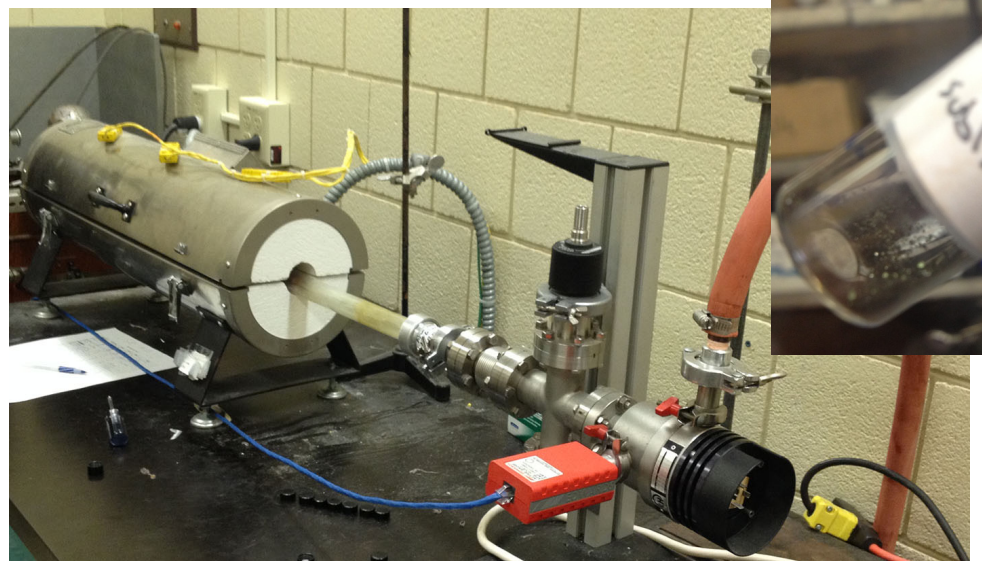
Preuss, *et al.*, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, *126*, 9942.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2006**, 341.

# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Synthesis

## 1,2,3,5-Dithiadiazolyl Neutral Radical



SOMO



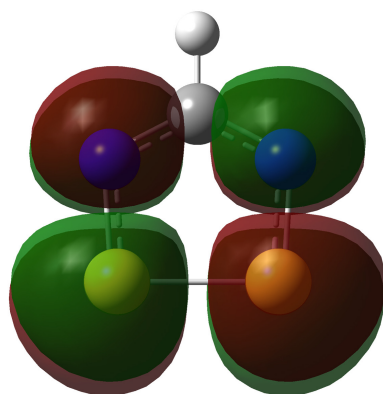
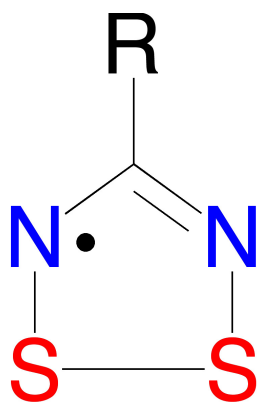
Boere, Oakley & Reed, *J. Organomet. Chem.* **1987**, 331, 161.

Oakley, et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1989**, 111, 9276.

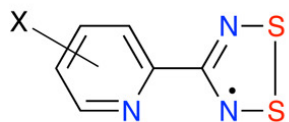
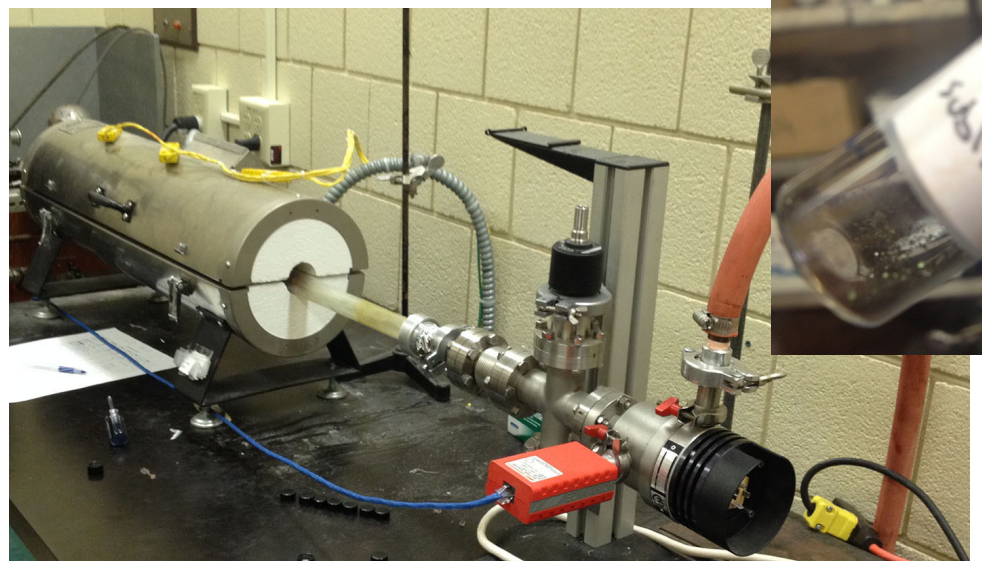
Rawson, et al., *CrystEngComm*, **2013**, 15, 1107.

# 1,2,3,5-DTDA: ligand design

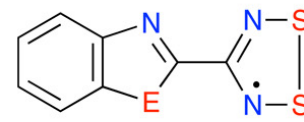
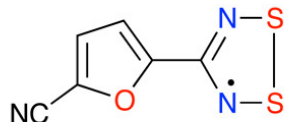
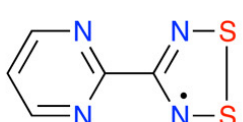
## 1,2,3,5-Dithiadiazolyl Neutral Radical



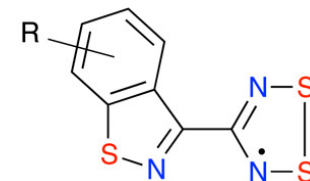
SOMO



X = H, F, Br, CN,...



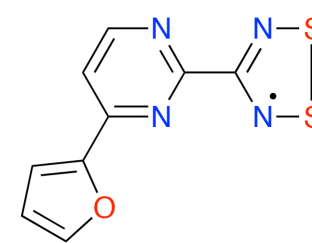
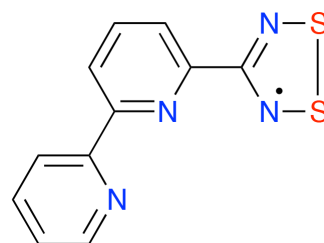
E = O, S



R = H, Me

*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 9942.  
*Chem. Commun.* **2006**, 341.  
*Inorg. Chem.* **2007**, 46, 3934.  
*Polyhedron.* **2007**, 26, 2047.

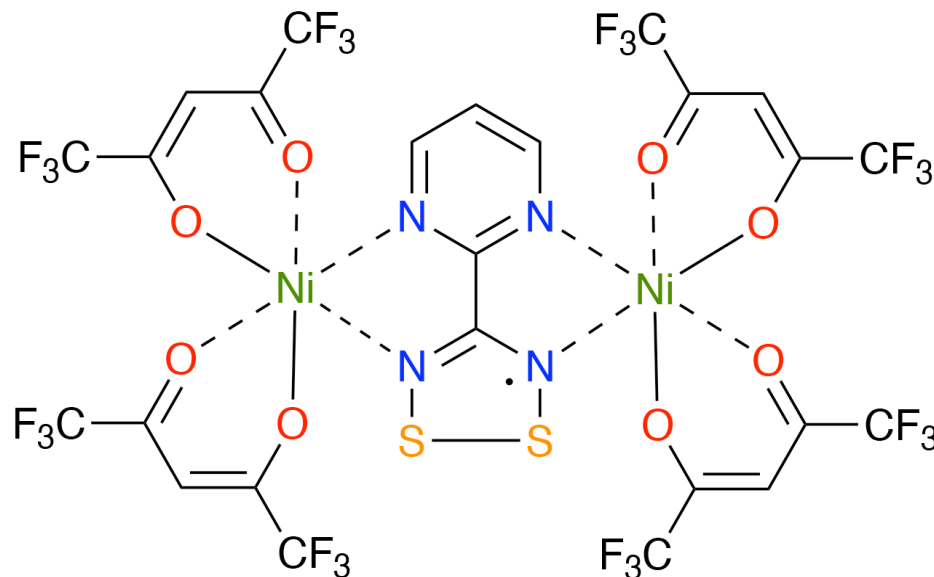
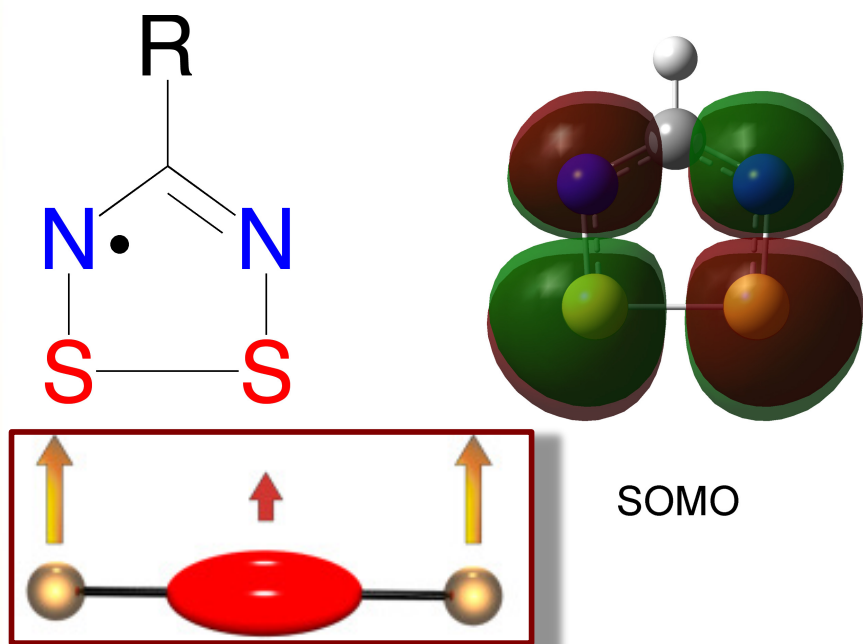
*Inorg. Chem.* **2008**, 47, 10330.  
*Dalton Trans.* **2009**, 3192.  
*Chem. Commun.* **2010**, 6569.  
*Inorg. Chem.* **2012**, 51, 3827.



# FM Coupling: Ni<sup>II</sup>-Rad-Ni<sup>II</sup>

CHANGING LIVES  
IMPROVING LIFE

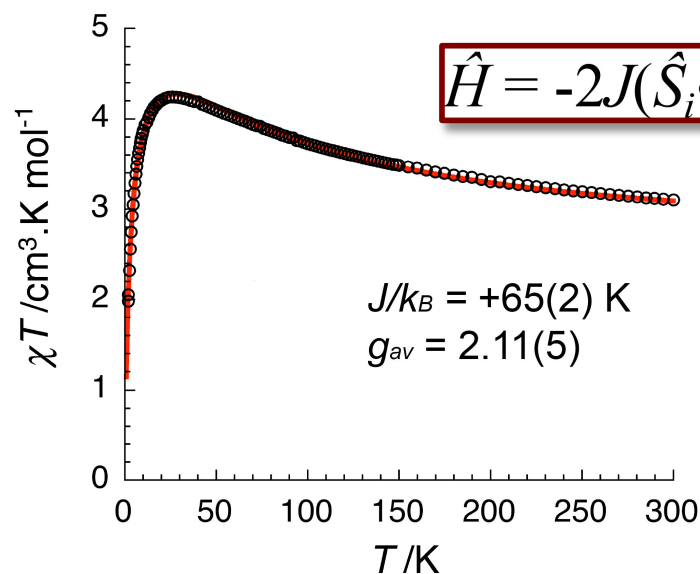
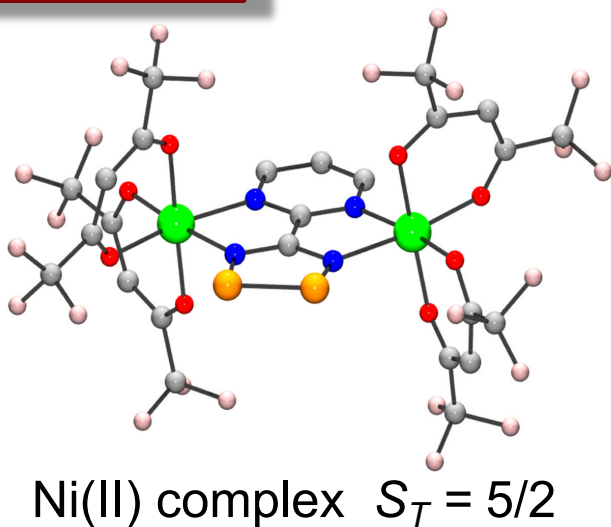
## 1,2,3,5-Dithiadiazolyl Neutral Radical



d<sup>8</sup>

FM

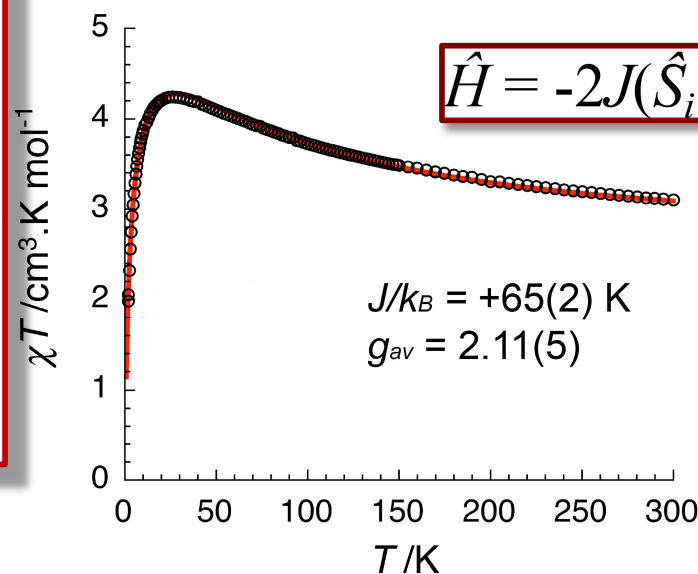
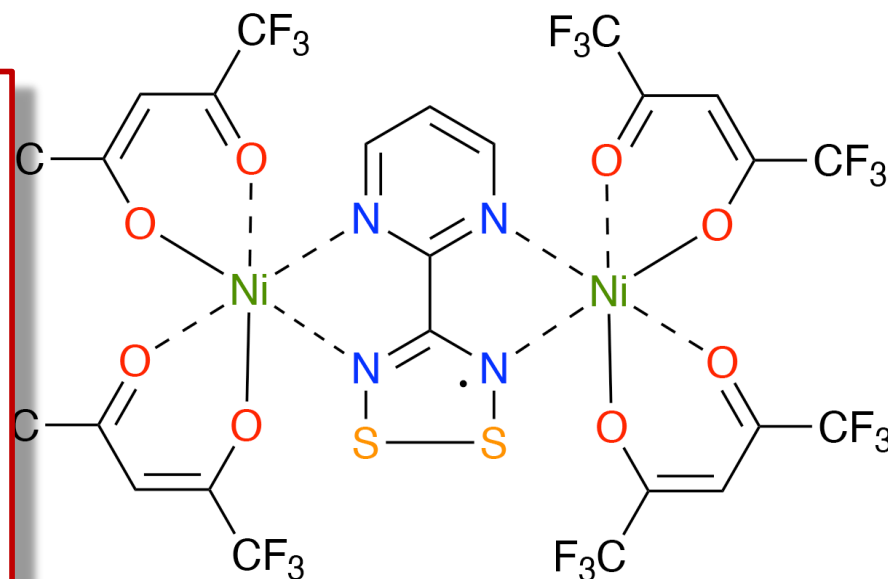
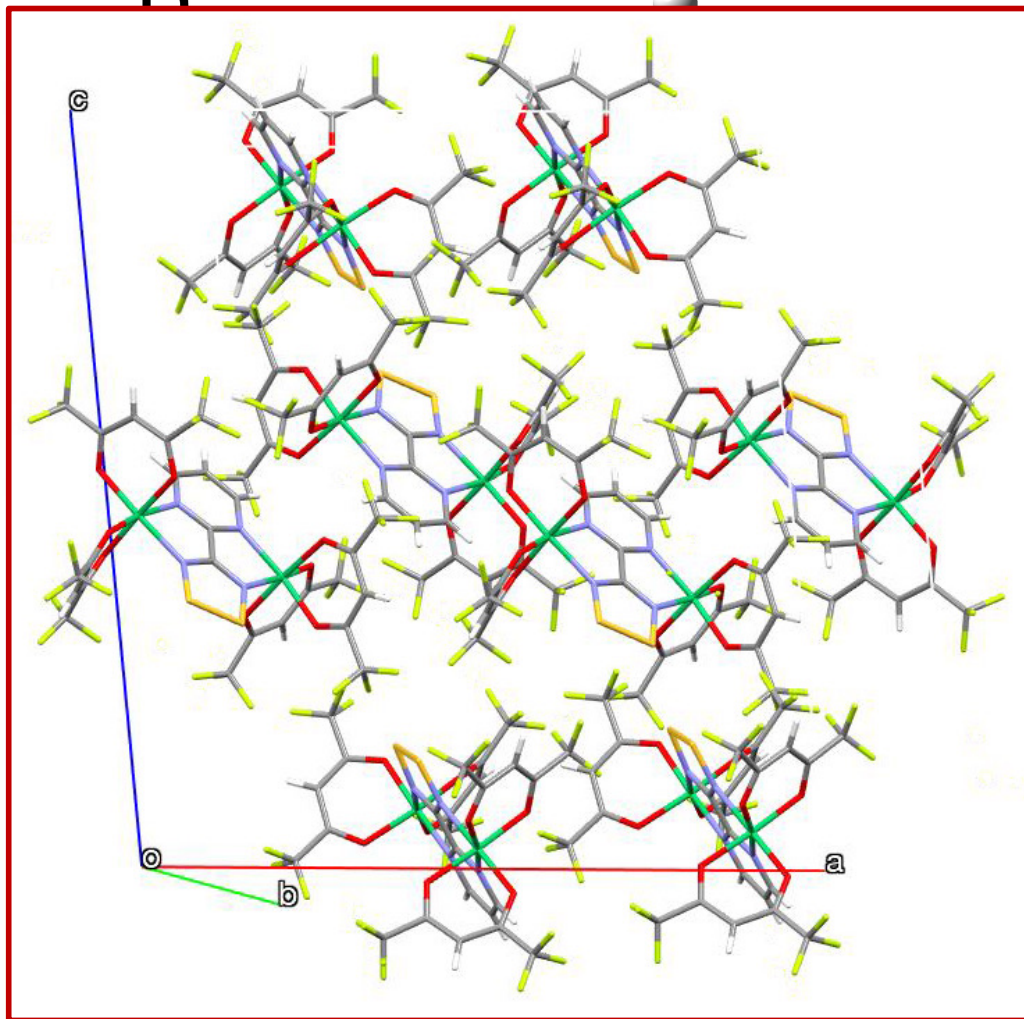
Preuss, *et al.*,  
*Inorg. Chem.*  
2012, 51, 3827.



# FM Coupling: Ni<sup>II</sup>-Rad-Ni<sup>II</sup>

## 1,2,3,5-Dithiadiazolyl Neutral Radical

B

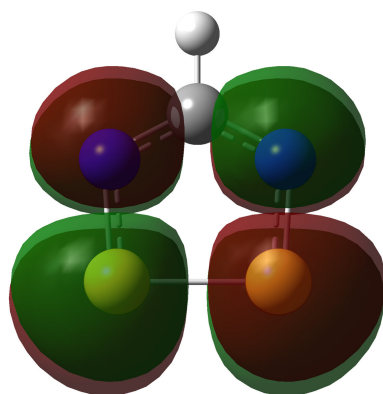
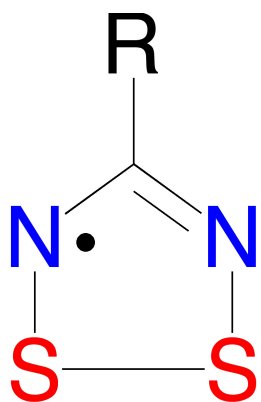


2012, 51, 5827.

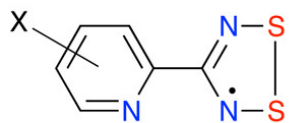
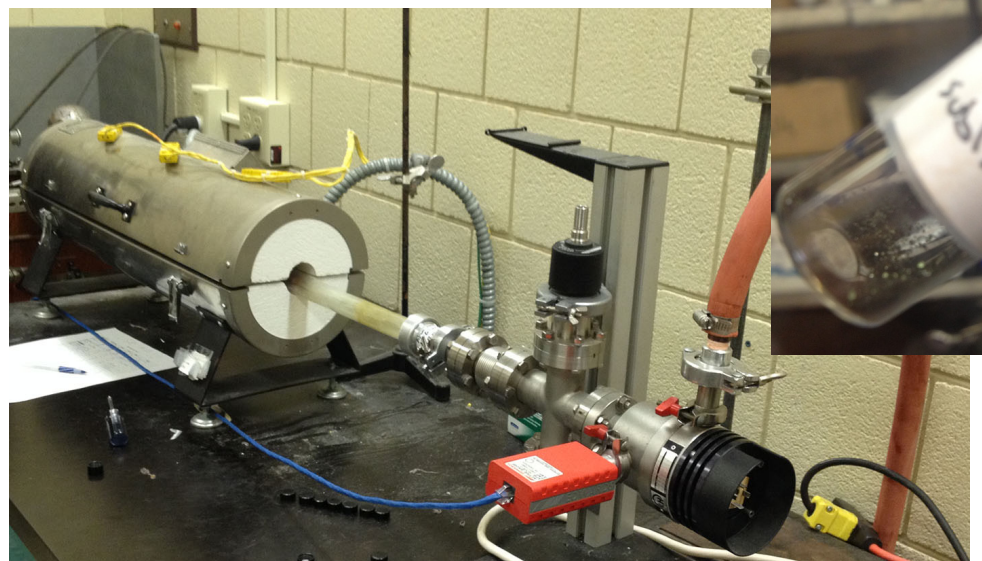
Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 5/2$

# 1,2,3,5-DTDA: ligand design

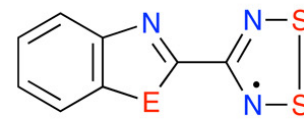
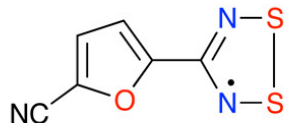
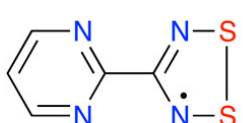
## 1,2,3,5-Dithiadiazolyl Neutral Radical



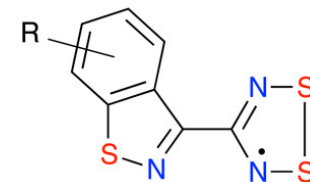
SOMO



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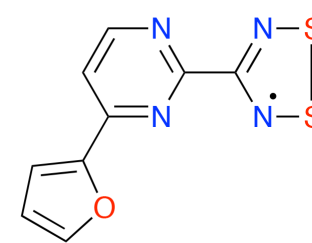
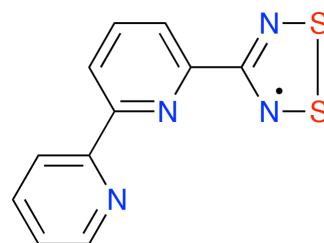
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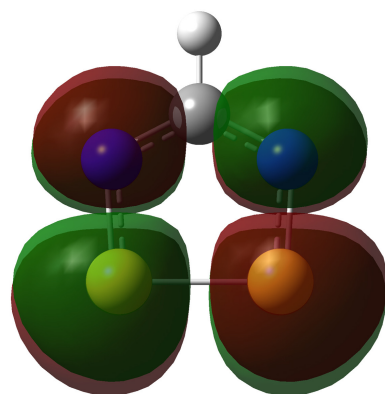
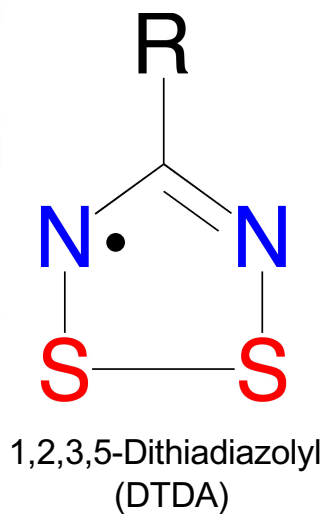
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 9942.  
*Chem. Commun.* **2006**, 341.  
*Inorg. Chem.* **2007**, 46, 3934.  
*Polyhedron*. **2007**, 26, 2047.

*Inorg. Chem.* **2008**, 47, 10330.  
*Dalton Trans.* **2009**, 3192.  
*Chem. Commun.* **2010**, 6569.  
*Inorg. Chem.* **2012**, 51, 3827.

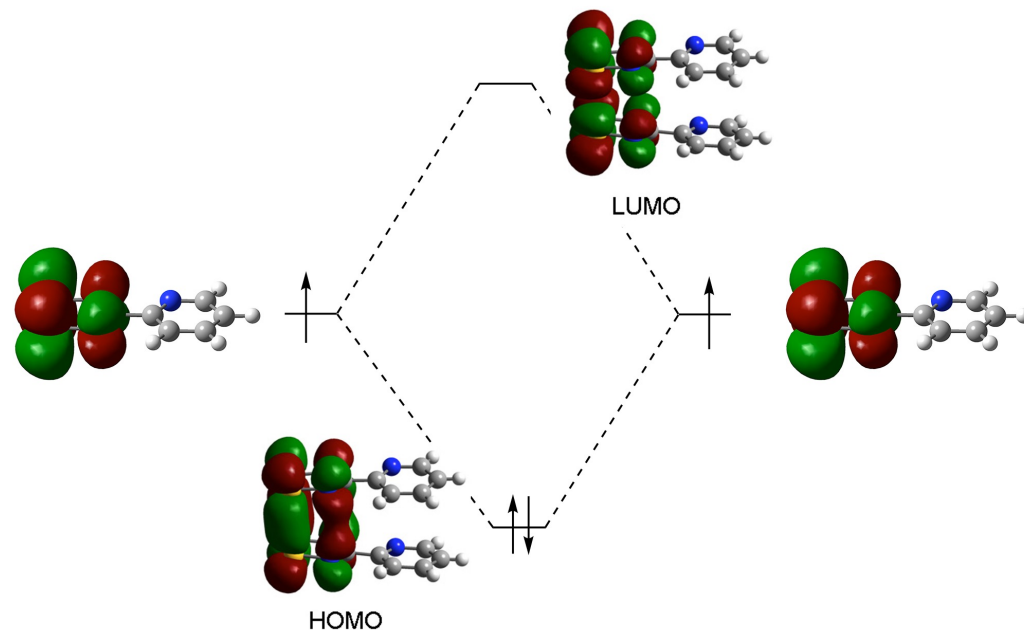


# Paramagnetic Group: DTDA

Pair-wise co-facial association of planar  $\pi$ -radicals



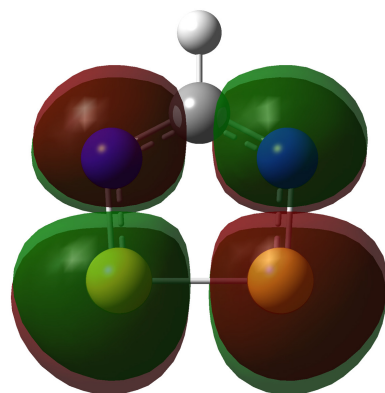
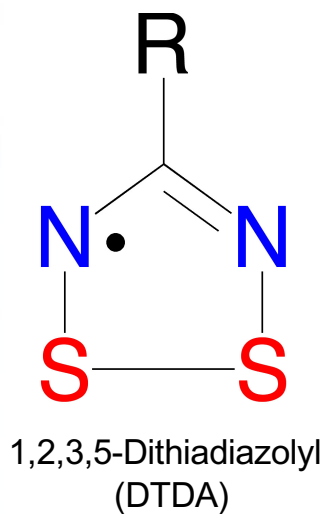
SOMO



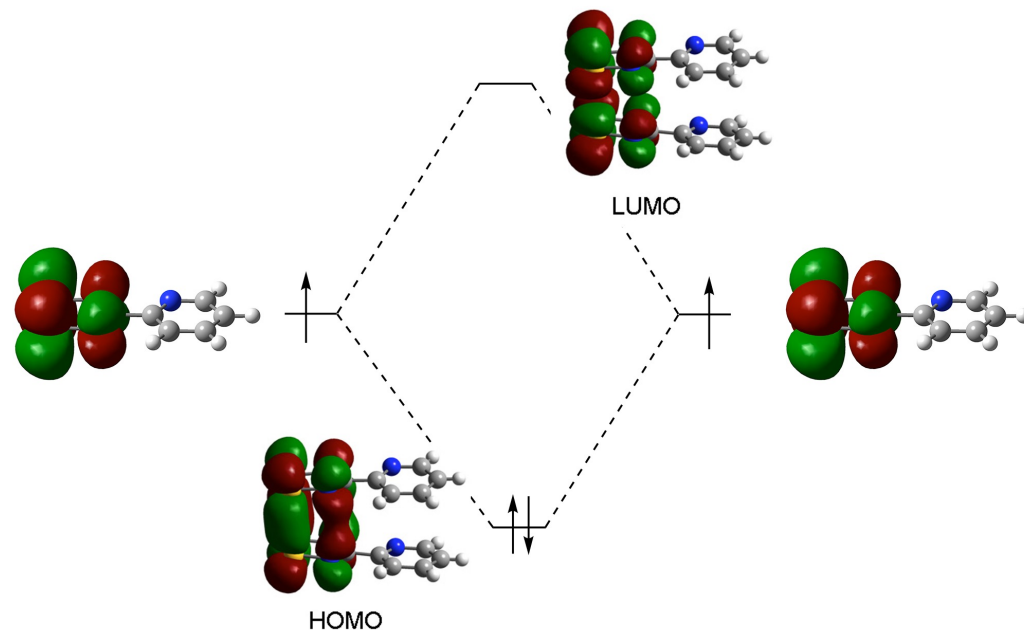
- $mc/2e$  bond

# Pancake Bond

Pair-wise co-facial association of planar  $\pi$ -radicals



SOMO



- $mc/2e$  bond

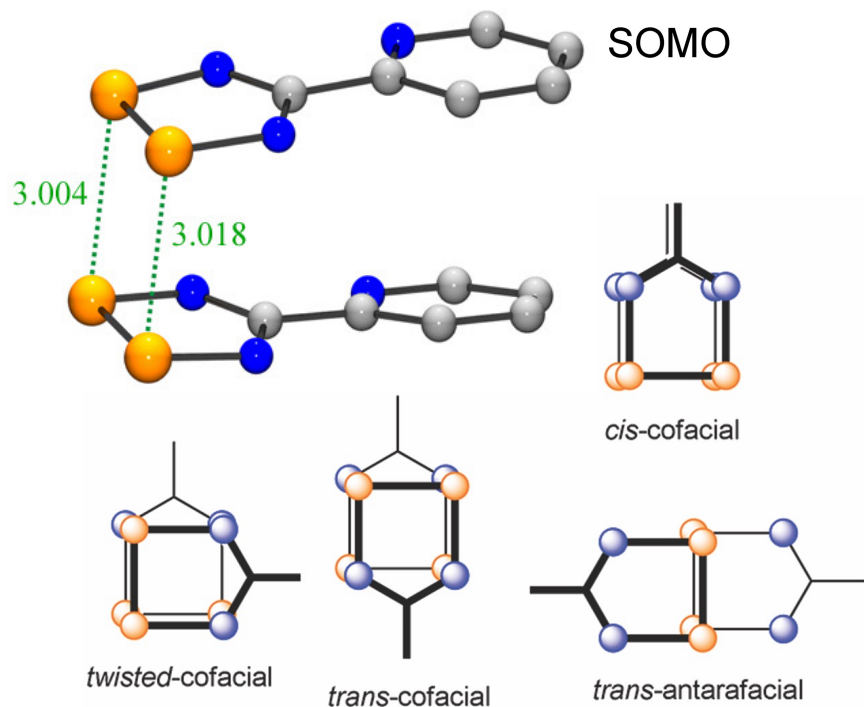
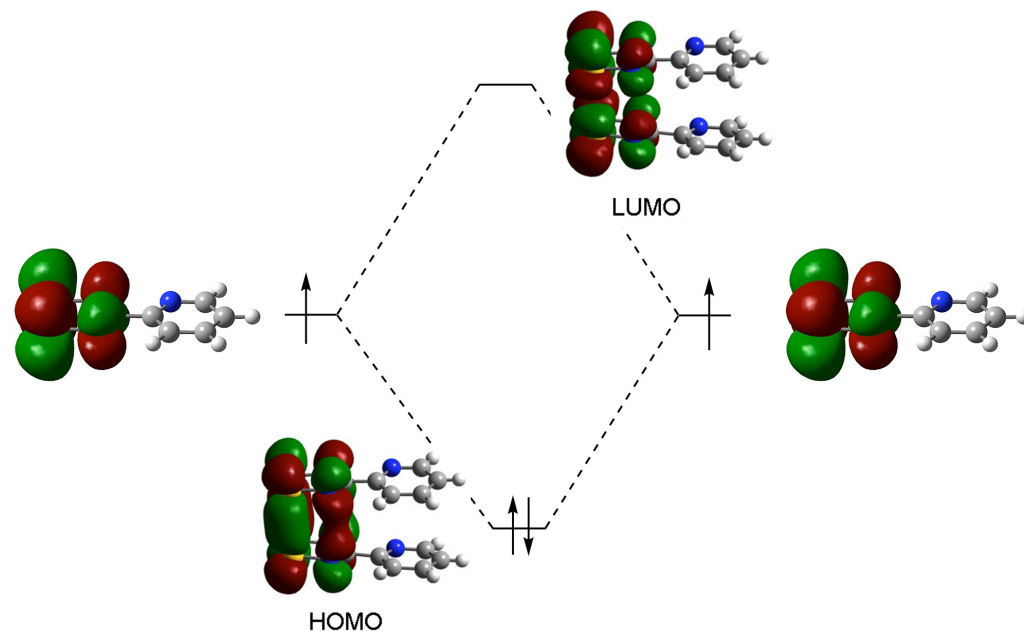
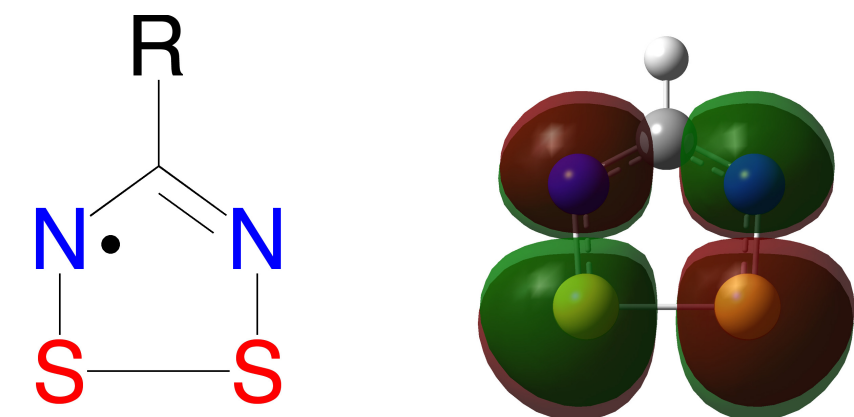
PANCAKE BOND





# Pancake Bond

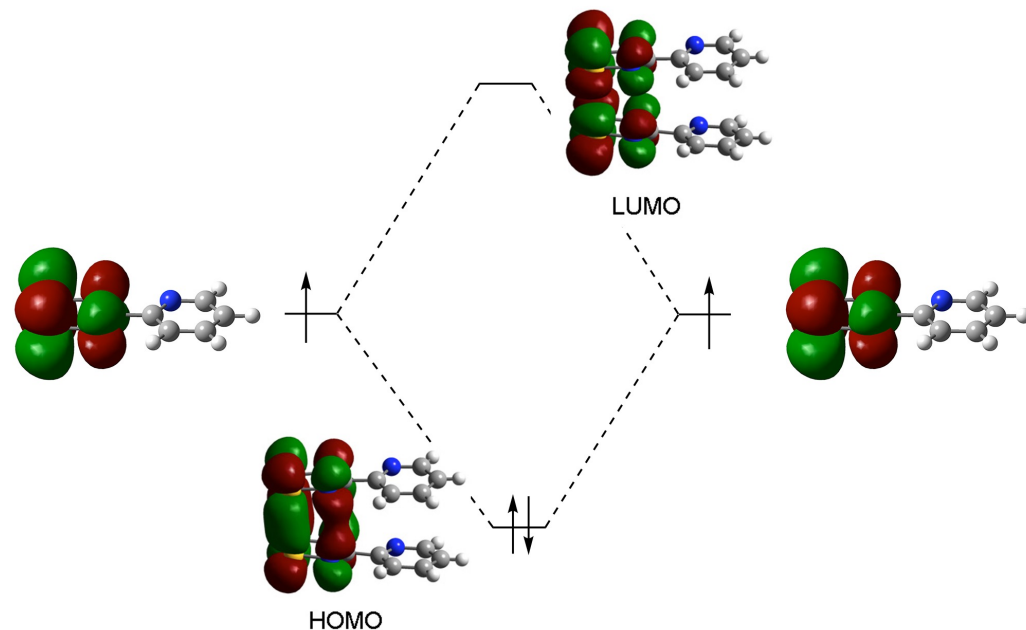
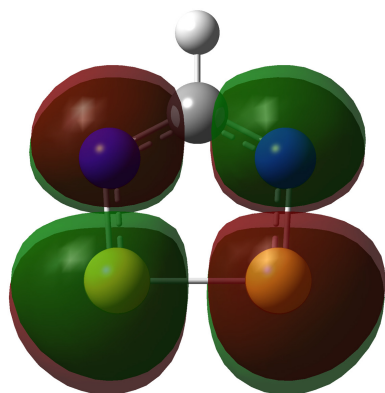
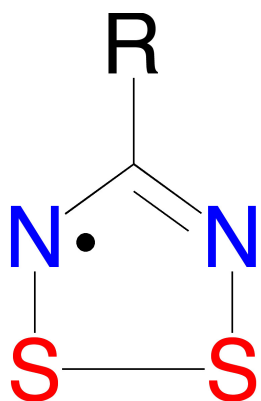
Pair-wise co-facial association of planar  $\pi$ -radicals



- $mc/2e$  bond
- Intermolecular distances *shorter* than sum of v.d.W.r.
- Stringent Geometric Requirement

# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Pancake Bonding

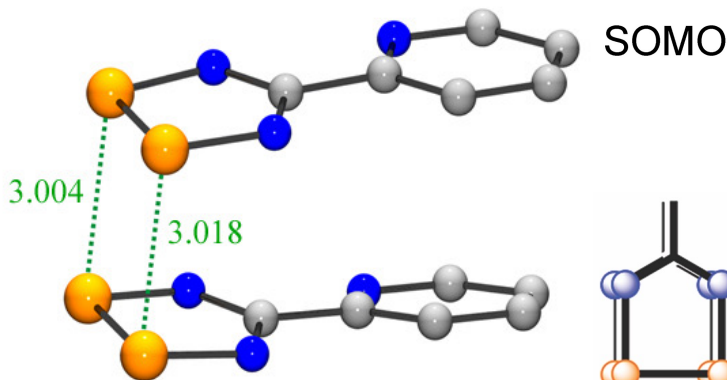
Pair-wise co-facial association of planar  $\pi$ -radicals



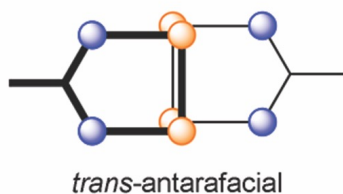
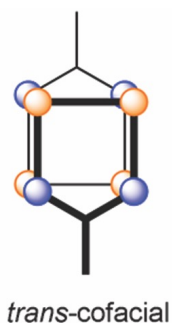
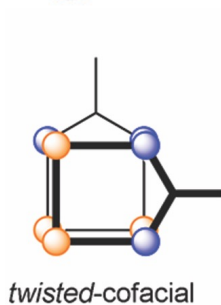
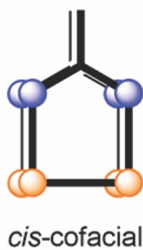
**DIAMAGNETIC**

“pancake bonds”  
or  
 $\pi$ - $\pi$  dimers

Pancake Bond Enthalpy  
~ 35 kJ/mol

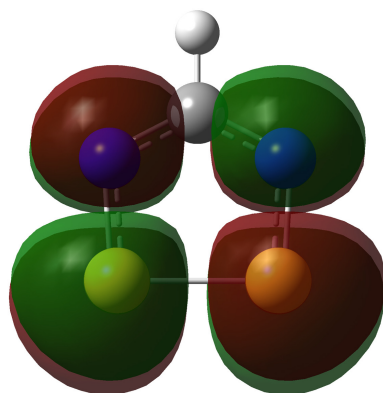
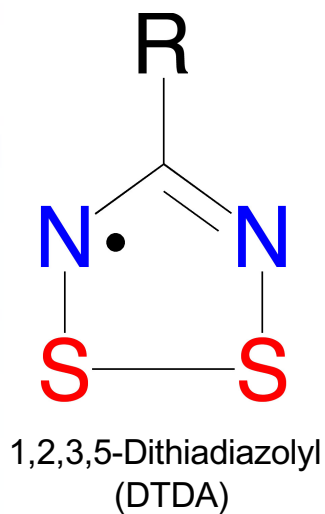


SOMO

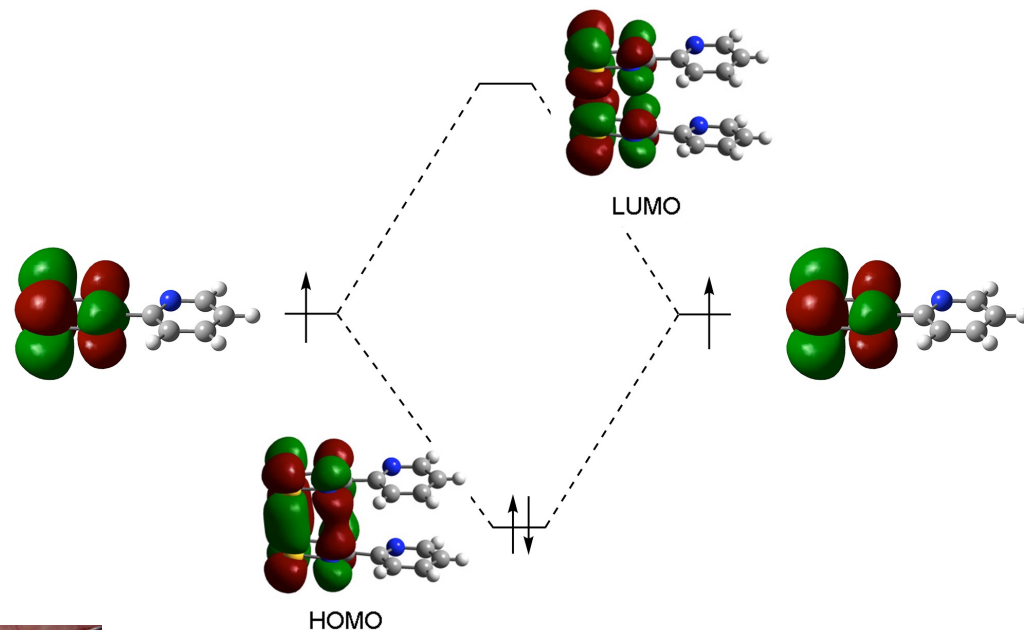


# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Pancake Bonding

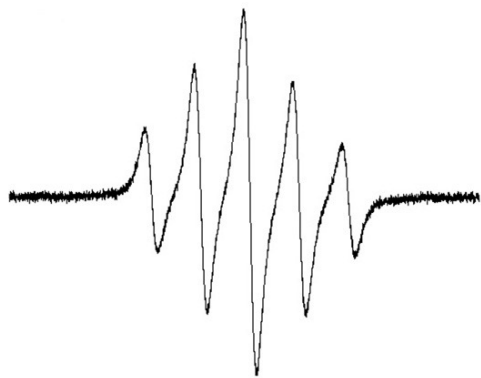
Pair-wise co-facial association of planar  $\pi$ -radicals



SOMO



EPR in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  @ RT



$$g = 2.010(6)$$
$$a_{\text{N}} = 5.02 \text{ G}$$



**PARAMAGNETIC**

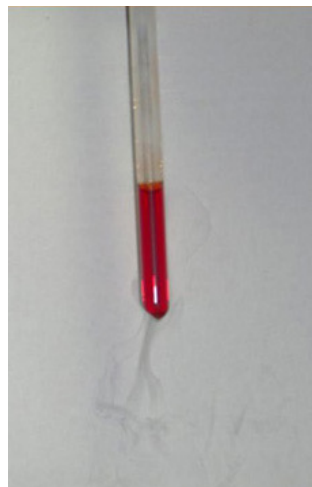
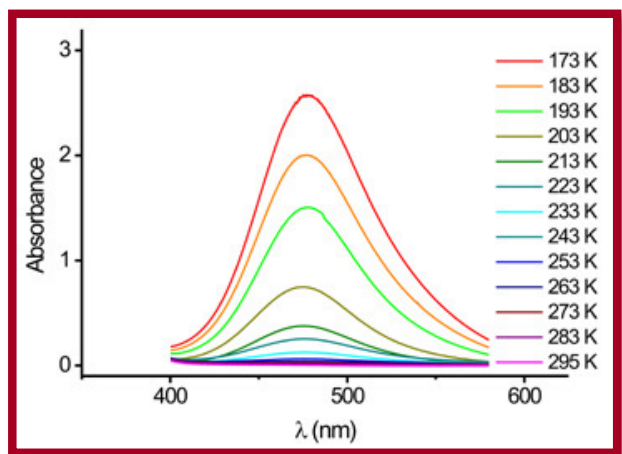
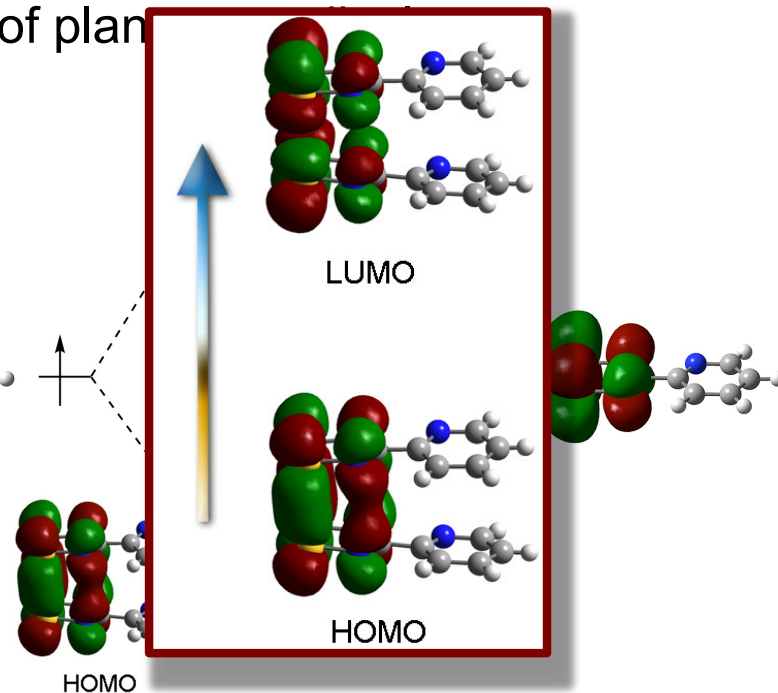
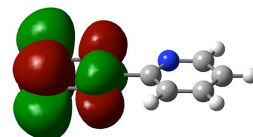
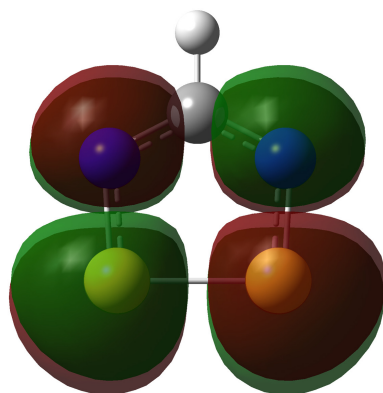
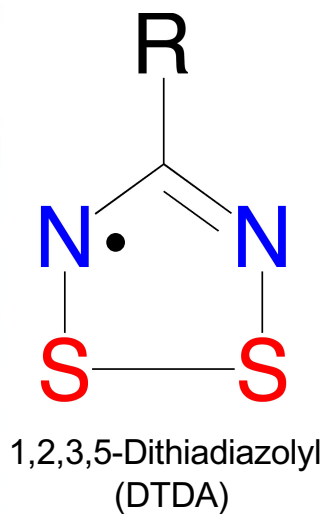
In dilute solution,  
MONOMERS

RT



# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Pancake Bonding

Pair-wise co-facial association of planar

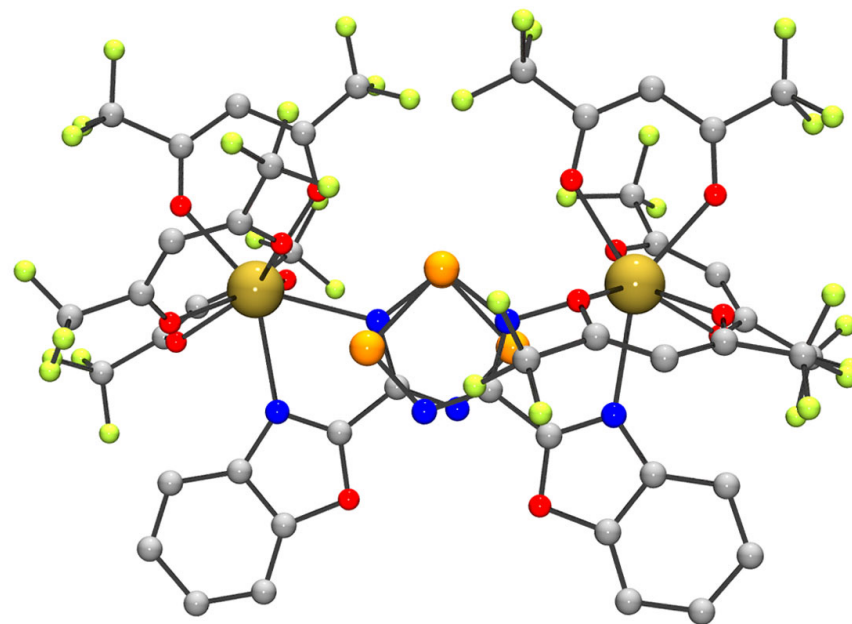
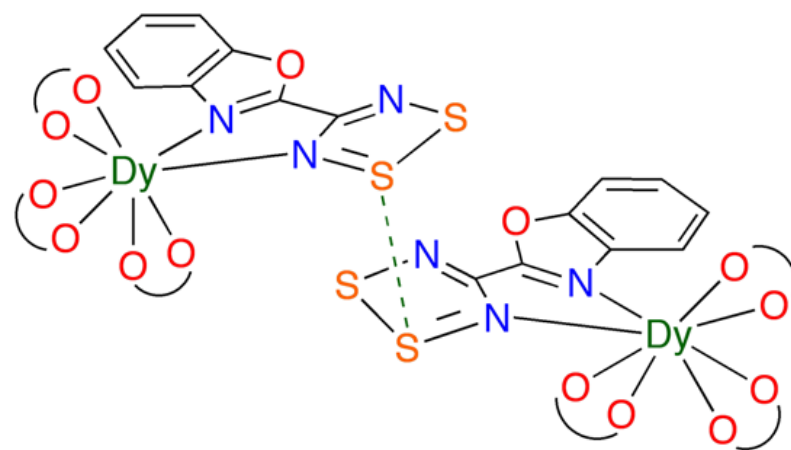
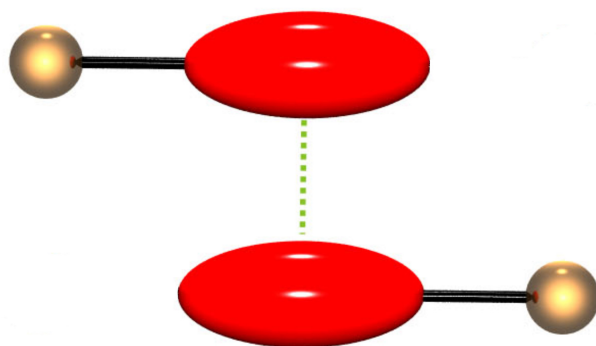
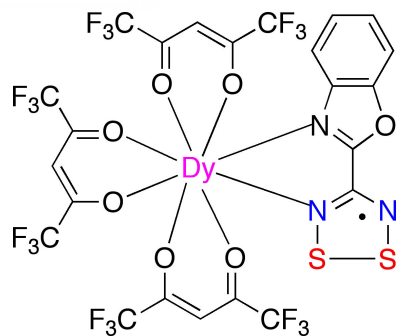


**DIAMAGNETIC**  
DIMERS  
In dilute solution  
LT

Pancake bonds  
reformed

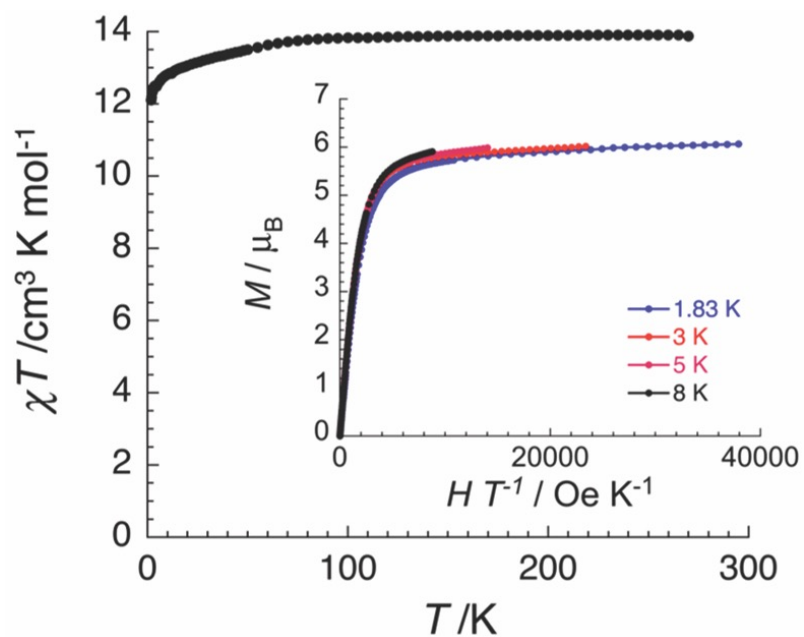
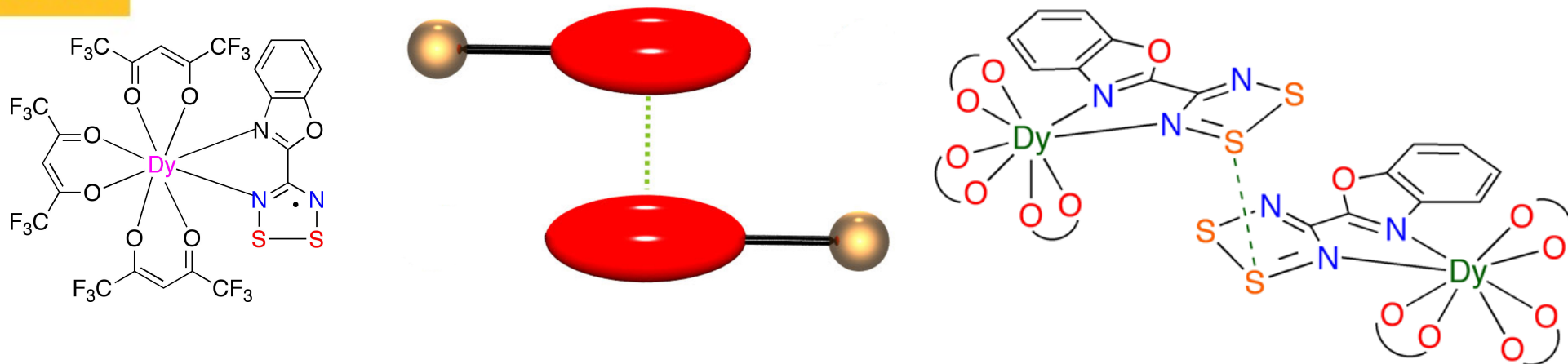
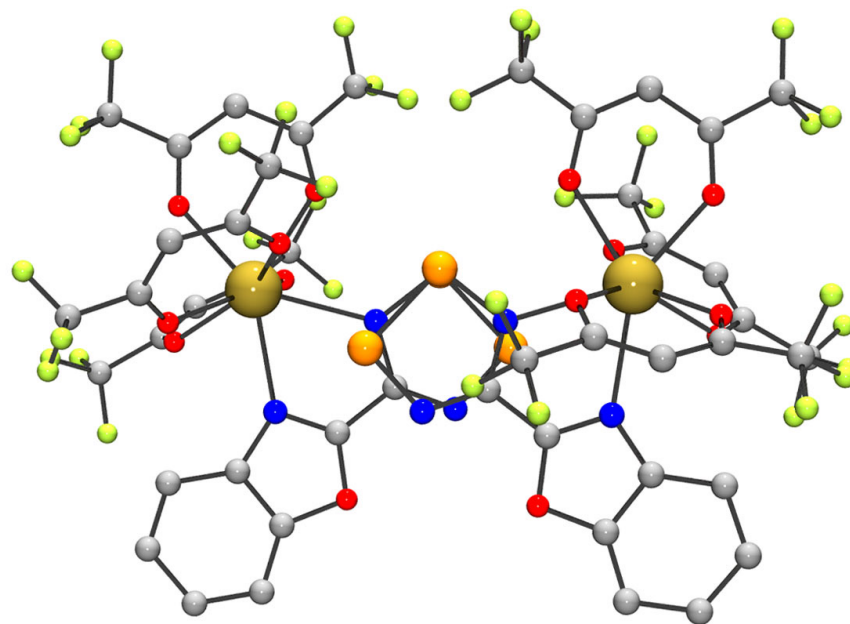


## boaDTDA - Dy(III) dimers

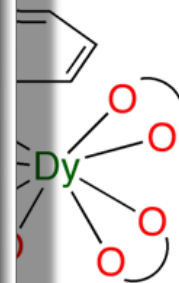
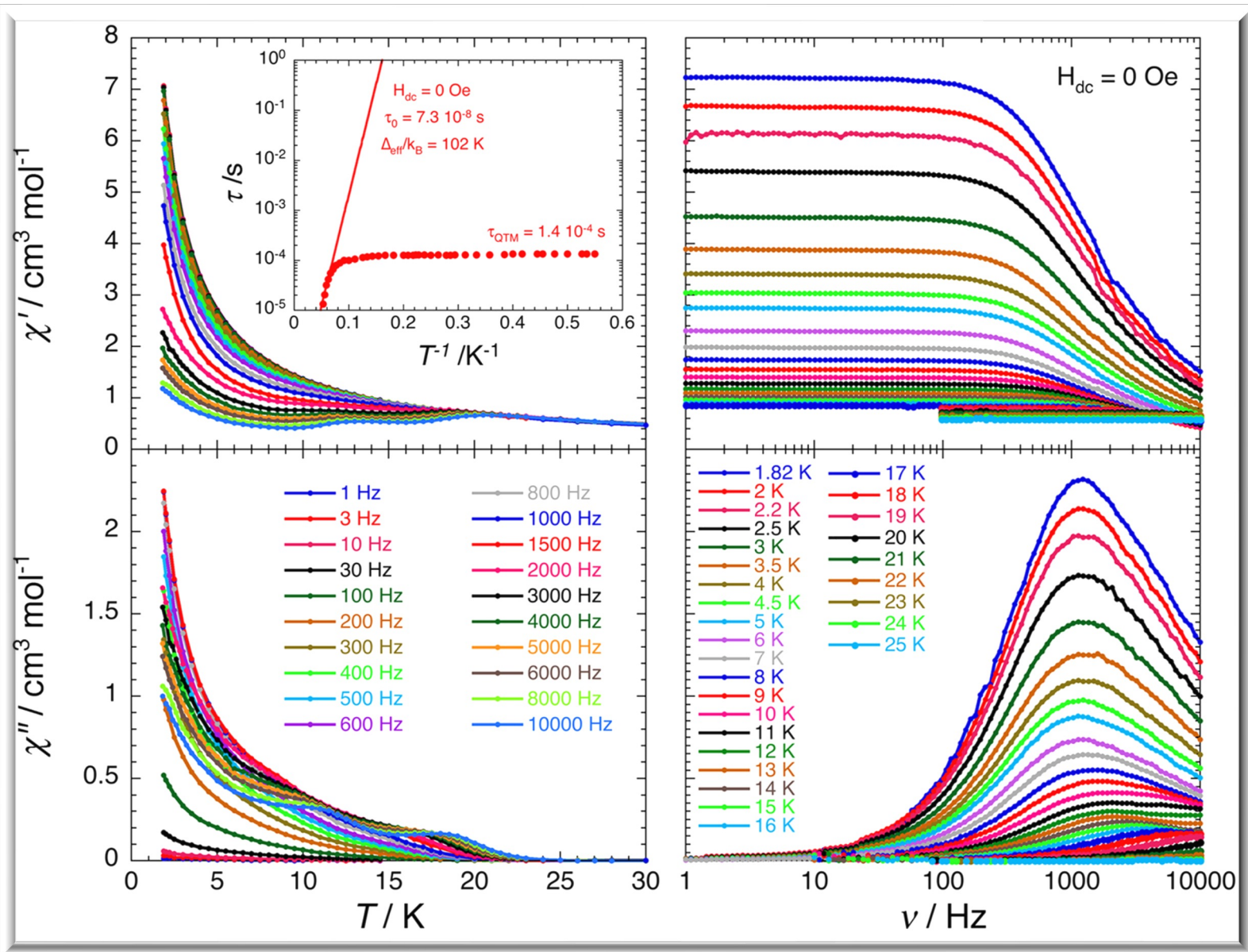
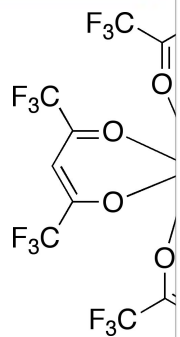
CHANGING LIVES  
IMPROVING LIFE

E. M. Fatila, M. Rouzières, M. C. Jennings, A. J. Lough,  
R. Clérac, K. Preuss, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, *135*, 9596.

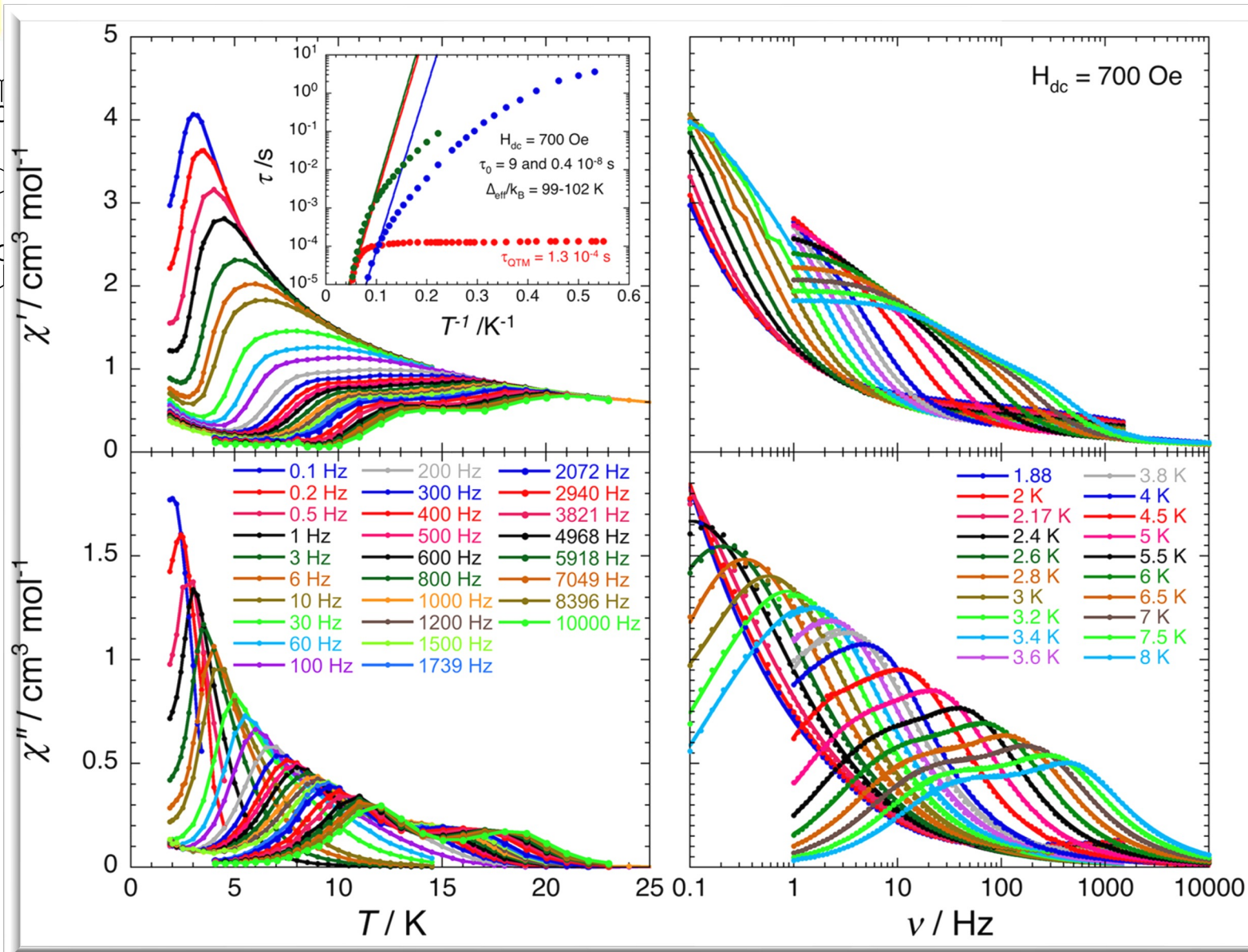
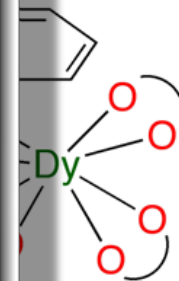
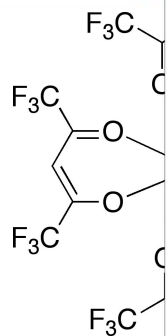
## boaDTDA - Dy(III) dimers

CHANGING LIVES  
IMPROVING LIFE[DTDA]<sub>2</sub> unit is diamagnetic

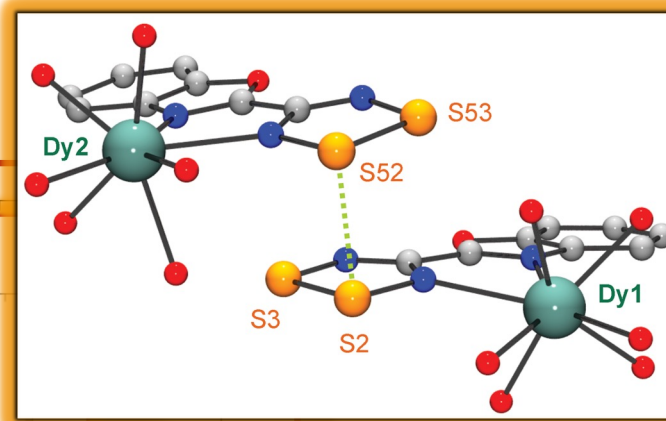
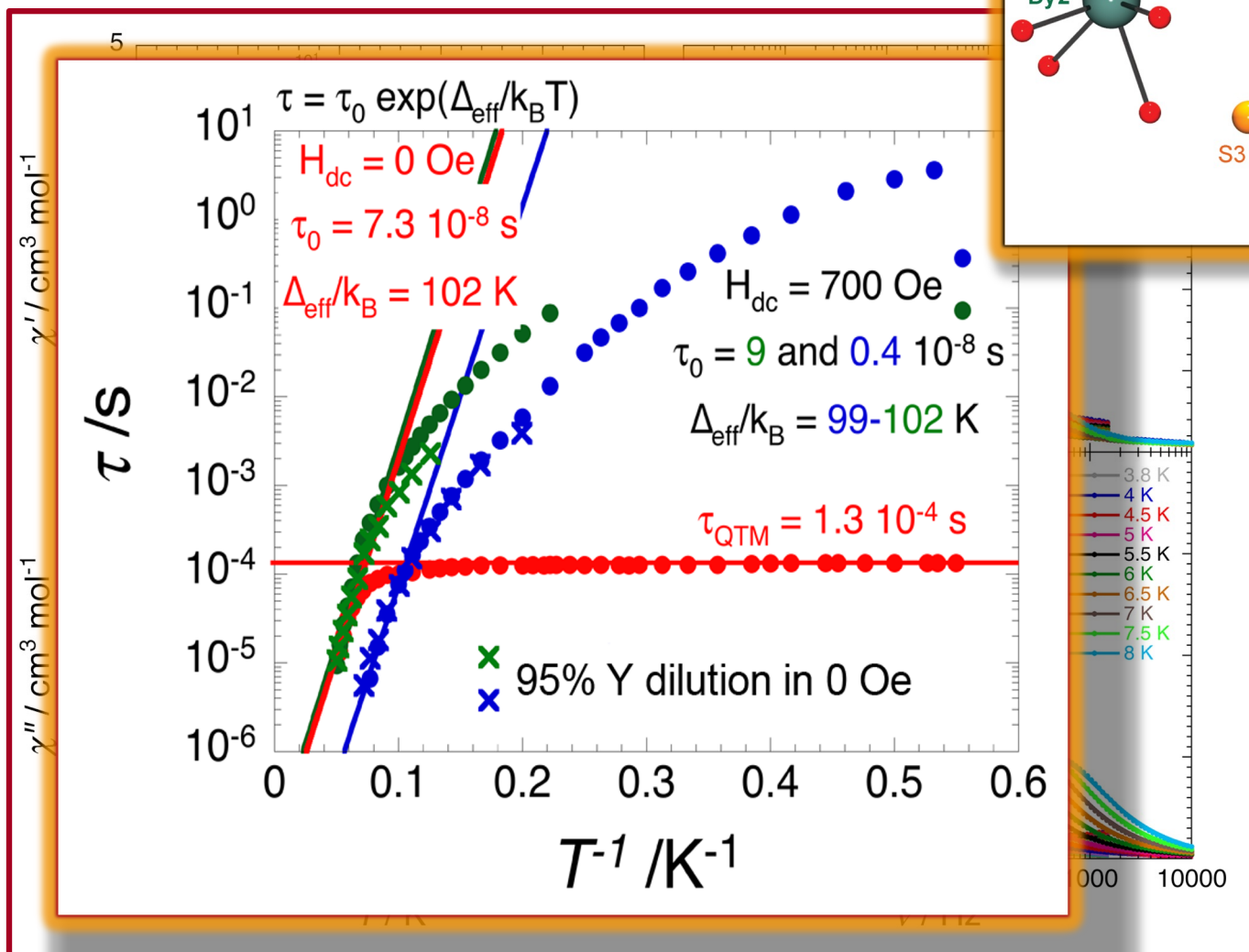
# boaDTDA - Dy(III) dimers



# boaDTDA - Dy(III) dimers



# boaDTDA - Dy(III) dimers

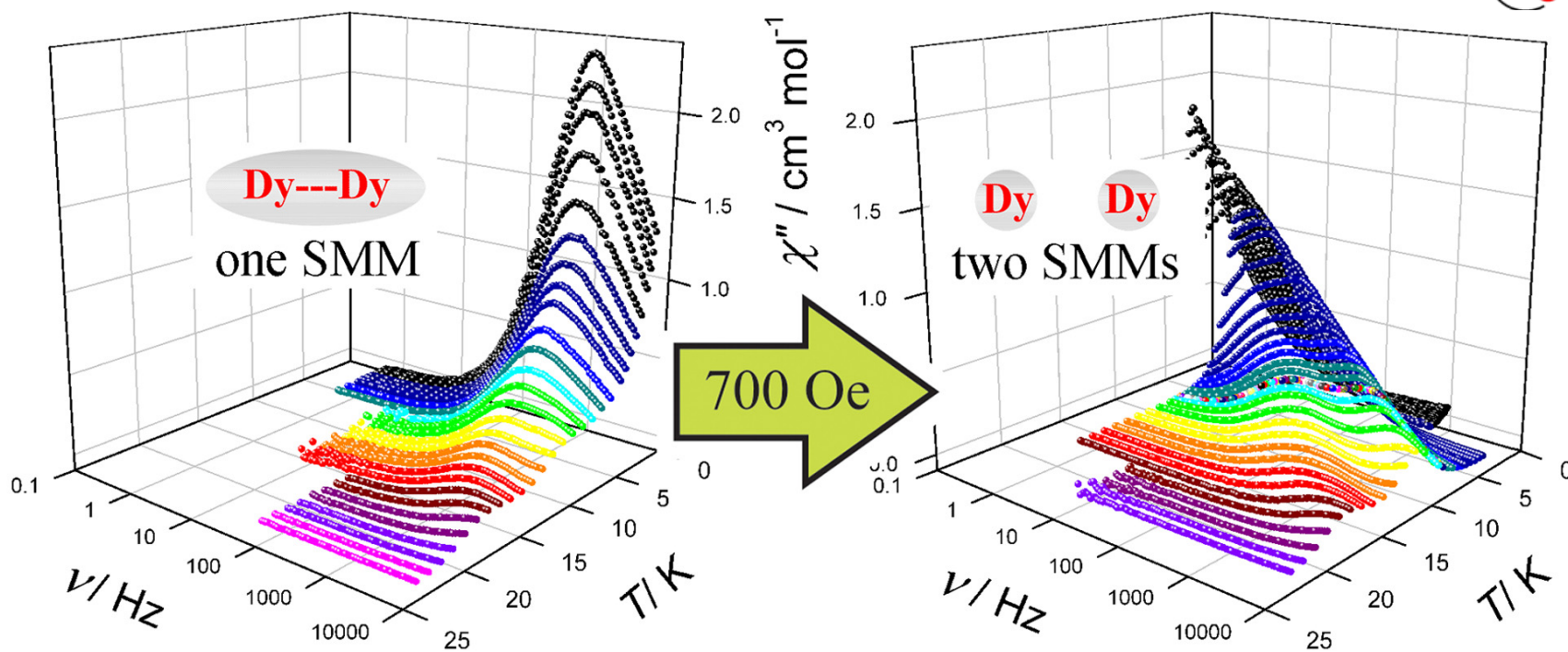
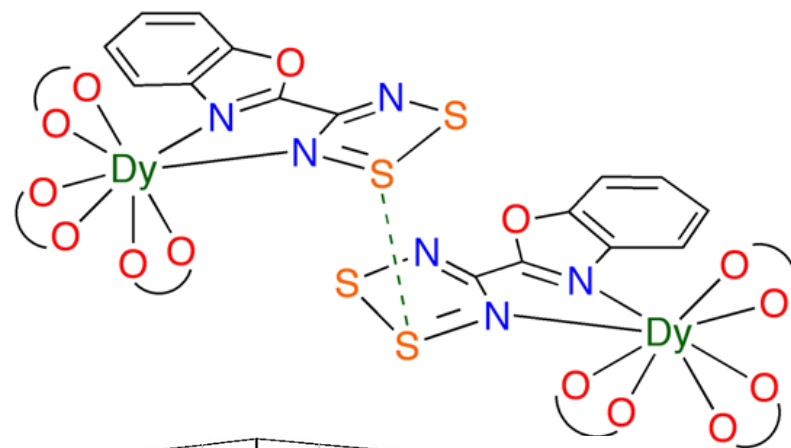


5% Dy in 95% Y

## boaDTDA - Dy(III) dimers

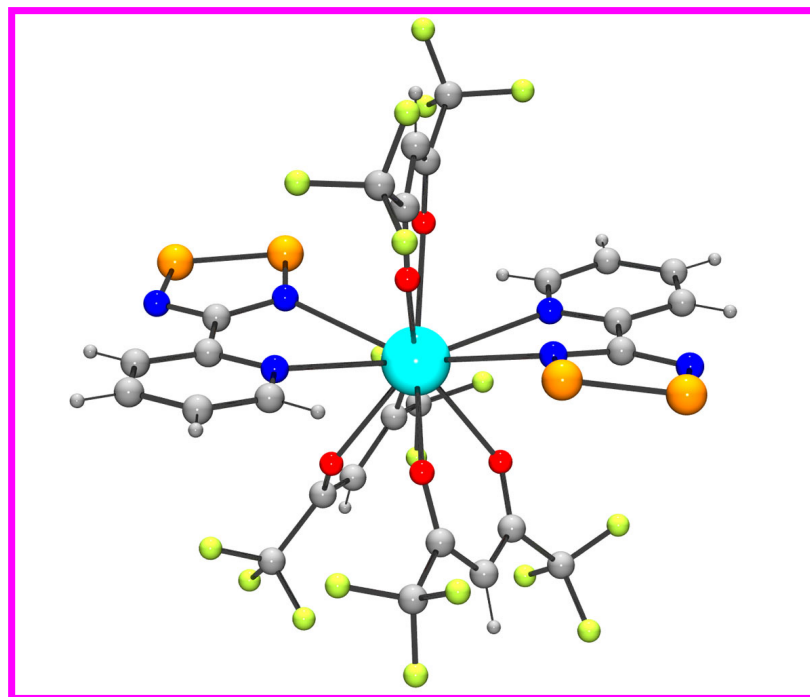
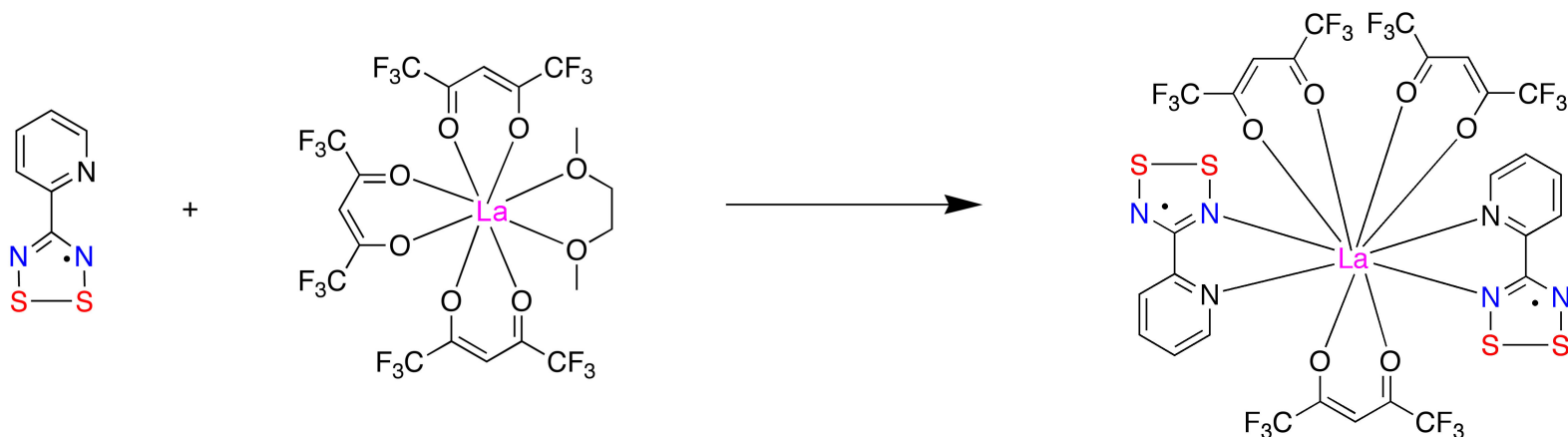
Dy(III) ions are crystallographically unique

Weakly AF coupled!

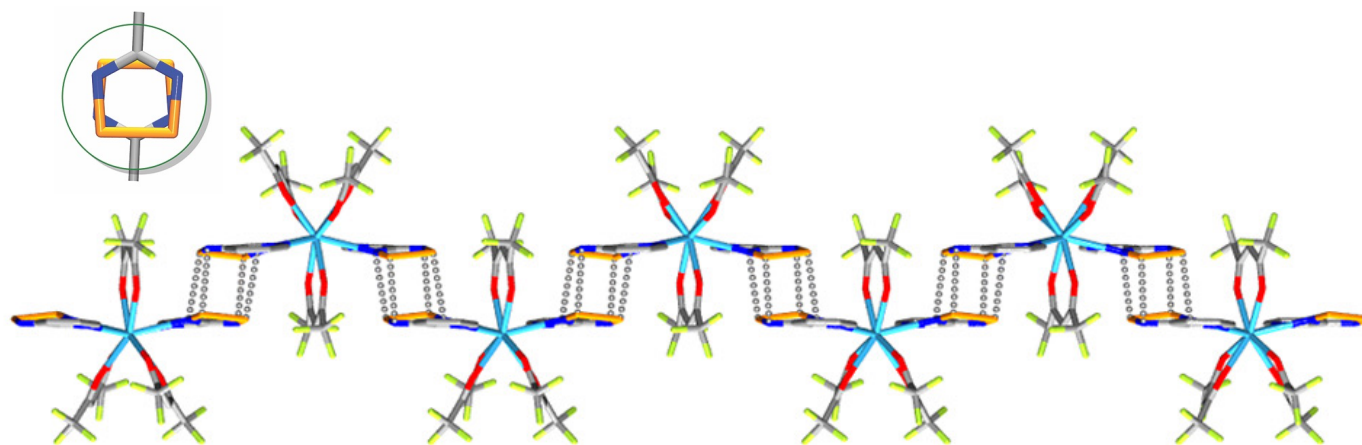
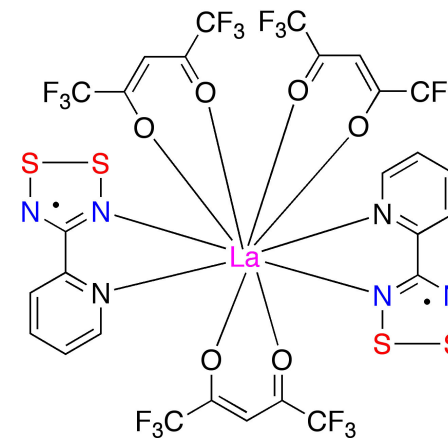


# Re-entrant Phase Transition

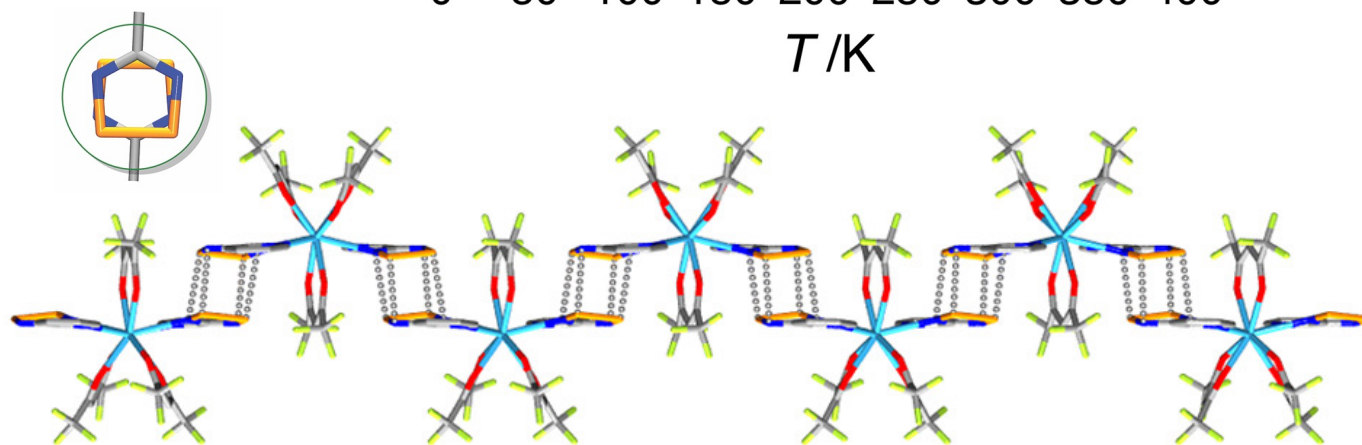
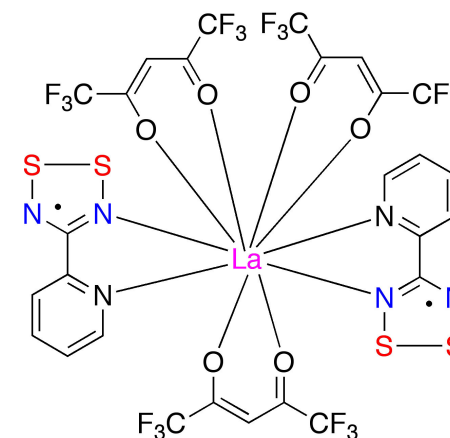
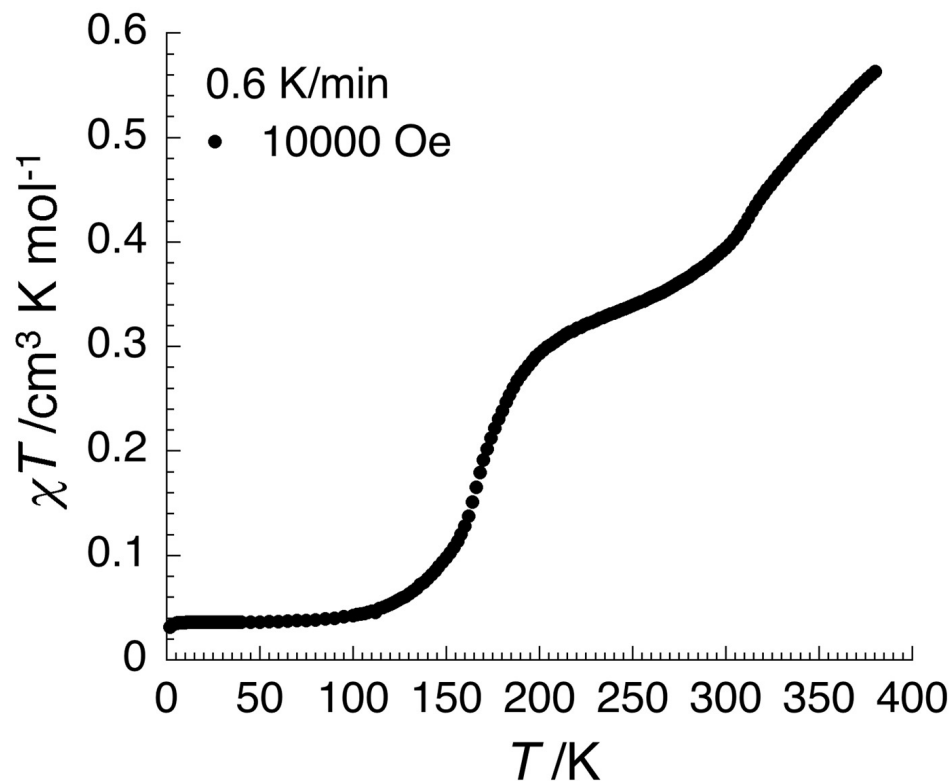
2



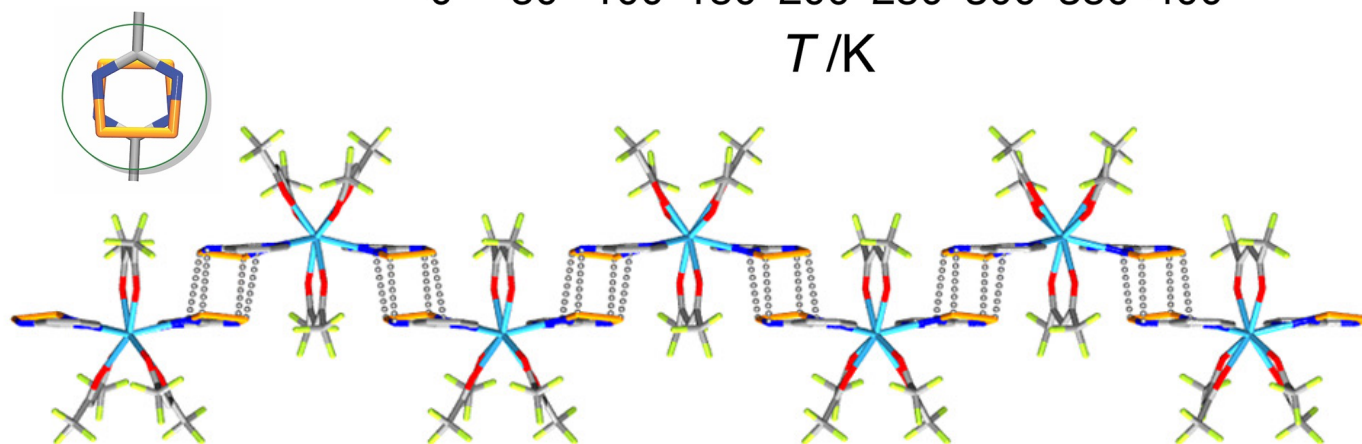
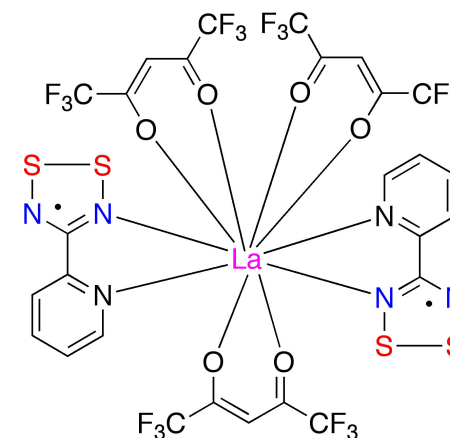
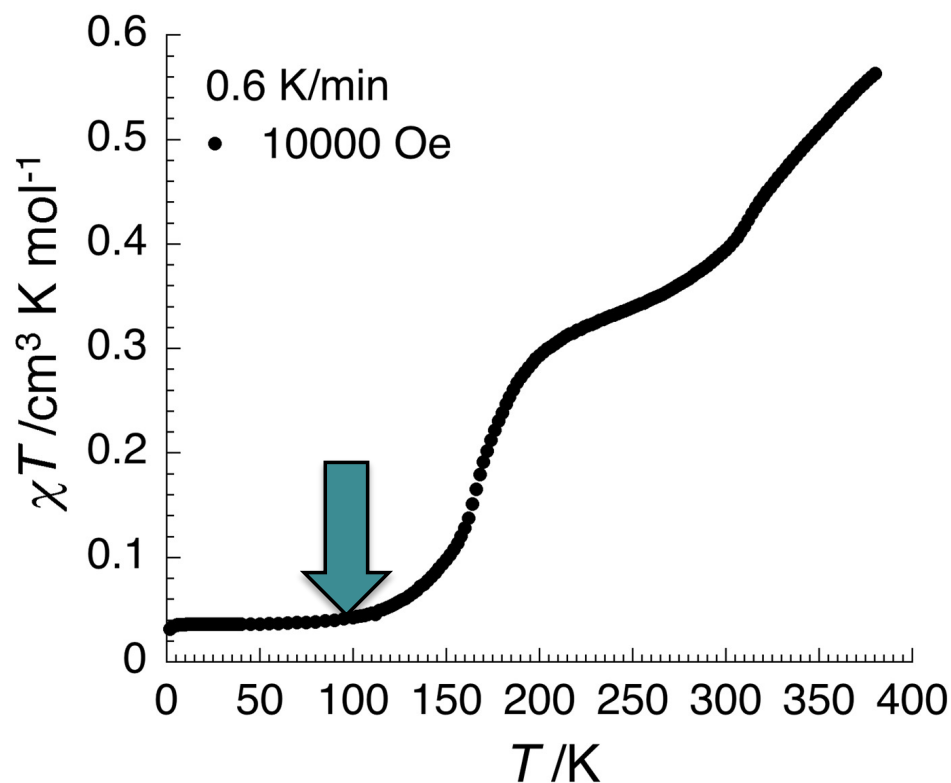
# Re-entrant Phase Transition



# Re-entrant Phase Transition



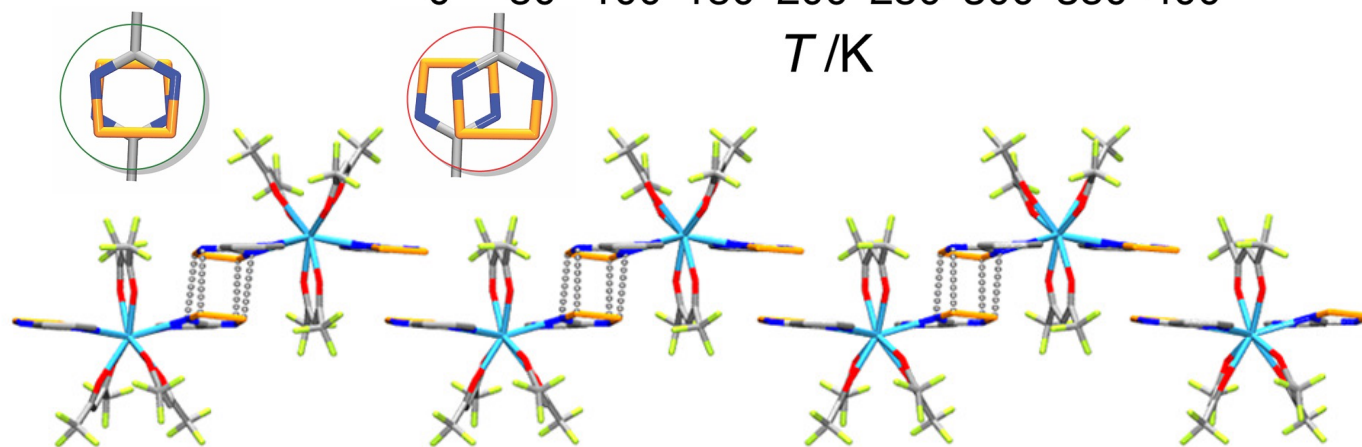
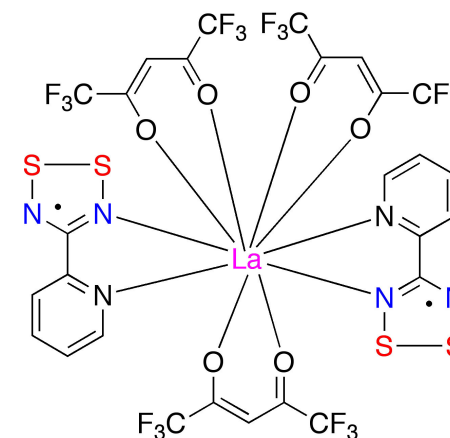
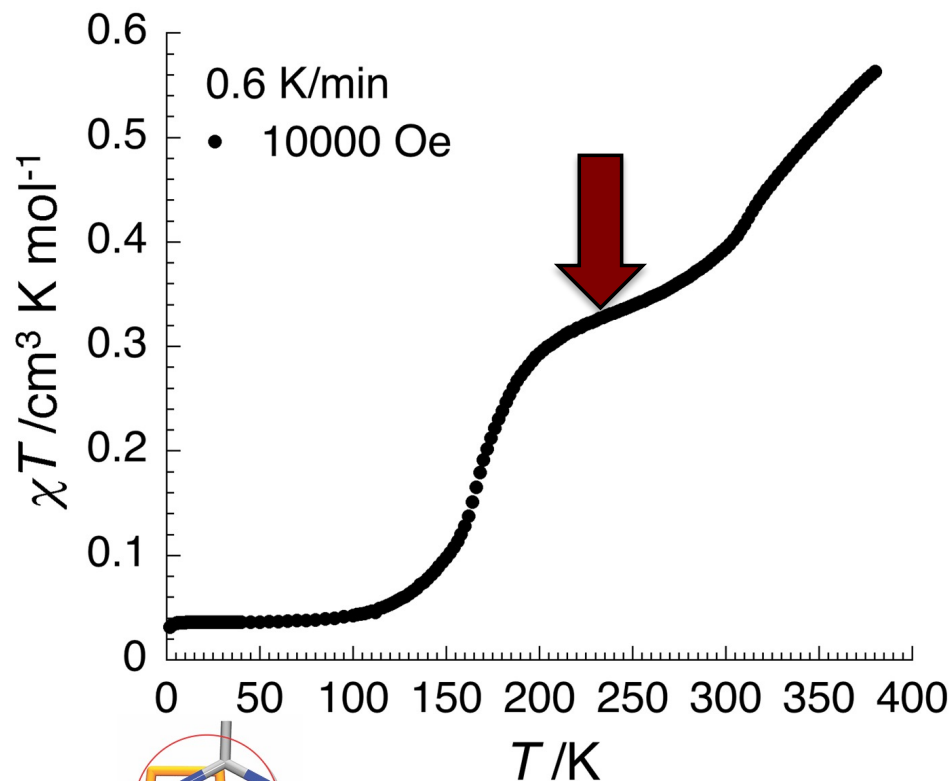
# Re-entrant Phase Transition



C2/c

100 K

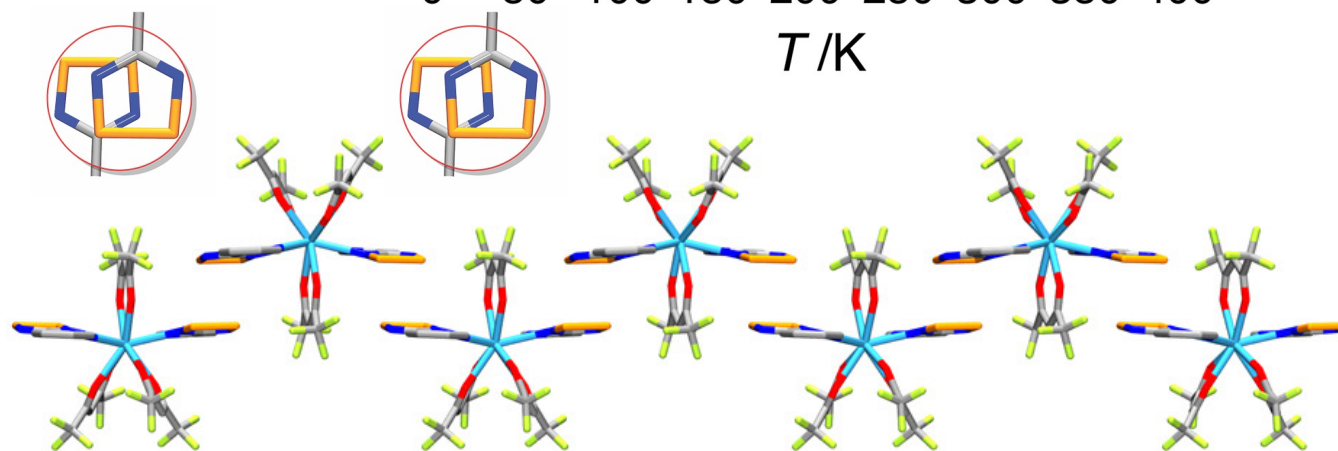
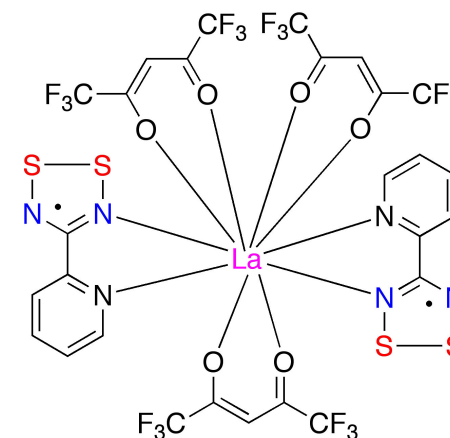
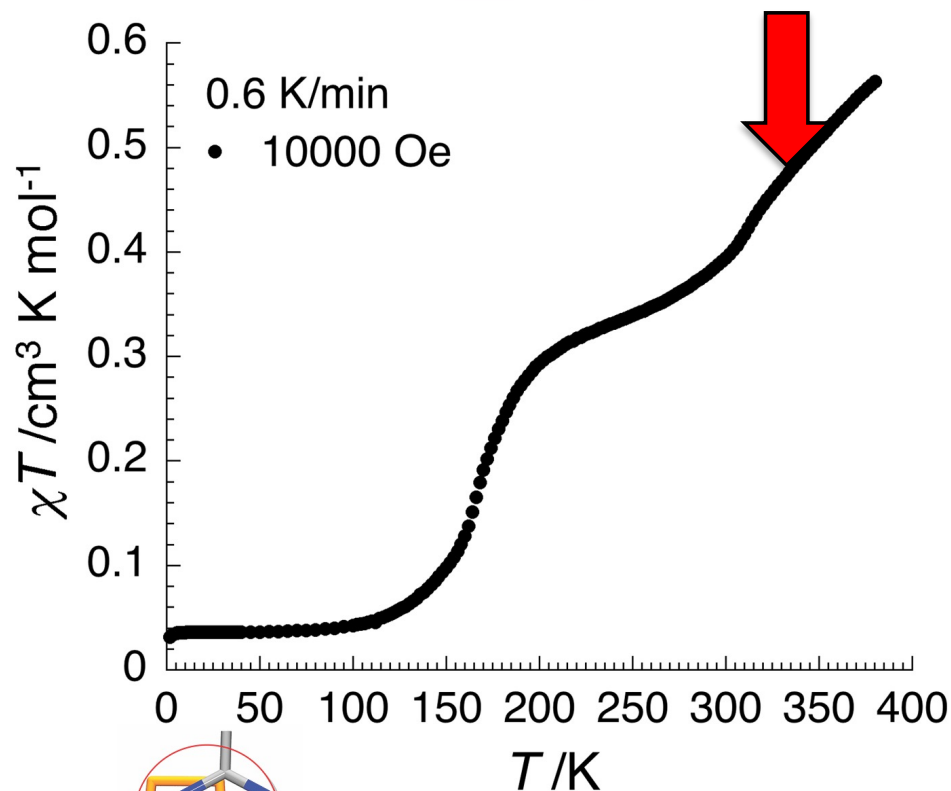
# Re-entrant Phase Transition



P-1

225 K

# Re-entrant Phase Transition



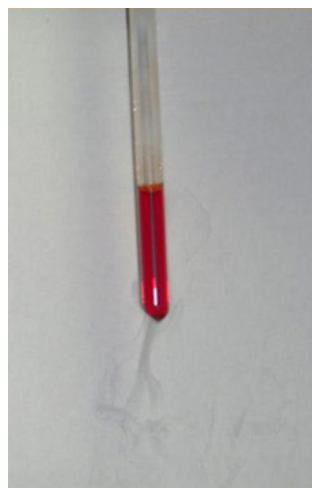
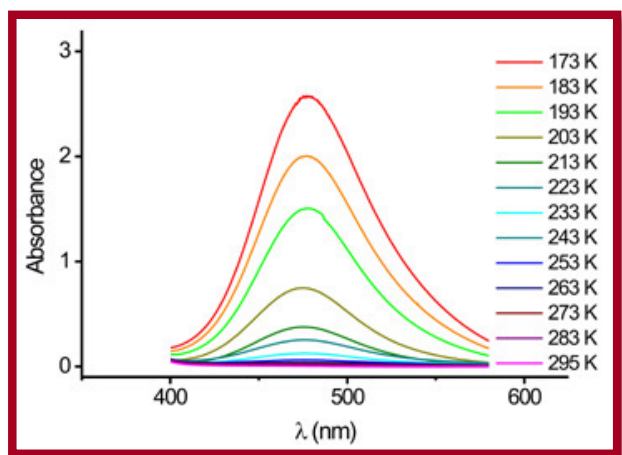
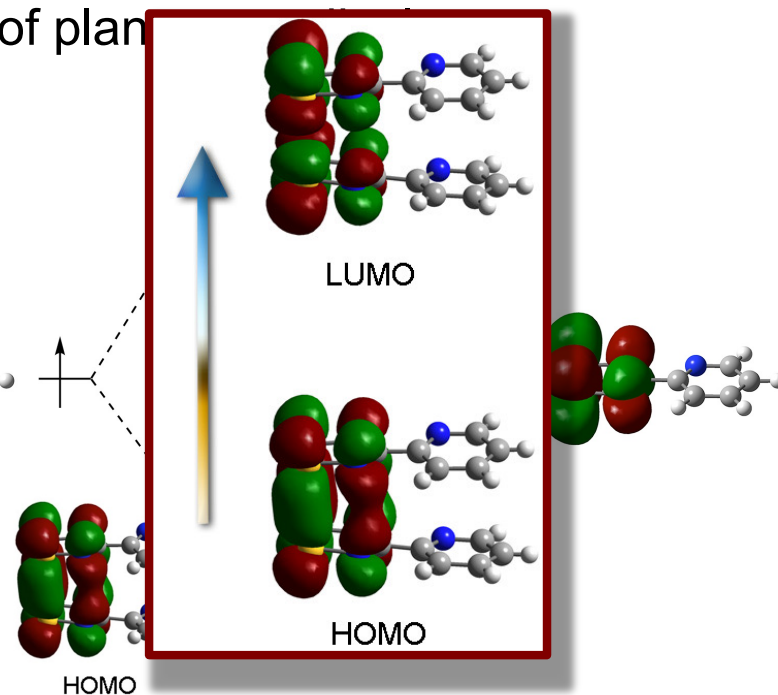
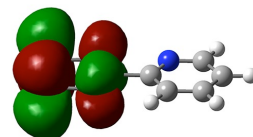
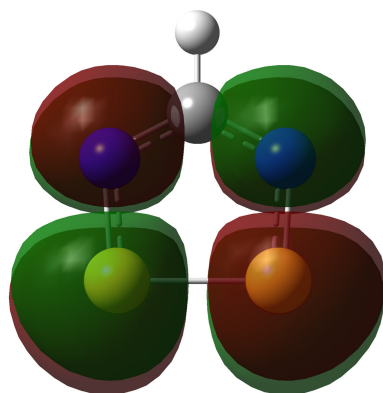
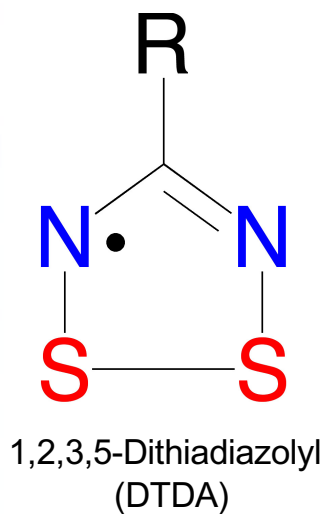
$C2/c$

340 K

## 1,2,3,5-DTDA Pancake Bonding

CHANGING LIVES  
IMPROVING LIFE

Pair-wise co-facial association of planar



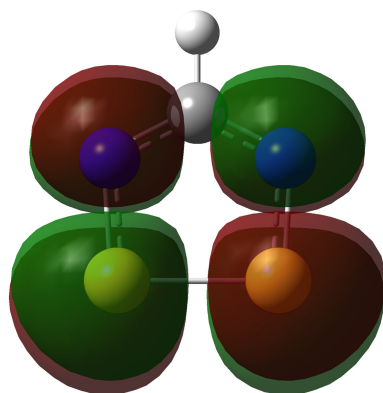
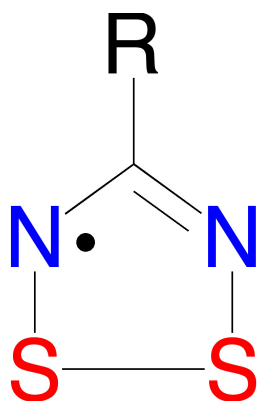
**DIAMAGNETIC**  
DIMERS  
In dilute solution  
LT

Pancake bonds  
reformed

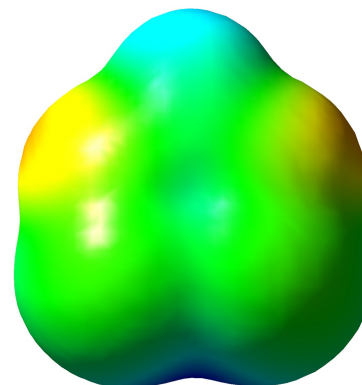


# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Electrostatics

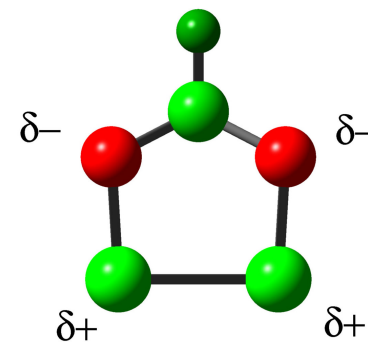
Sigma-hole type feature & partial charge distribution



SOMO



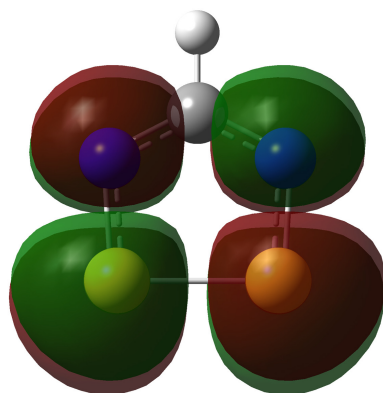
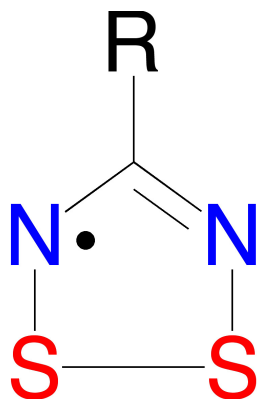
ESP Surface



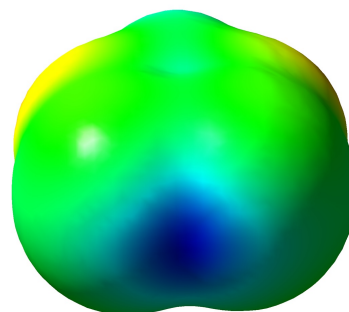
Charge Distribution

# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Electrostatics

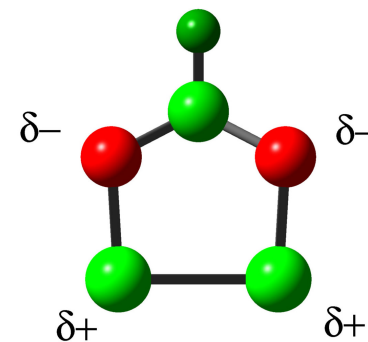
Sigma-hole type feature & partial charge distribution



SOMO



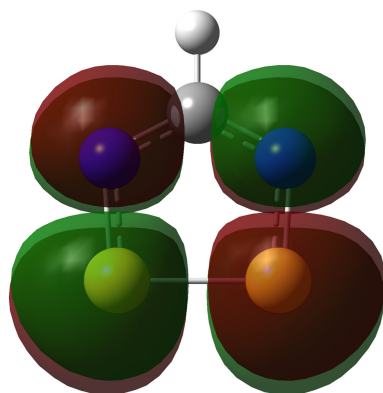
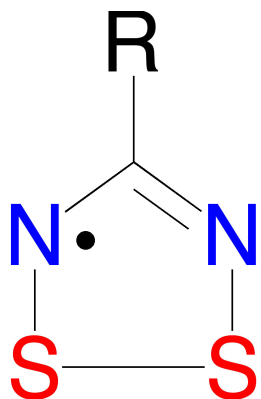
ESP Surface



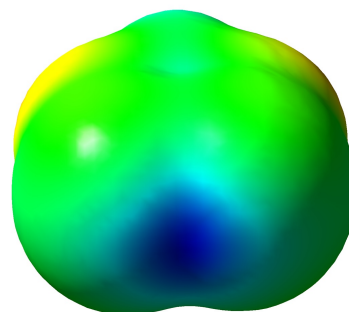
Charge Distribution

# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Electrostatics

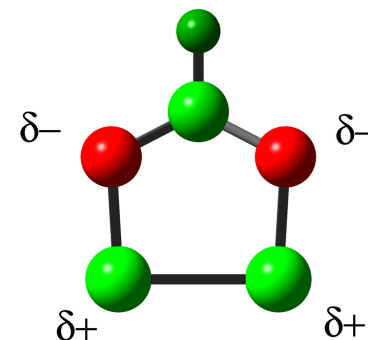
Sigma-hole type feature & partial charge distribution



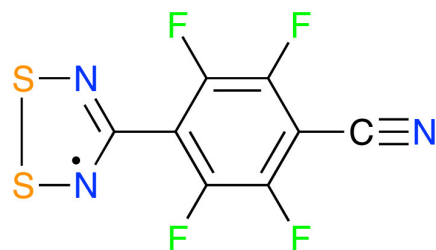
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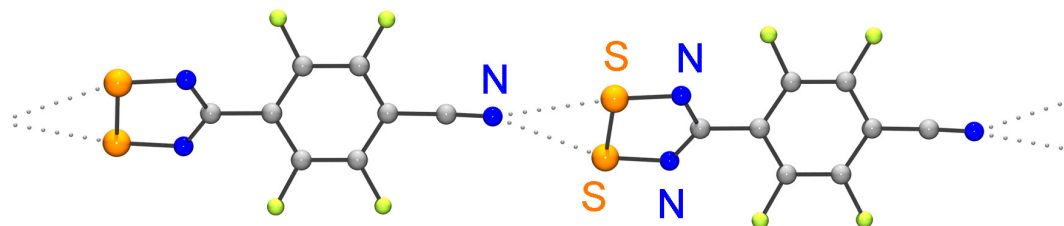
ESP Surface



Charge Distribution



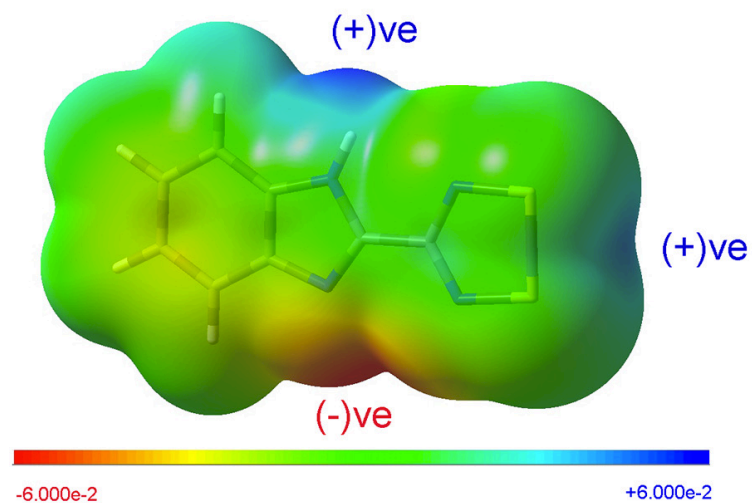
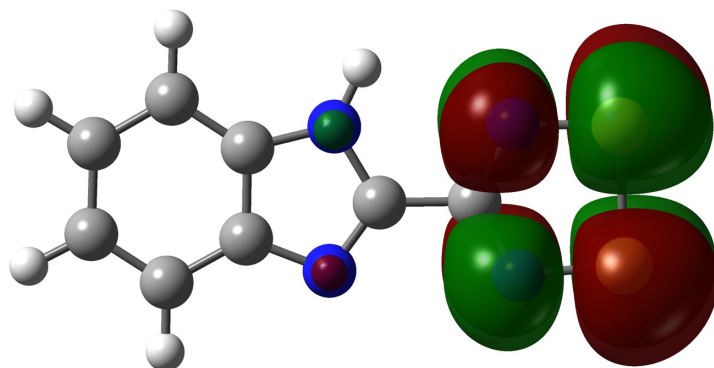
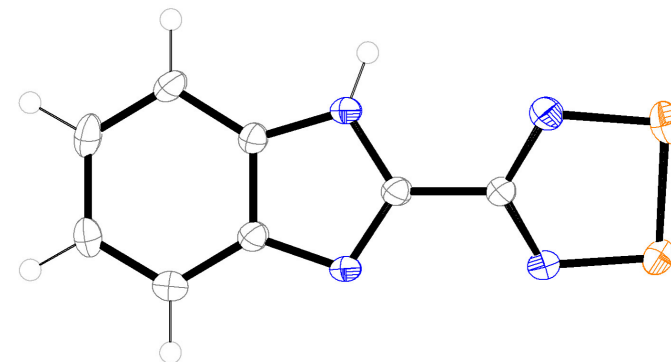
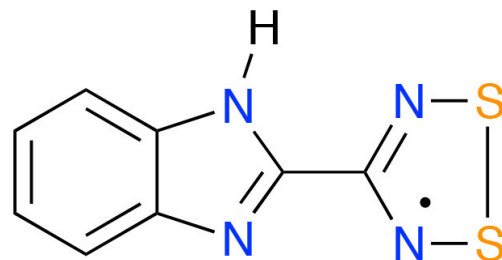
Electrostatic Contacts



# HbimDTDA: MO & ESP

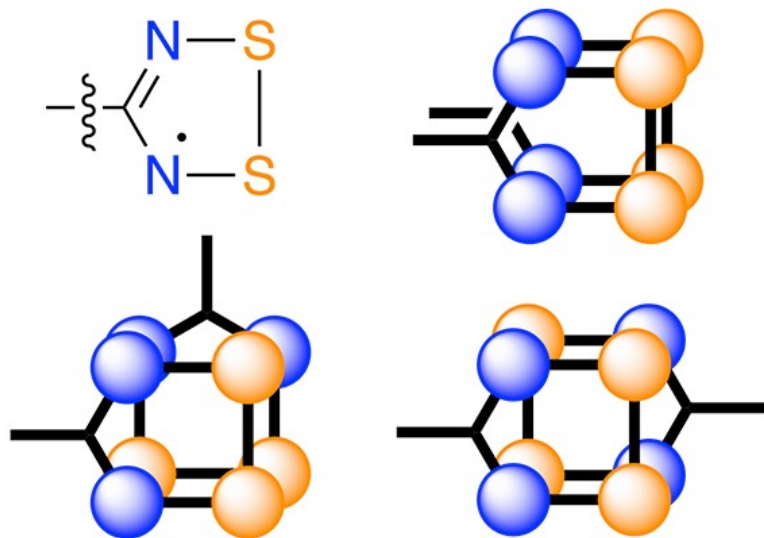
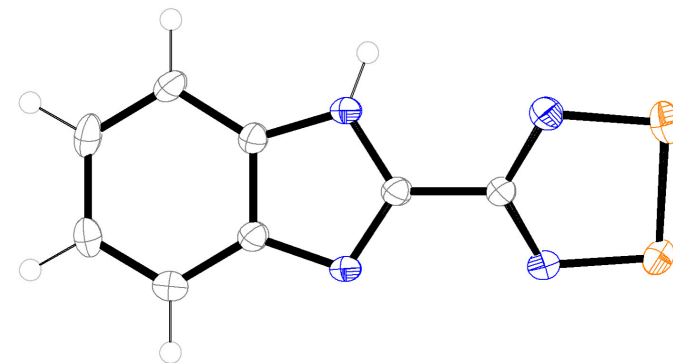
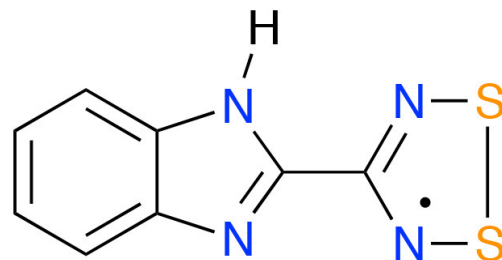
CHANGING LIVES  
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## HbimDTDA

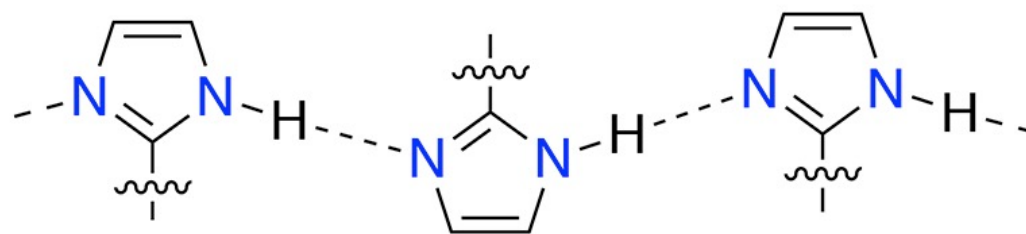


# HbimDTDA: Pancake vs. H-bond

HbimDTDA



pancake bonded

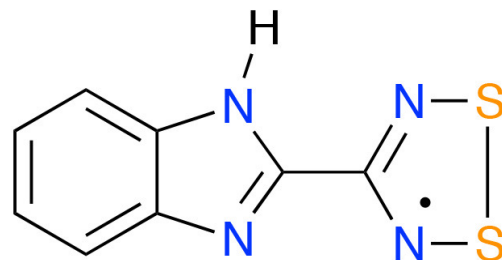


H-bonded imidazole chain structure

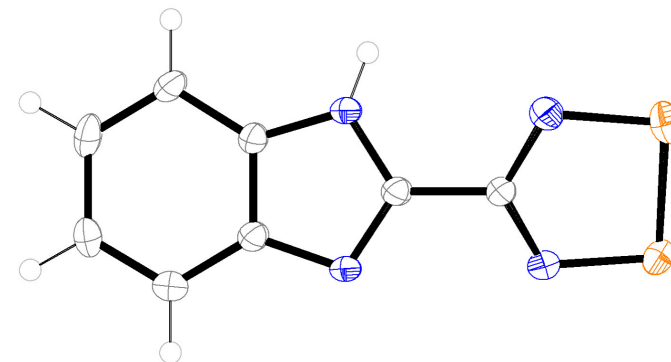
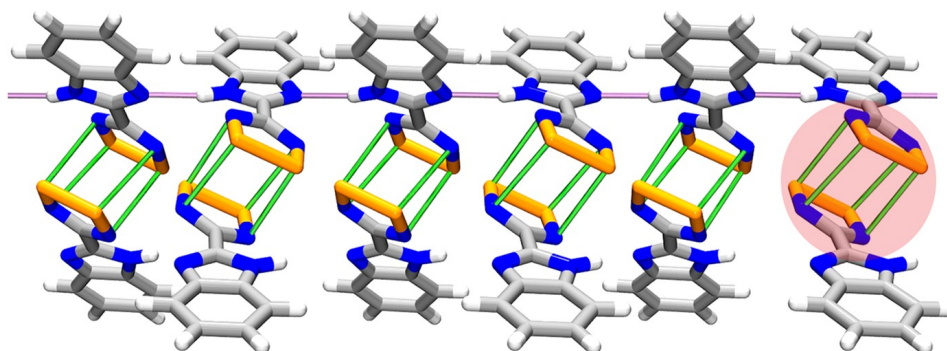
# HbimDTDA: 100 K structure

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## HbimDTDA



100 K

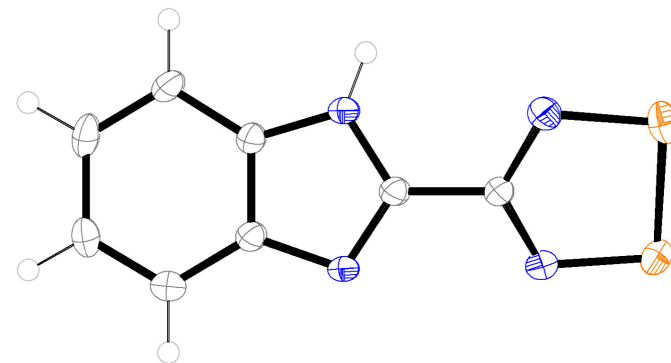
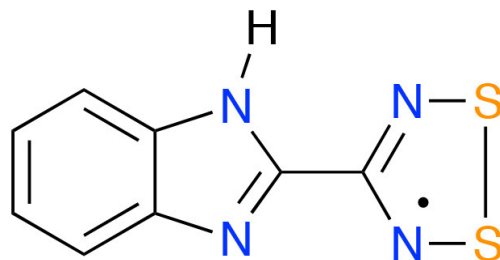


Pancake bonds  
&  
H-bonds

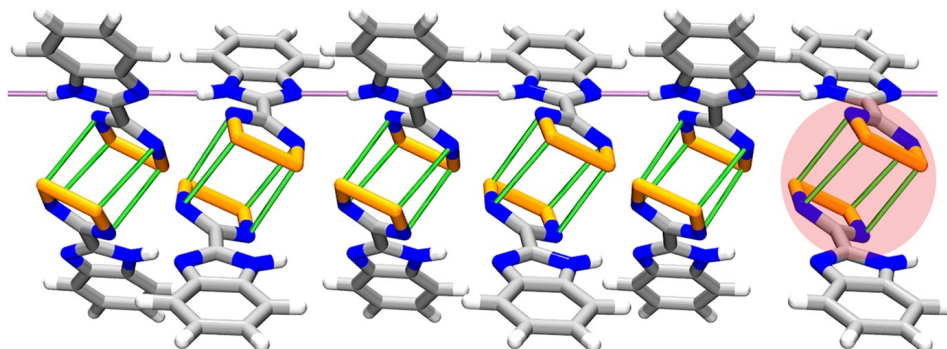
# HbimDTDA: 340 K structure

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## HbimDTDA

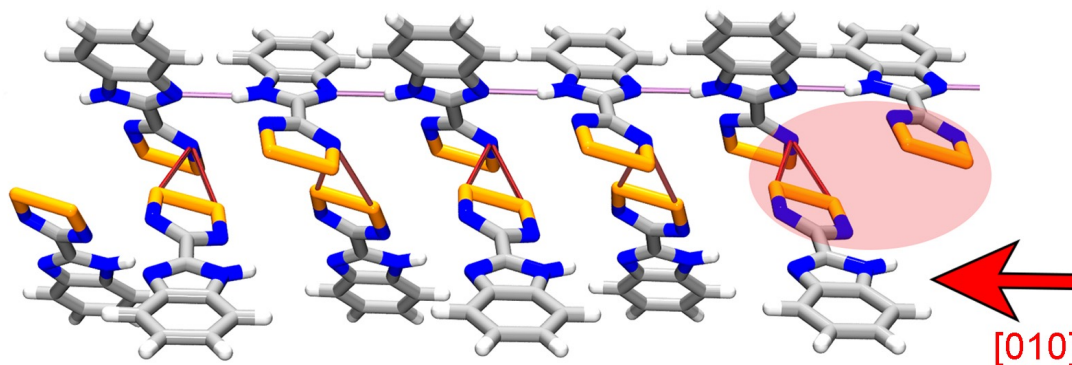


100 K



Pancake bonds  
&  
H-bonds

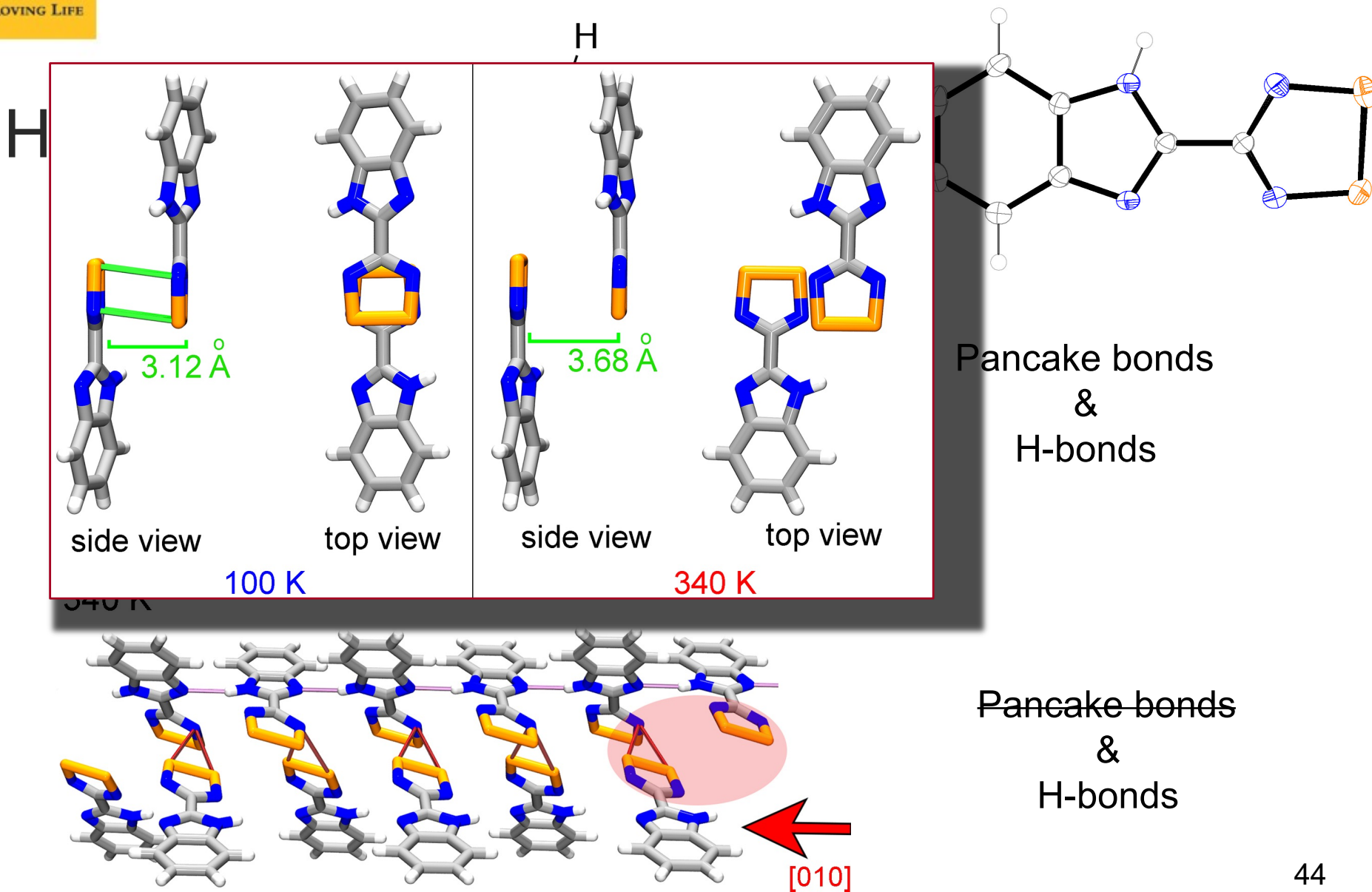
340 K



Pancake bonds  
&  
H-bonds

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# HbimDTDA: Pancake Bonding

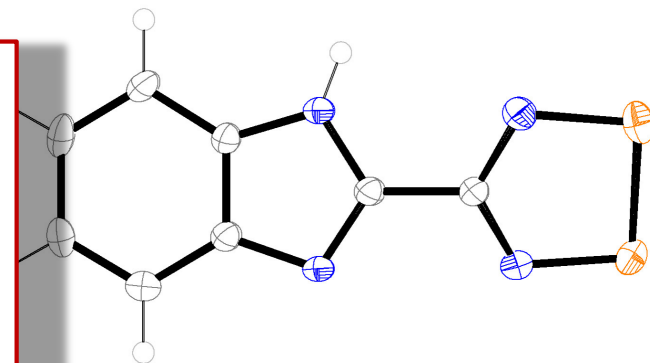
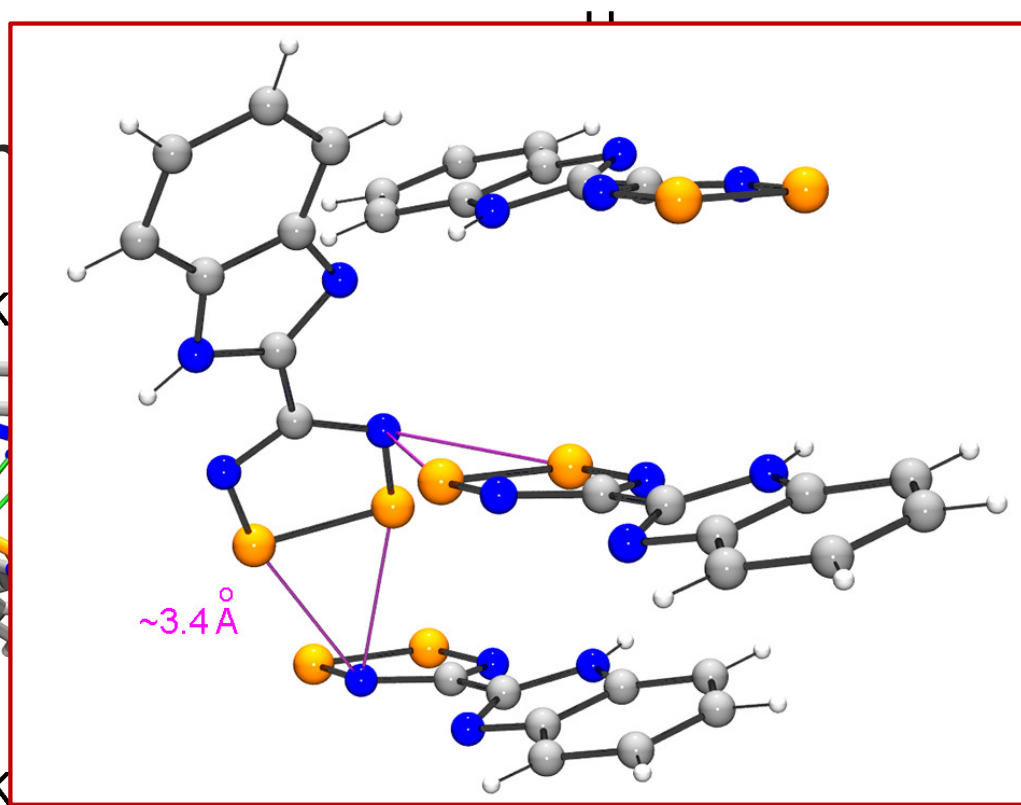
CHANGING LIVES  
IMPROVING LIFE

# HbimDTDA: Sigma-hole bonding

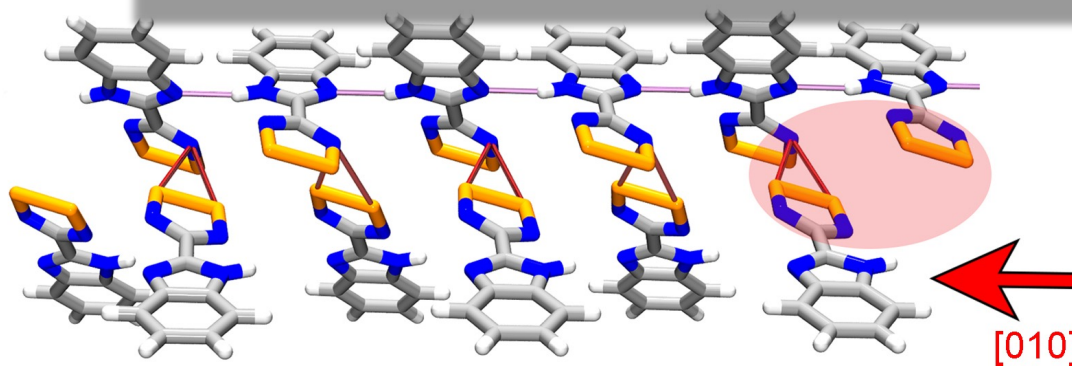
Hbim

100 K

340 K



Pancake bonds  
&  
H-bonds

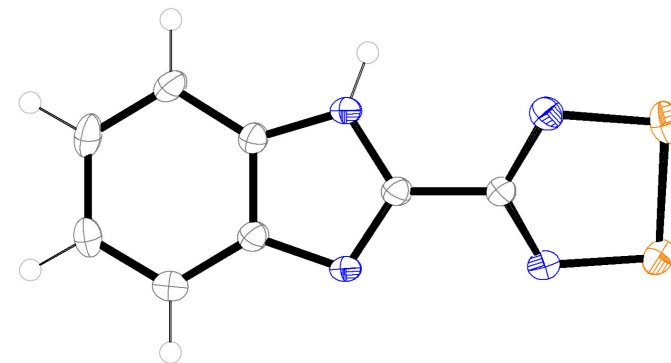
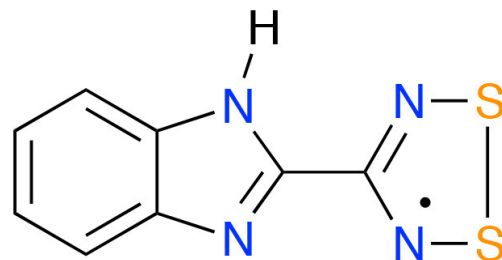


Sigma-hole bonds  
&  
H-bonds

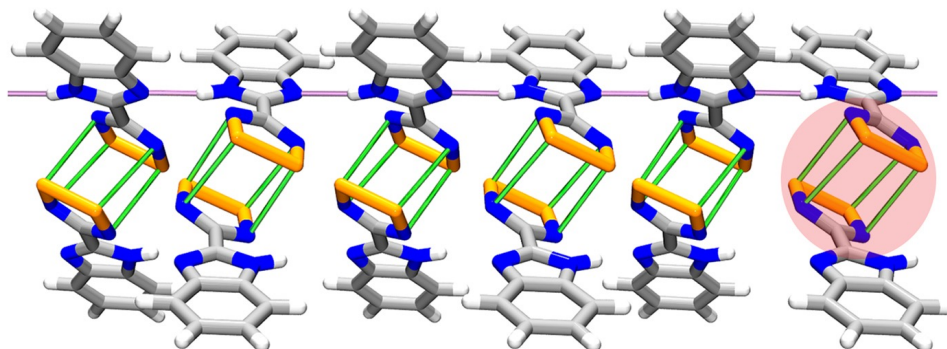
## HbimDTDA: PXRD

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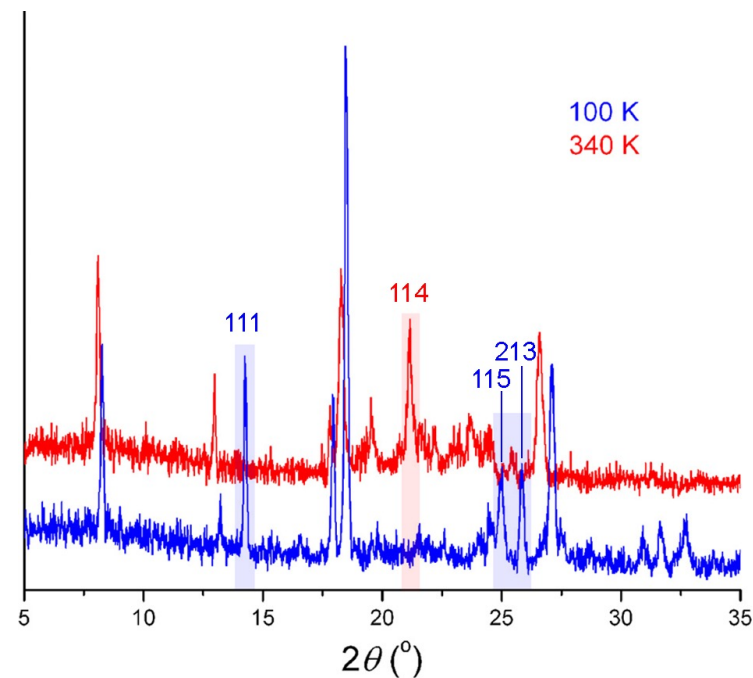
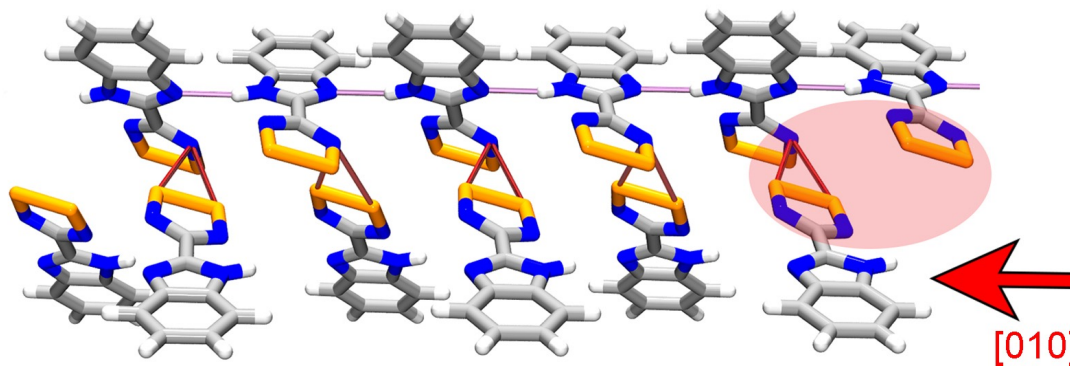
HbimDTDA



100 K



340 K



46

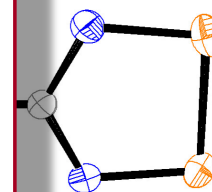
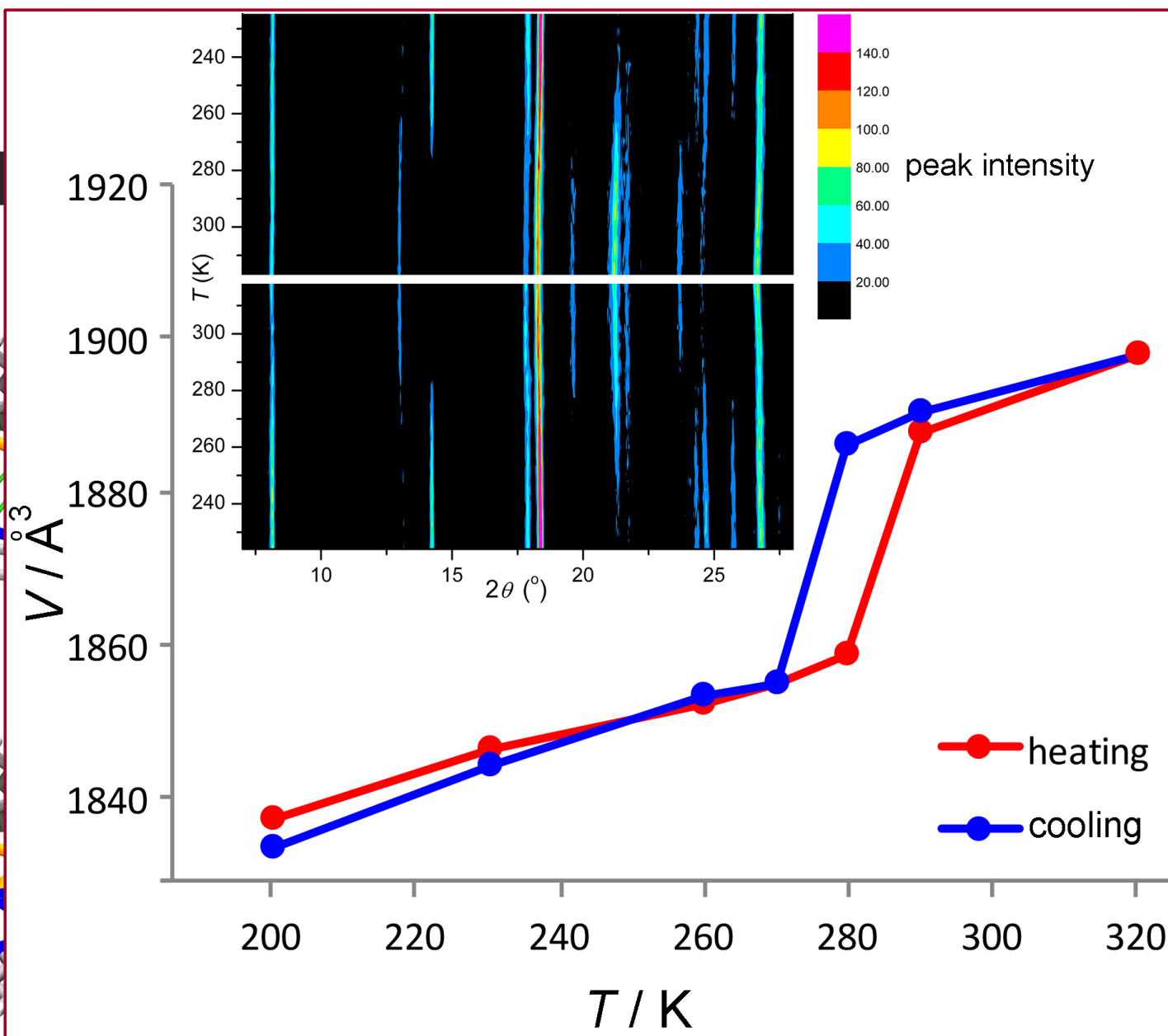
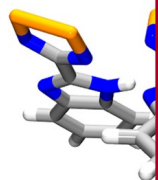
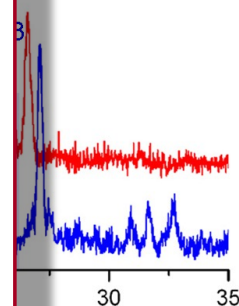
## HbimDTDA: PXRD ...hysteresis!

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HbimDTDA

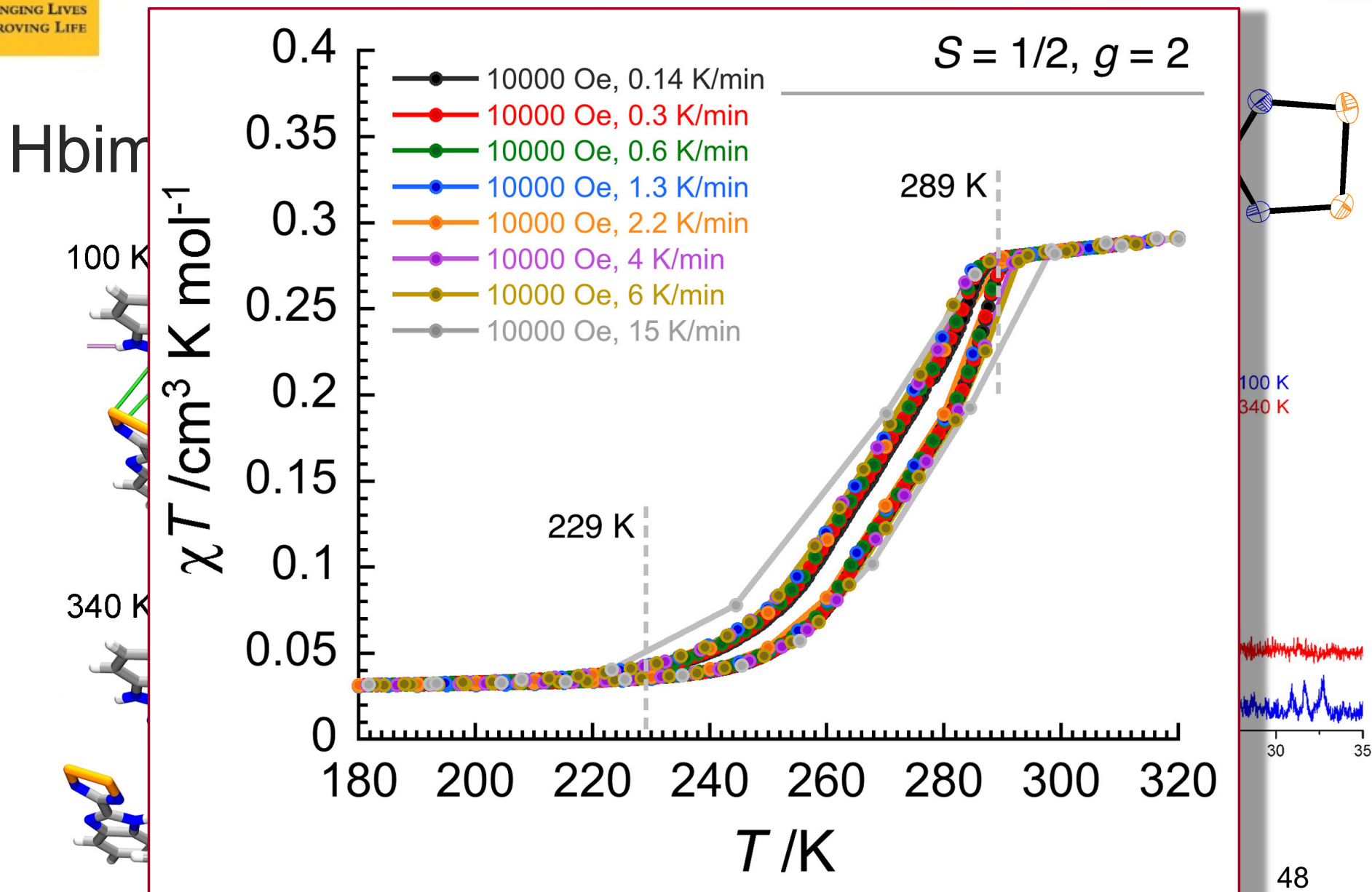
100 K

340 K

100 K  
340 K

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## HbimDTDA: Magnetic hysteresis

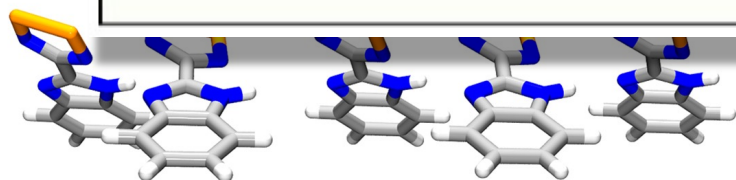
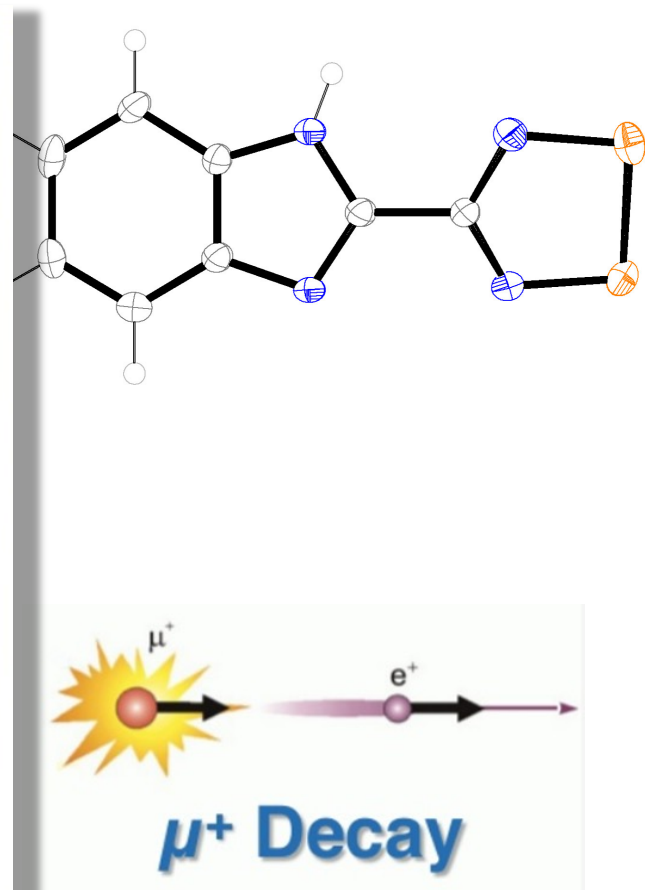
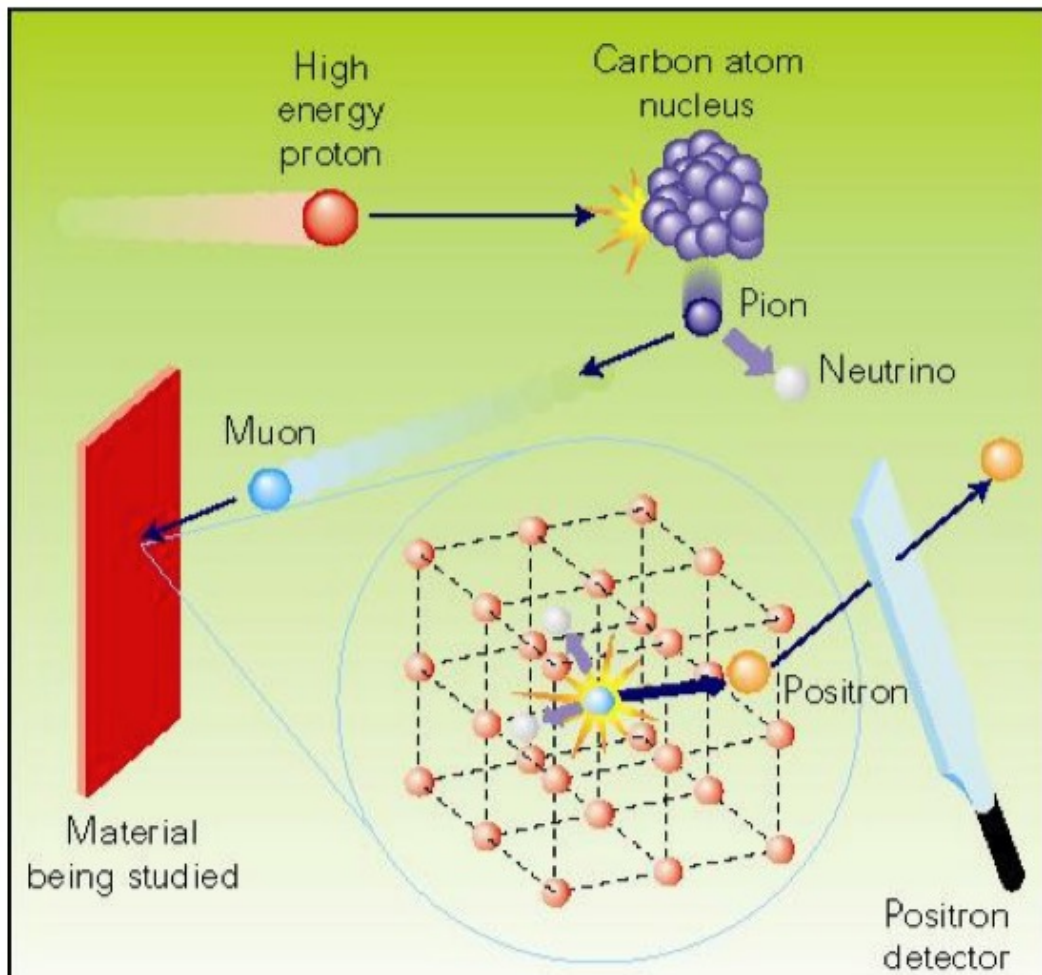


# HbimDTDA: $\mu^+$ SR

Hbir

100

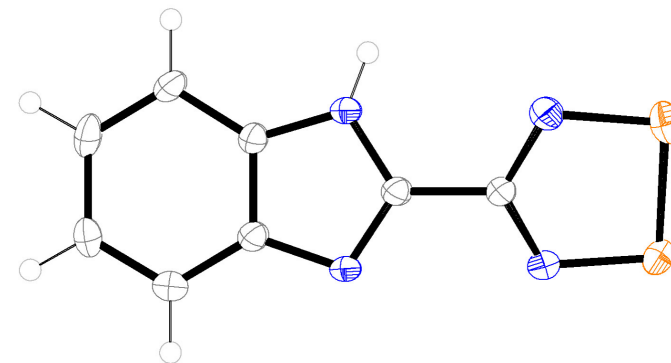
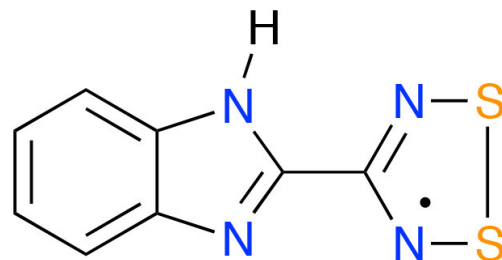
340



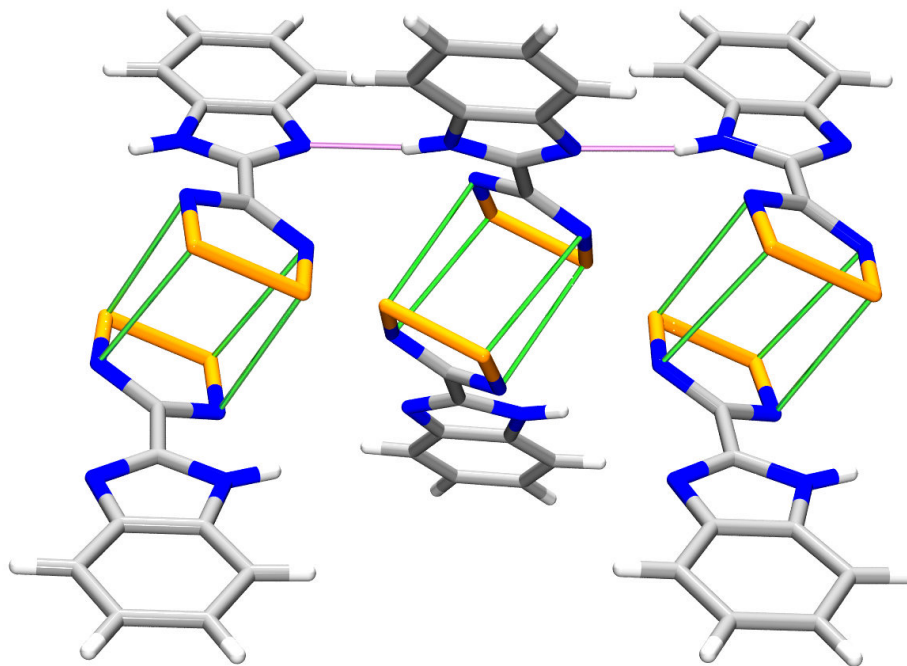
$$A(t) = A_r e^{-(\lambda t)^\beta} + A_b$$

[010]

HbimDTDA

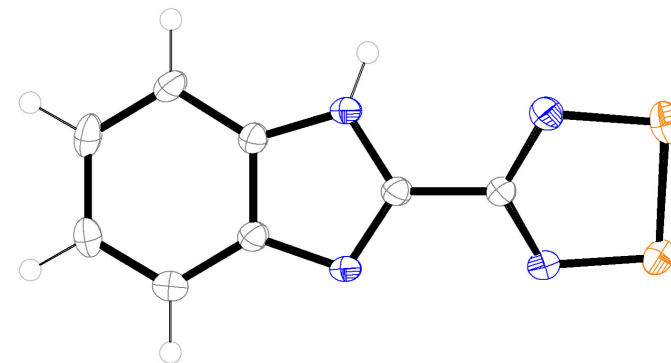
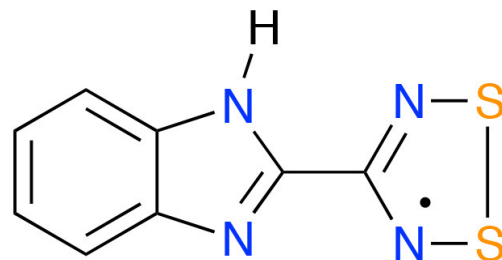


100 K

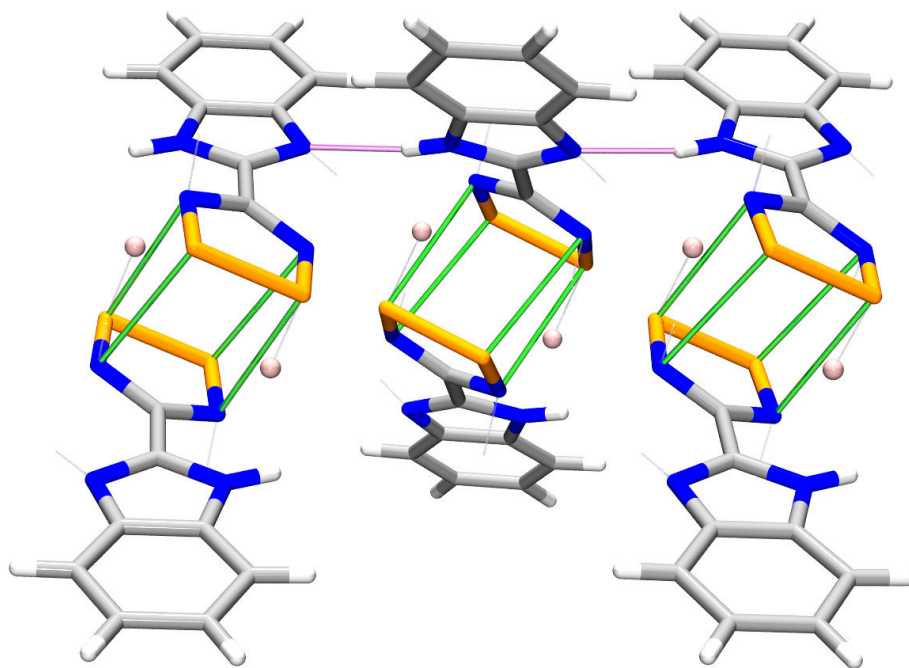
Where are the muons?

DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ + $\mu$

HbimDTDA



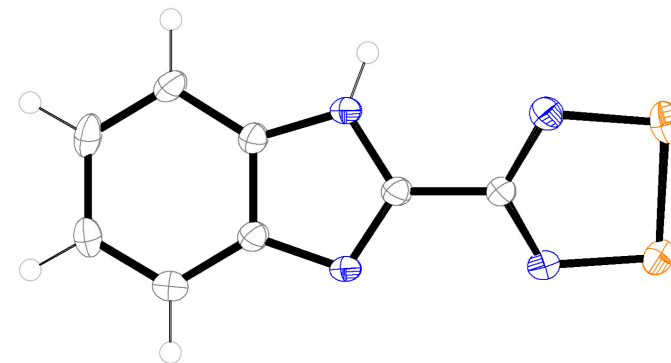
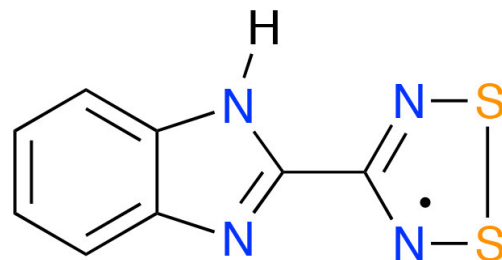
100 K

Where are the muons?

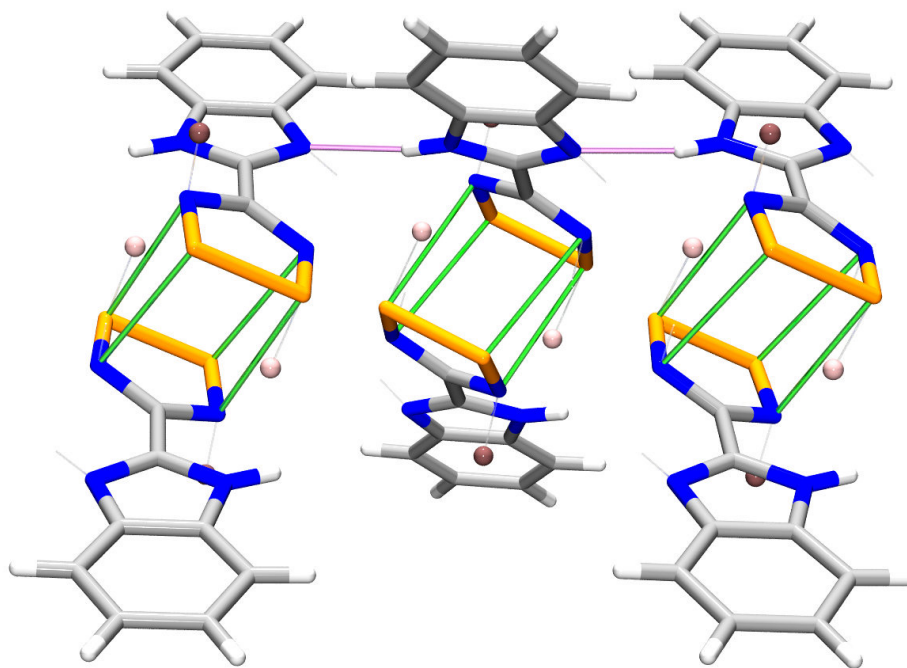
DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +mu

site 1

HbimDTDA



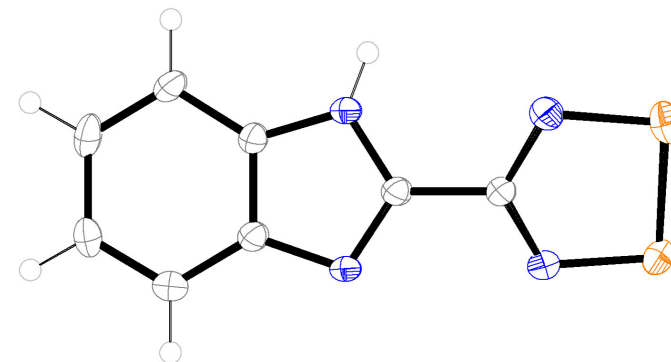
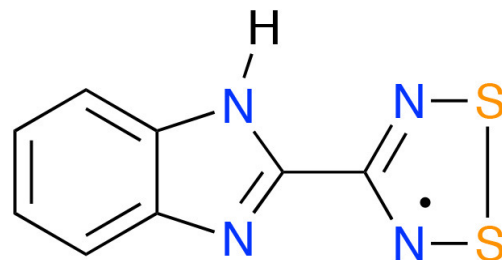
100 K

Where are the muons?

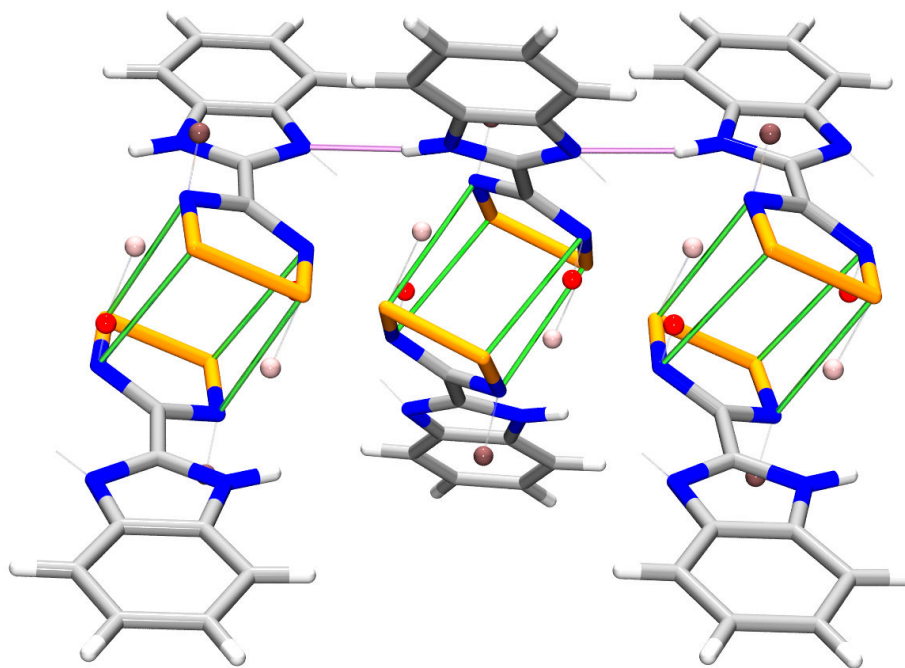
DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +mu

site 1  
site 2

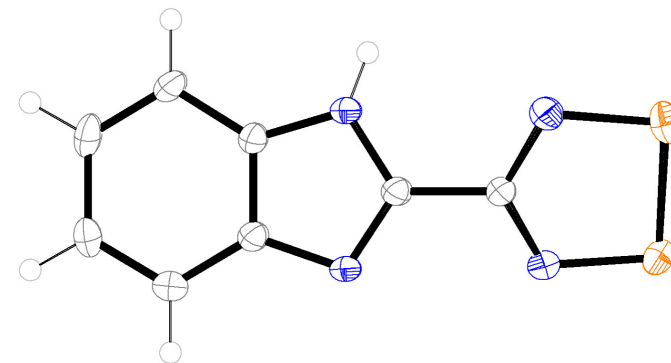
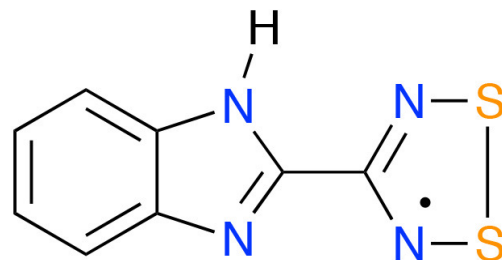
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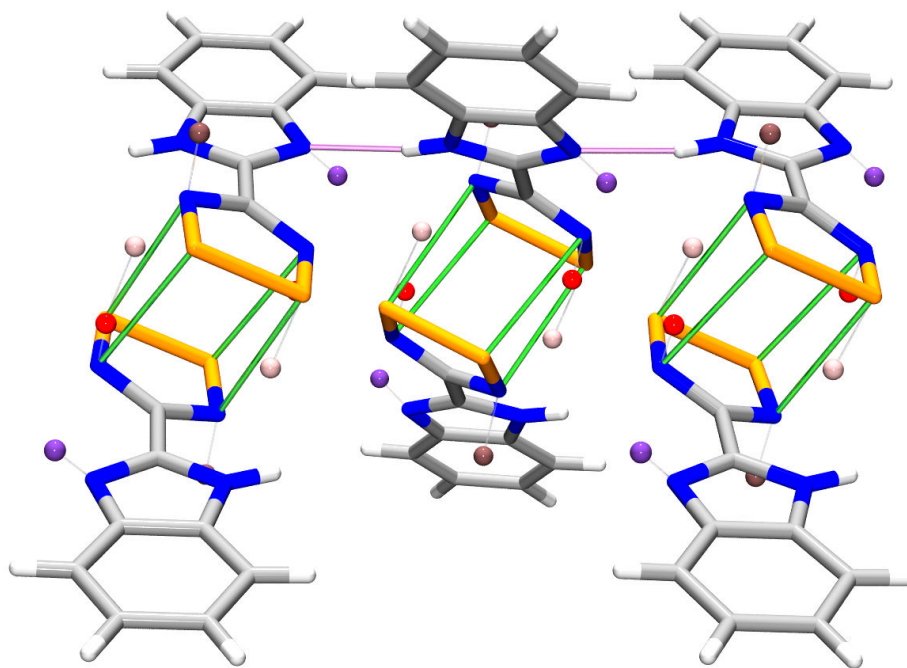
100 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +musite 1  
site 2  
site 3

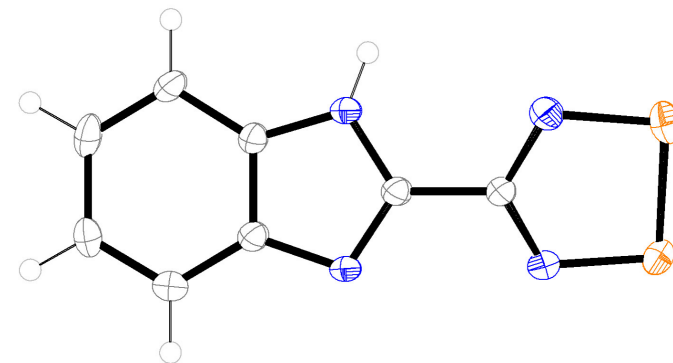
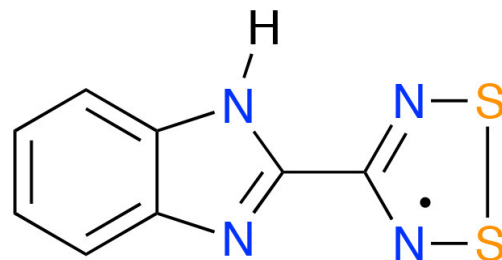
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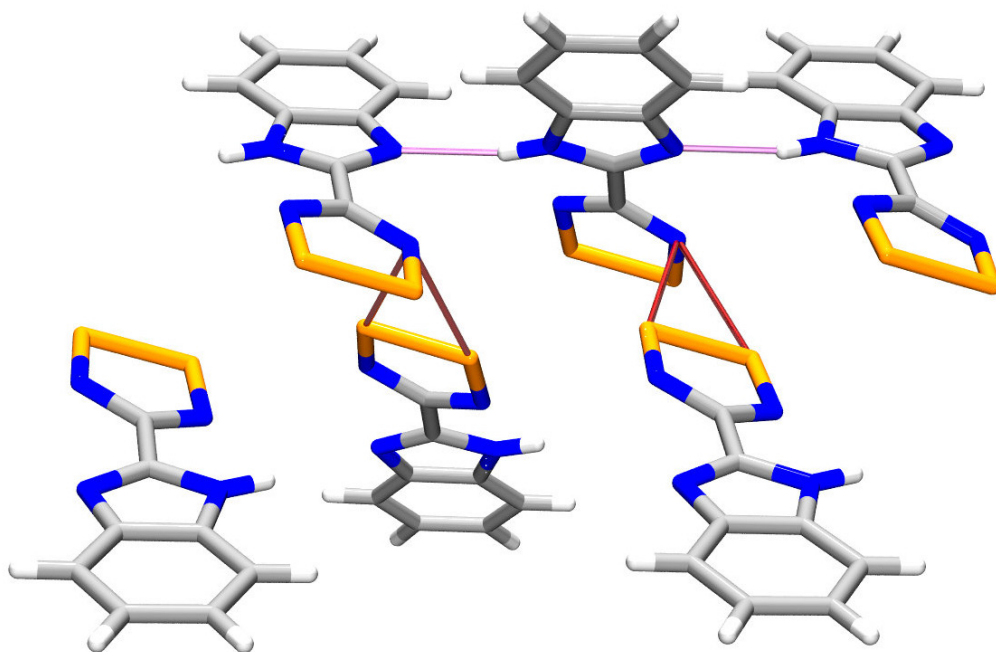
100 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +musite 1  
site 2  
site 3  
site 4

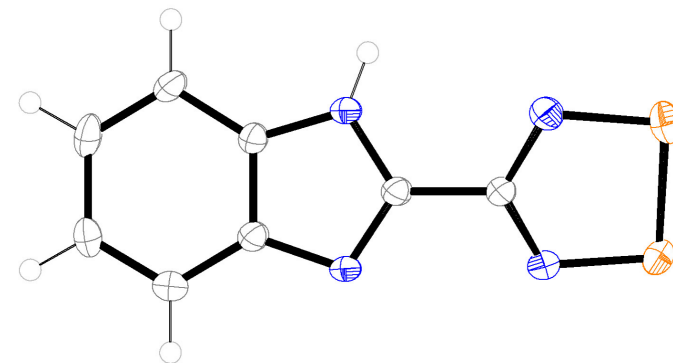
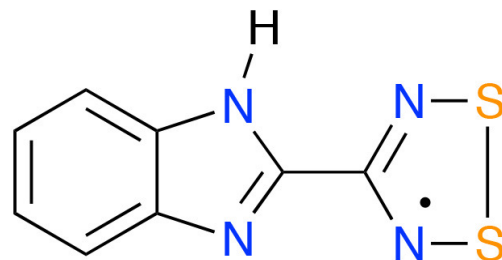
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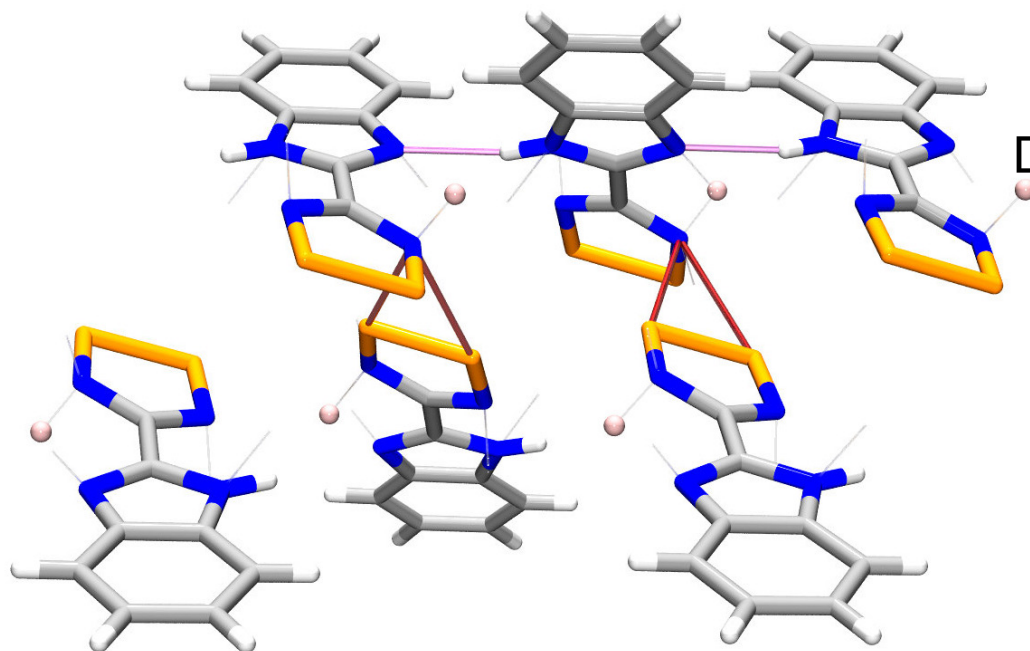
340 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +mu

HbimDTDA

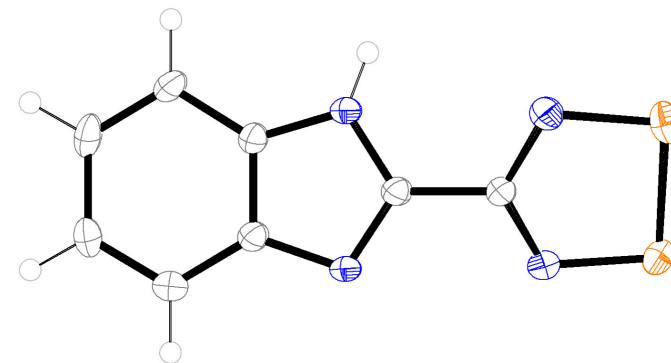
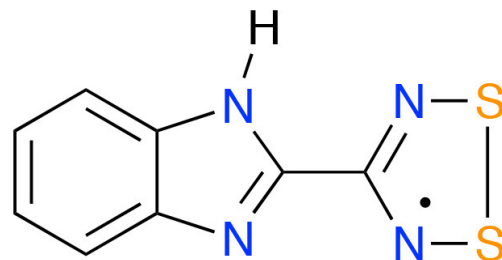


340 K

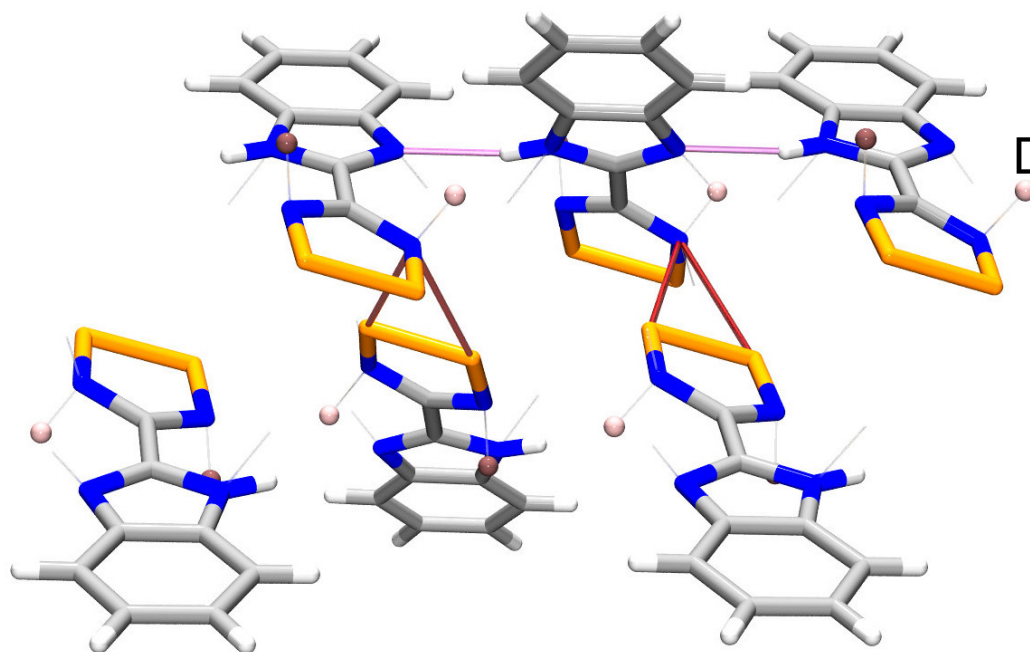
Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +mu

site 1

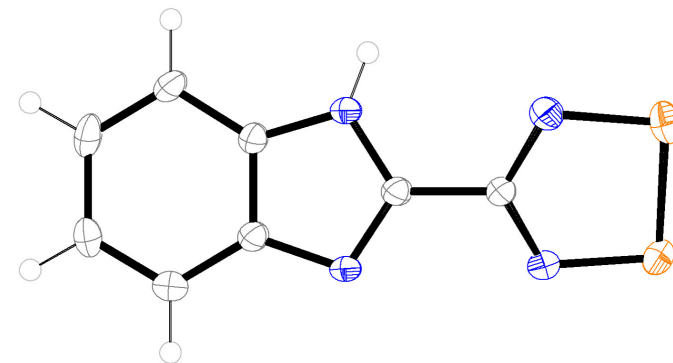
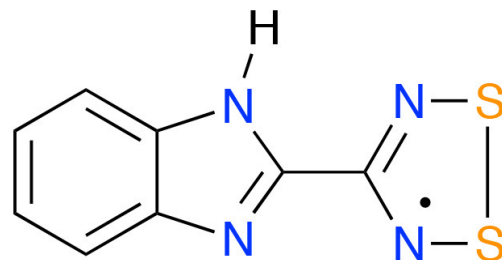
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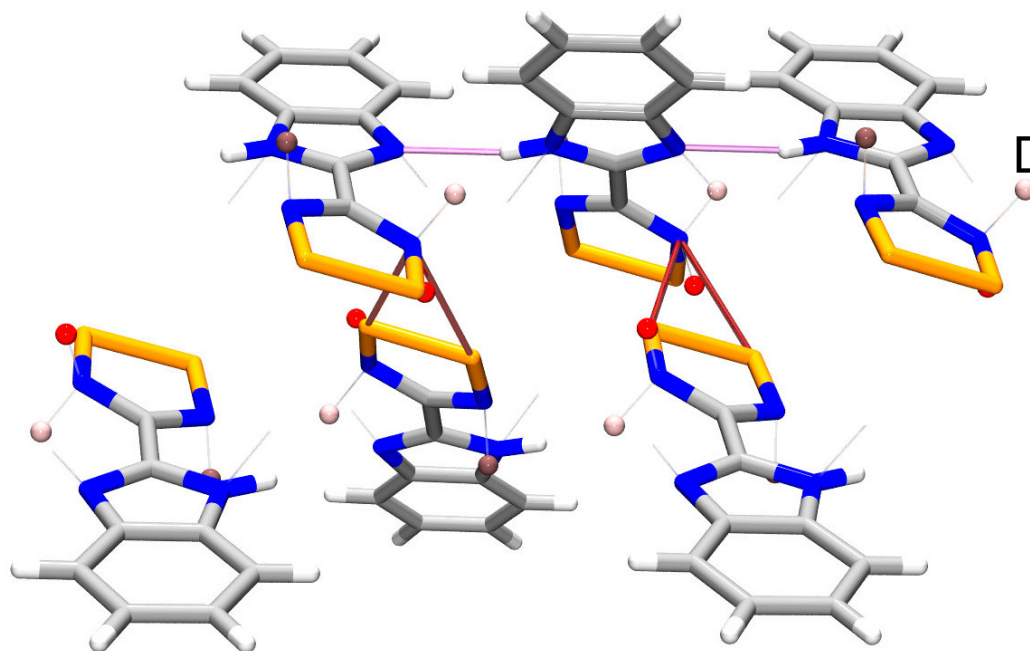
340 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +musite 1  
site 2

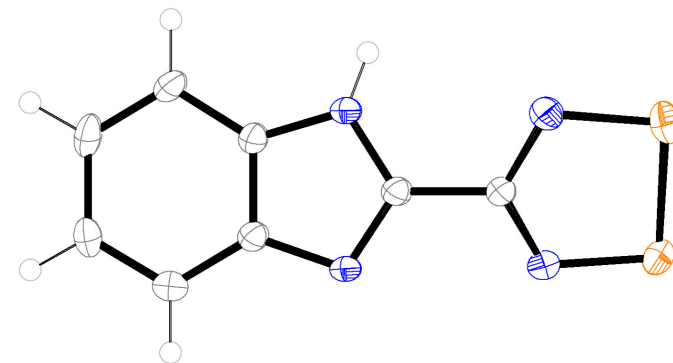
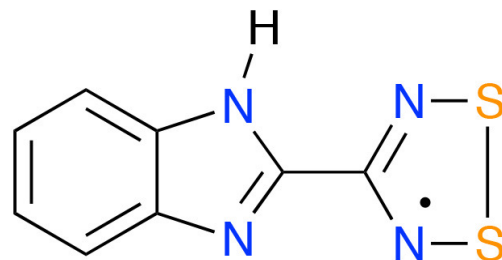
HbimDTDA



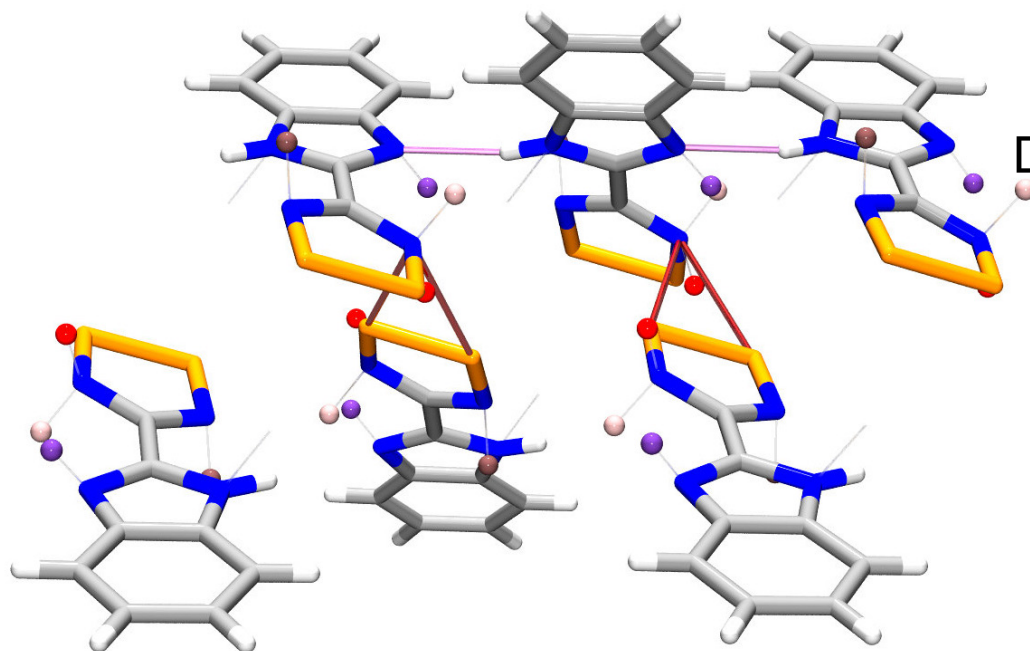
340 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +musite 1  
site 2  
site 3

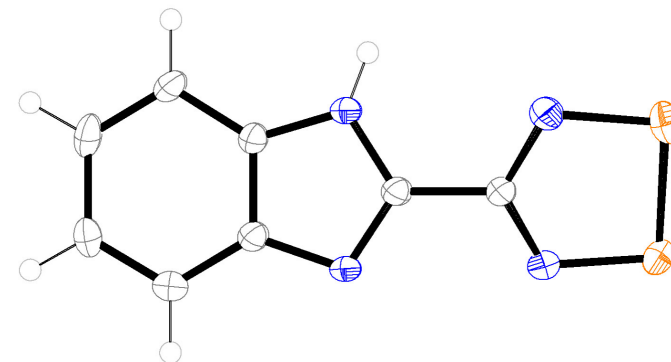
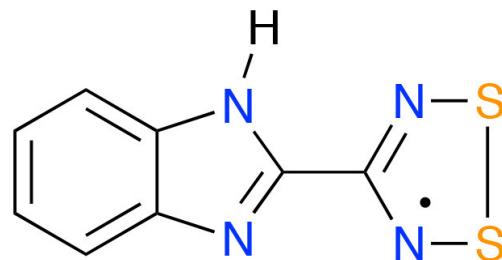
HbimDTDA



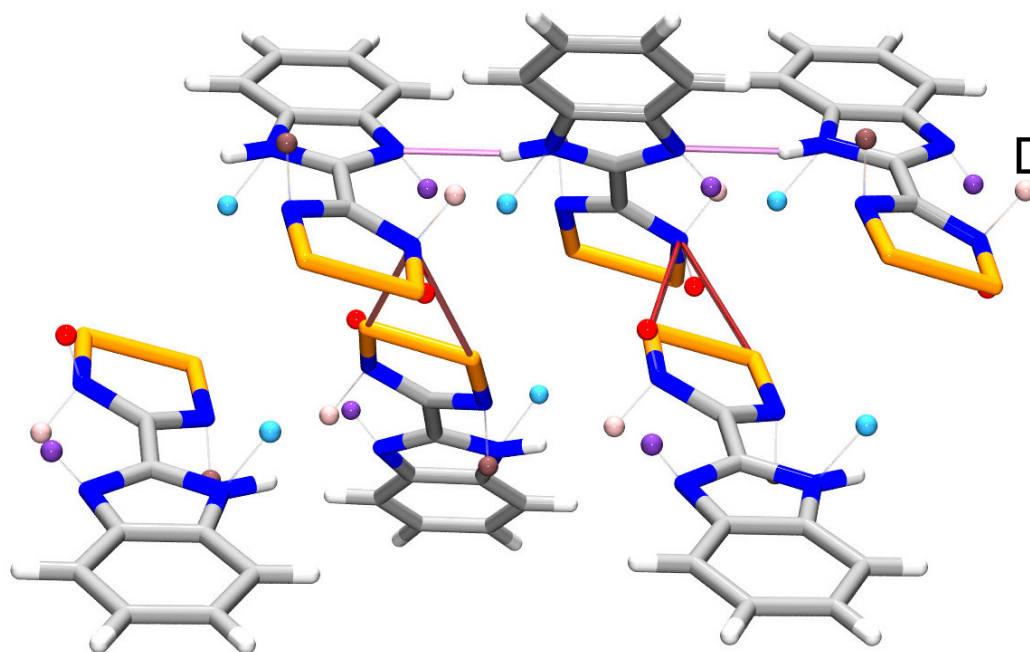
340 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +musite 1  
site 2  
site 3  
site 4

HbimDTDA



340 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +mu

site 1

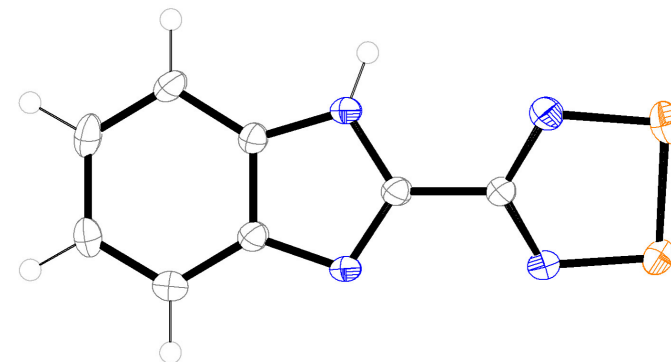
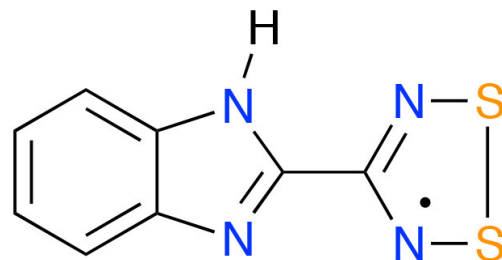
site 2

site 3

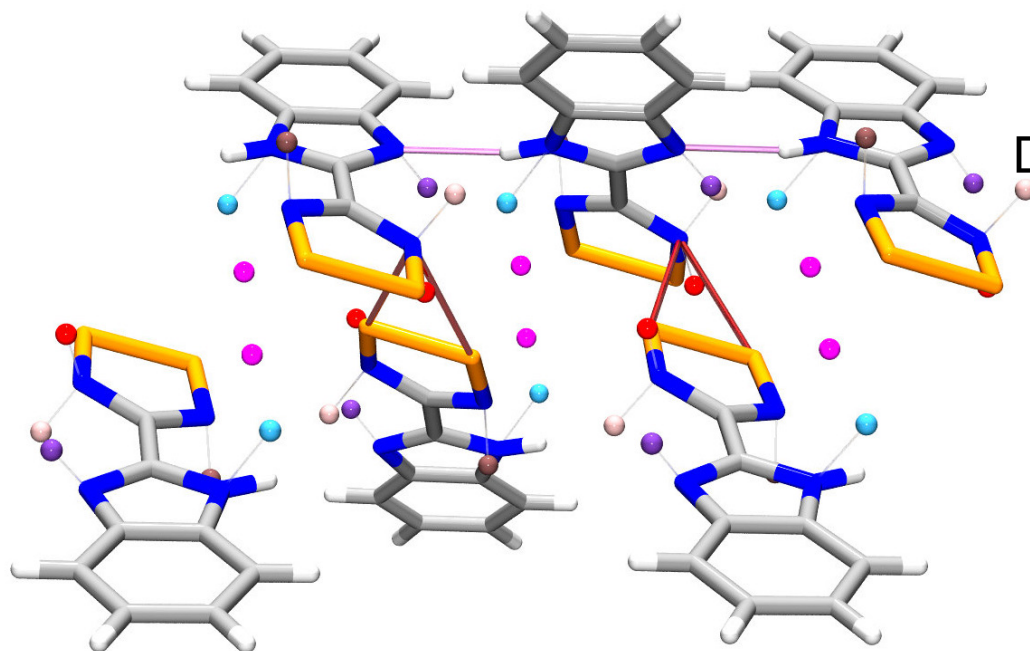
site 4

site 5

HbimDTDA



340 K

Where are the muons?DFT using artificially-lightened H atom  
→ +mu

site 1

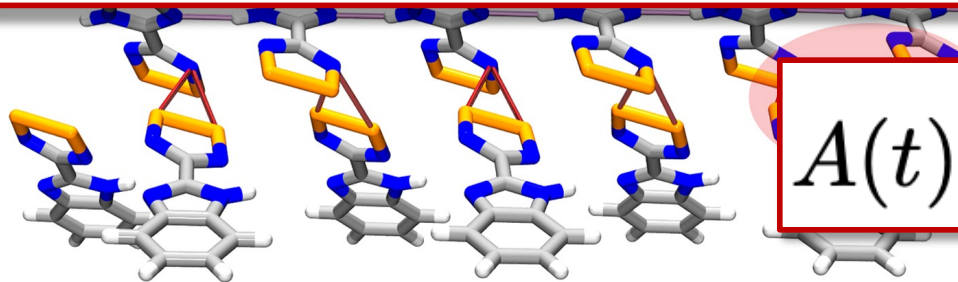
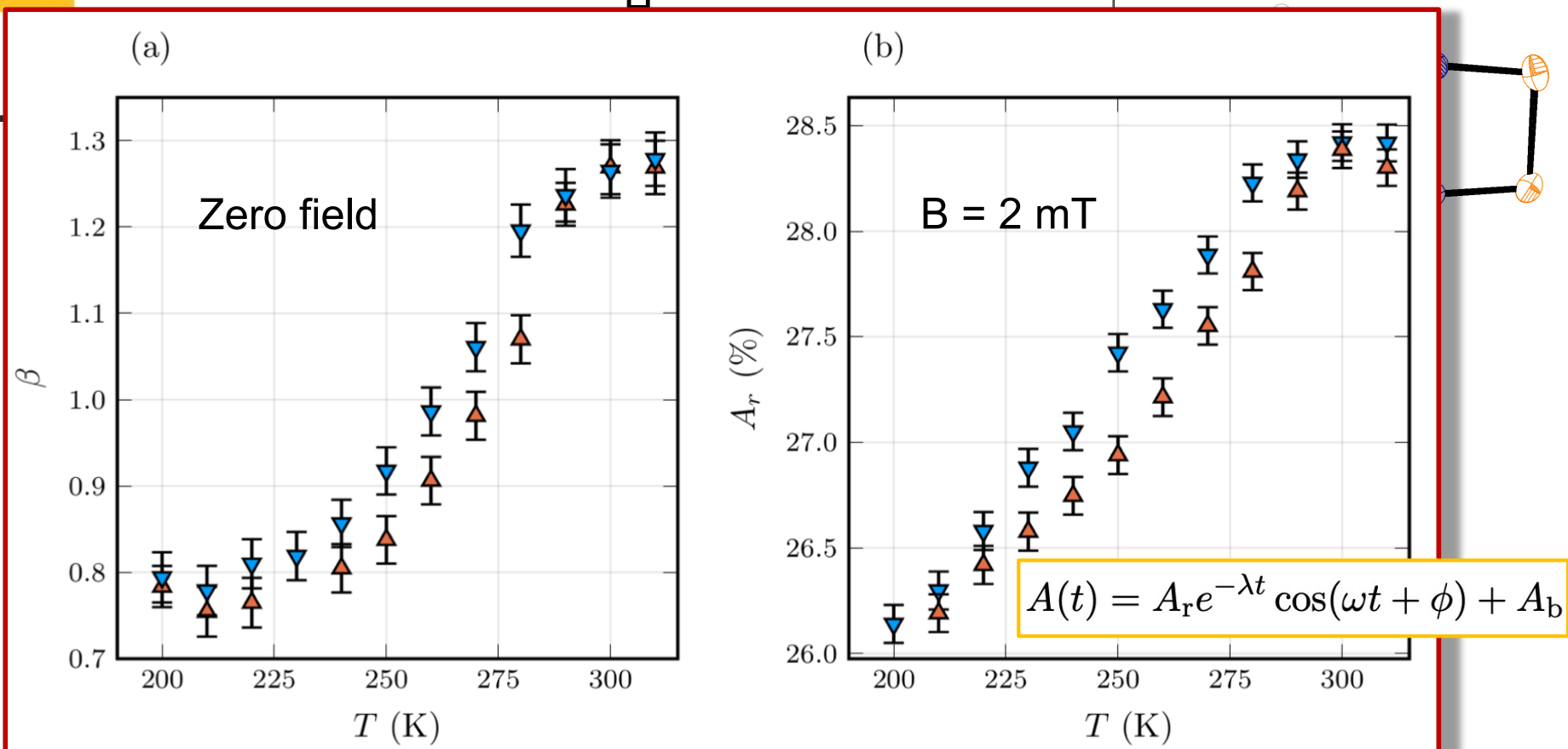
site 2

site 3

site 4

site 5

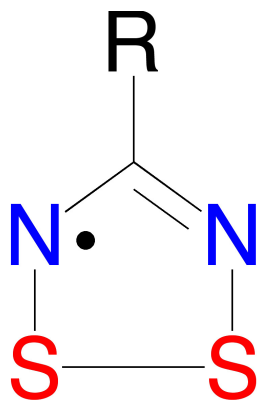
site 6



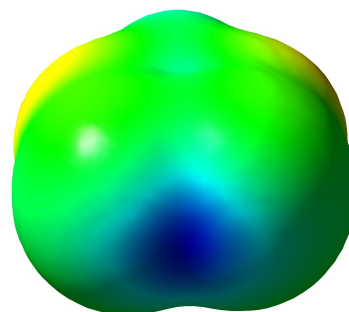
$$A(t) = A_r e^{-(\lambda t)^\beta} + A_b$$

# 1,2,3,5-DTDA Electrostatics

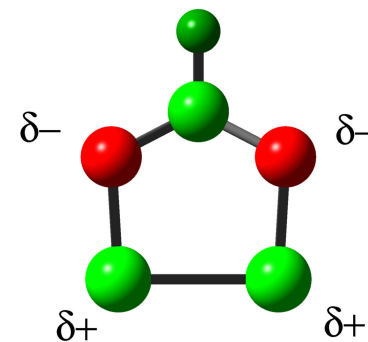
Sigma-hole type feature & partial charge distribution



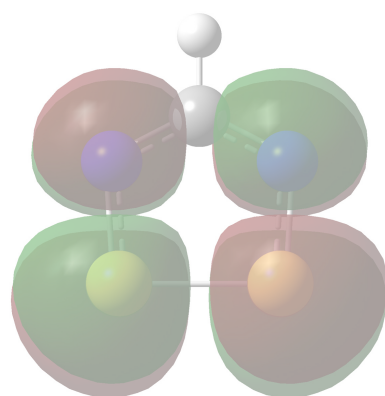
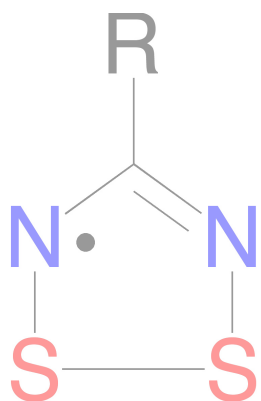
SOMO



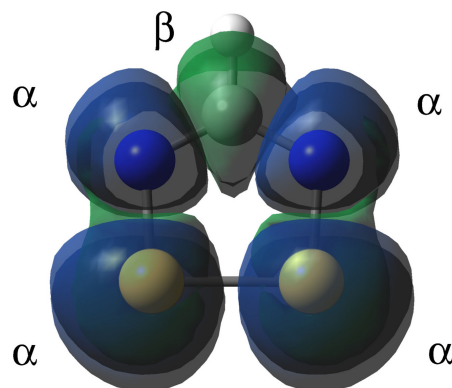
ESP Surface



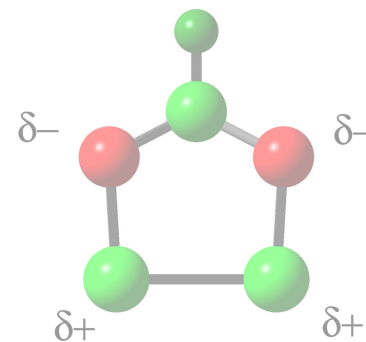
Charge Distribution



SOMO



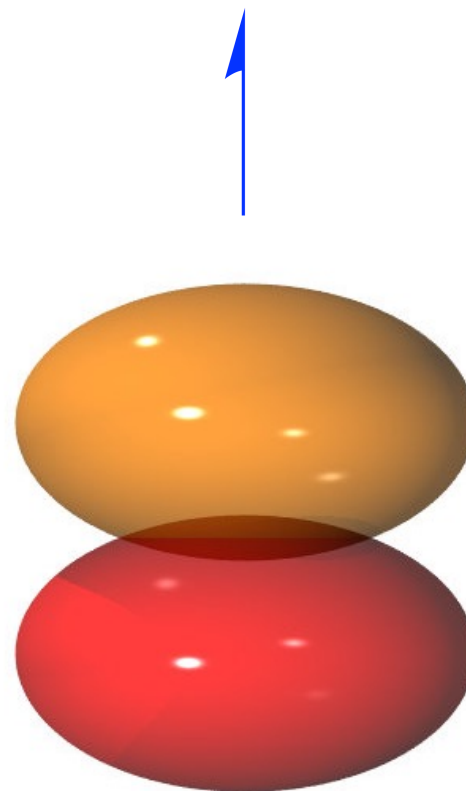
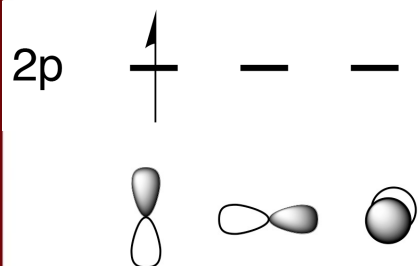
Spin Density



Charge Distribution

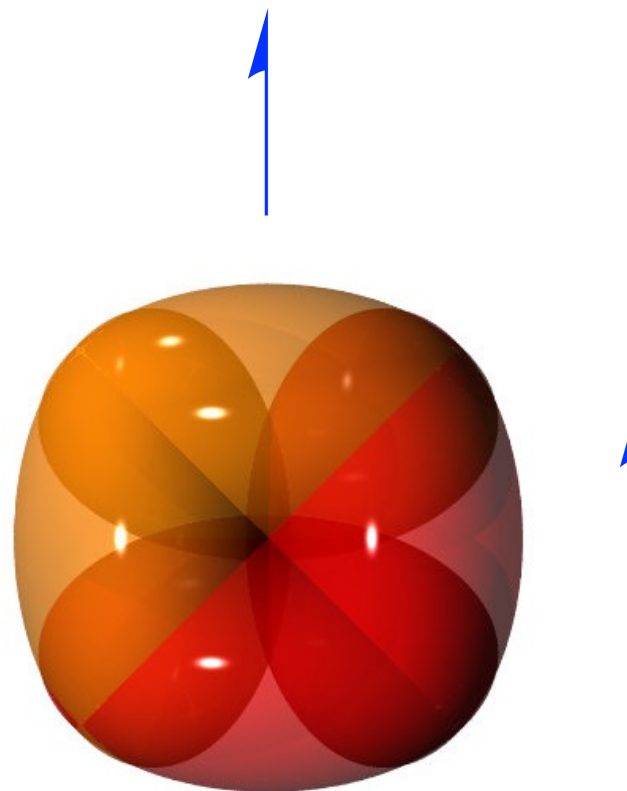
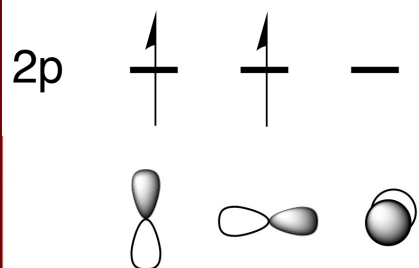
# What is Spin Polarization?

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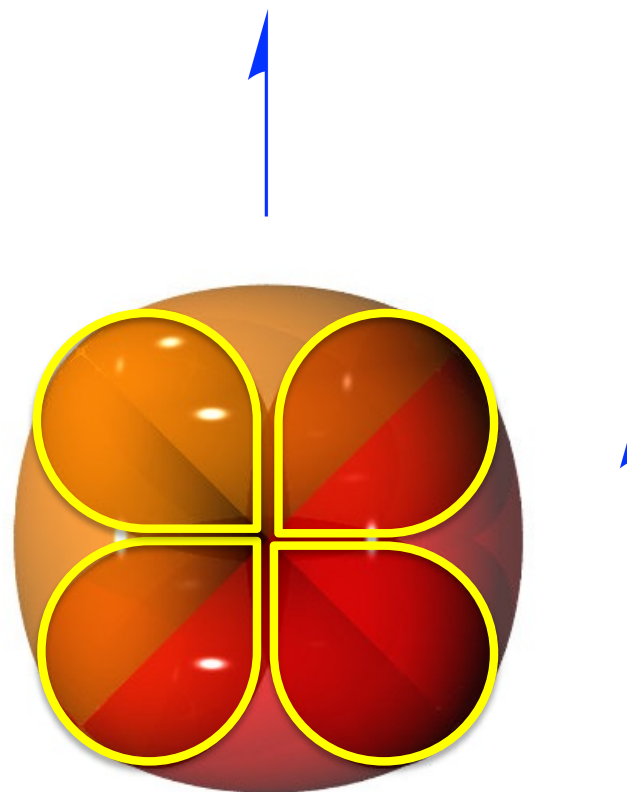
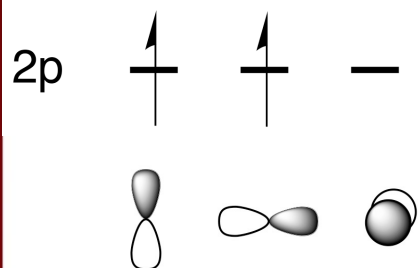
# What is Spin Polarization?

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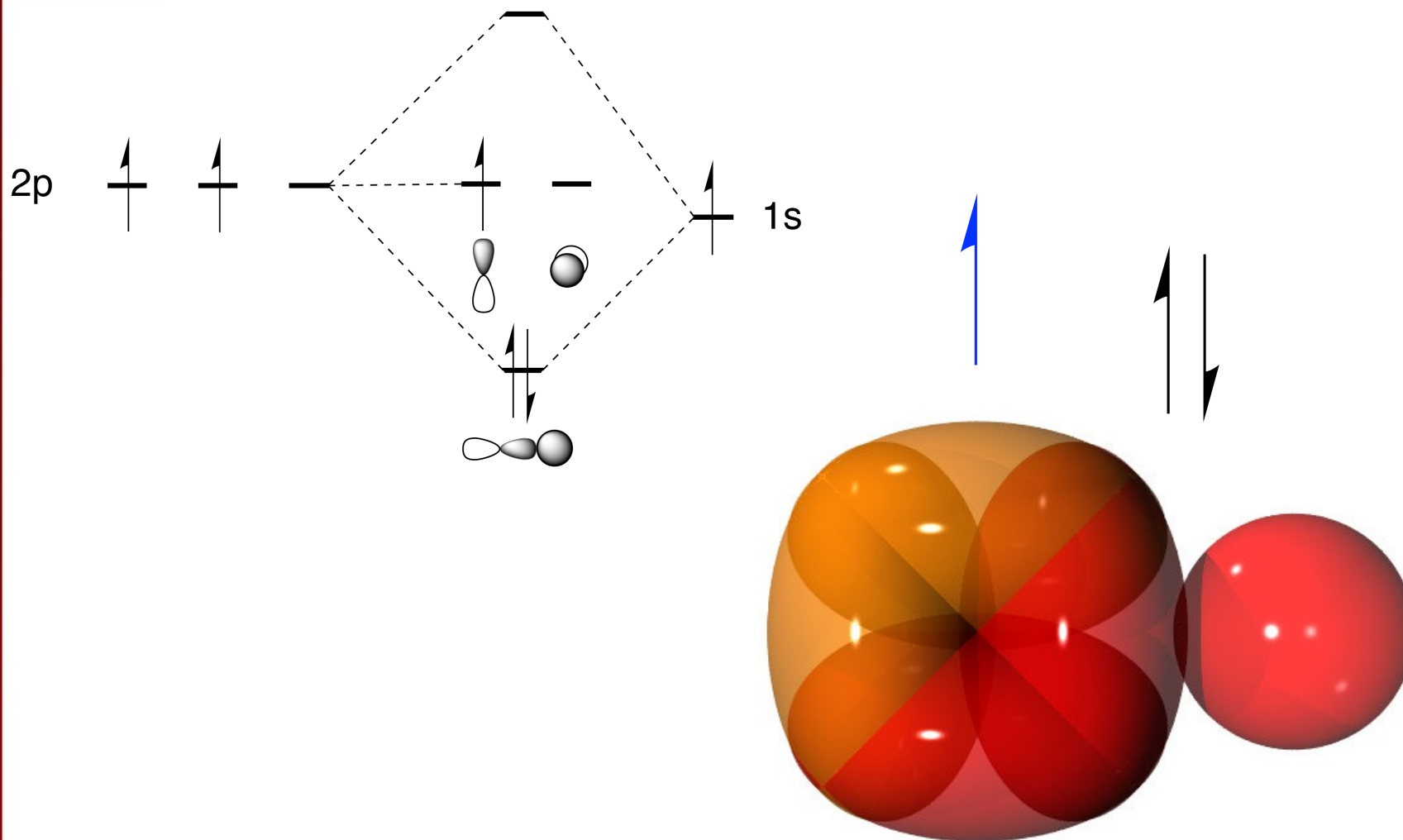


# What is Spin Polarization?

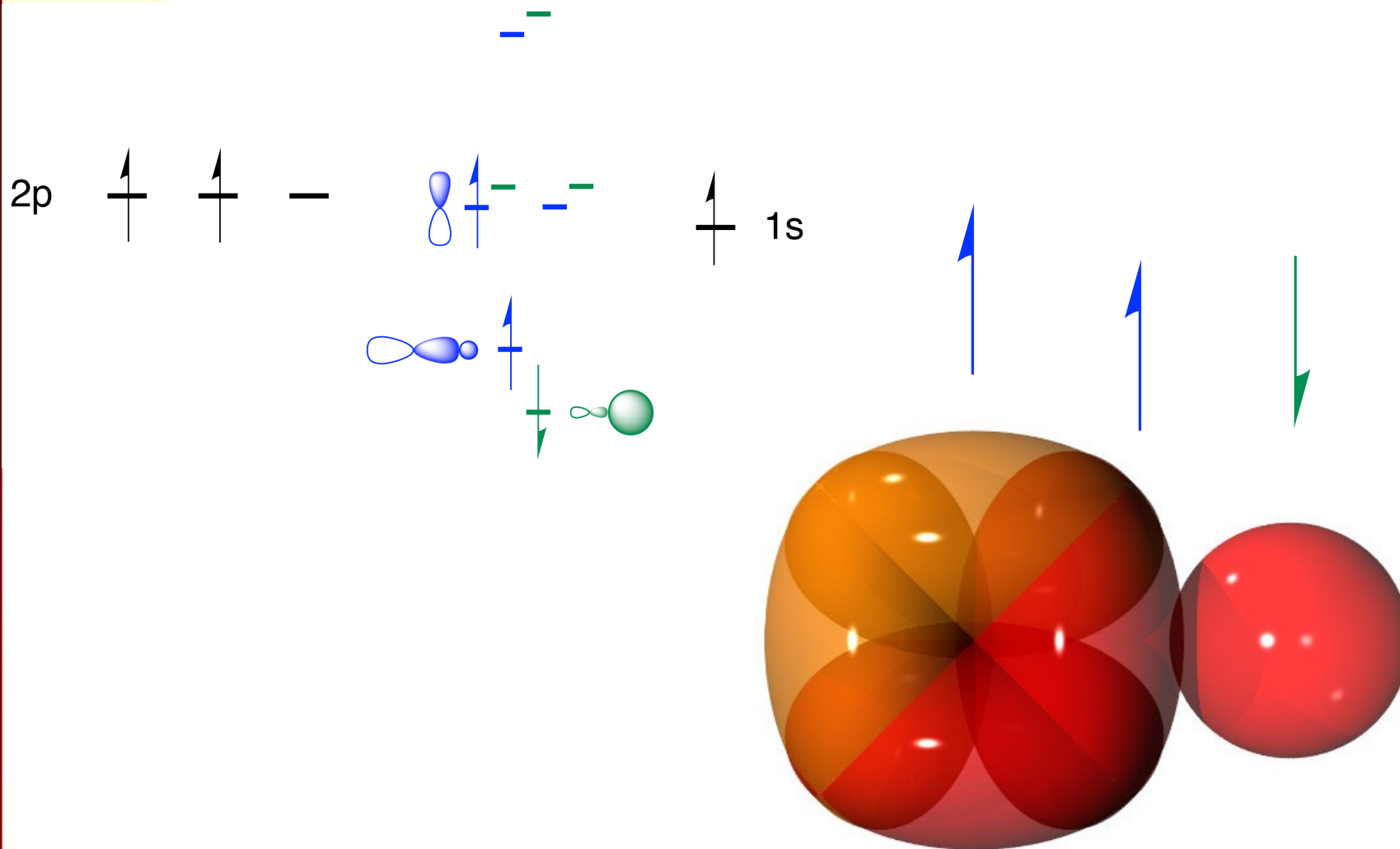
CHANGING LIVES  
IMPROVING LIFE



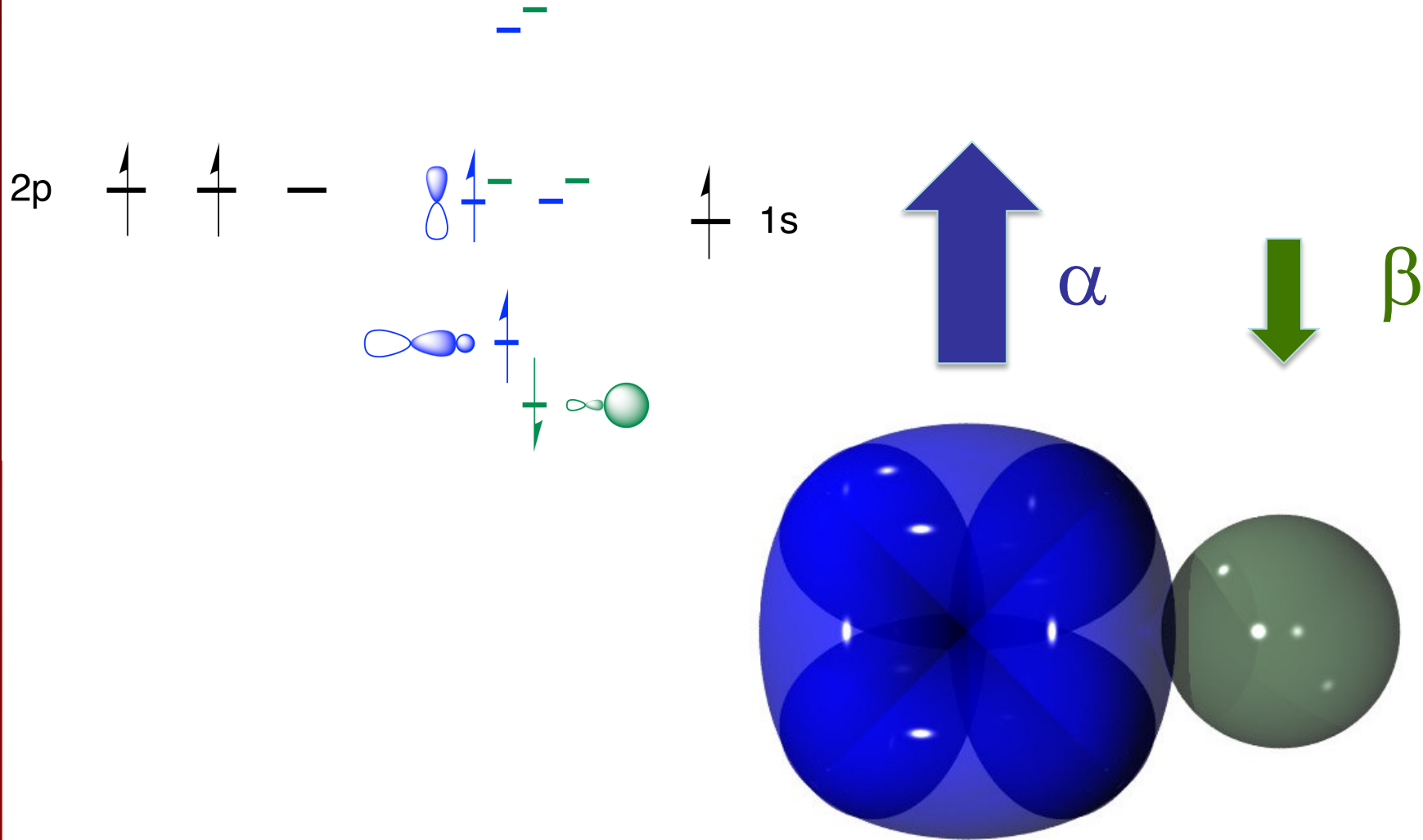
# What is Spin Polarization?



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## Spin Density: McConnell | Mech'm

1910

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

**Ferromagnetism in Solid Free Radicals\***

HARDEN M. MCCONNELL

*Departments of Chemistry† and Physics, California Institute of  
Technology, Pasadena, California*

(Received 5 June 1963)

THE paramagnetic resonance of picrylamino-carbazyl (PAC) and Wurster's blue perchlorate (WB) at very low temperatures (1.5°–4°K) has been studied by Edelstein and Mandel,<sup>1</sup> and they have suggested that these solid free radicals become ferromagnetic at sufficiently low temperatures. A recent single-crystal resonance study<sup>2</sup> of WB indicates that the elementary electronic excitations in this substance are triplet excitons, and that the resonance studied by Edelstein and Mandel in WB is very probably due to an impurity. However, the work of Edelstein and Mandel still raises the question of ferromagnetic interaction in PAC and in solid free radicals in general.

Present experimental evidence<sup>2–5</sup> indicates that the paramagnetic susceptibilities of *most* crystalline aromatic free radicals approach zero as  $T \rightarrow 0$ , when allowance is made for the impurity spins that are almost always present in such crystals. It is reasonable to assume that this tendency for the spins on adjacent free radicals in the crystal lattice to be antiparallel involves an exchange interaction similar to that appropriate to two weakly interacting hydrogen atoms, except that the exchange interaction between two aromatic rings is a many-center problem. If we consider only two-center exchange integrals, then the exchange interaction between two aromatic radicals A and B can be approximated by the Hamiltonian

$$\mathcal{H}^{AB} = - \sum_{ij} J_{ij}^{AB} \mathbf{S}_i^A \cdot \mathbf{S}_j^B, \quad (1)$$

where  $\mathbf{S}_i^A$  is the  $\pi$ -electron spin on Atom  $i$  of Molecule A, and  $\mathbf{S}_j^B$  is the  $\pi$ -electron spin on Atom  $j$  of Molecule B. Equation (1) can also be written in the form

$$\mathcal{H}^{AB} = - \mathbf{S}^A \cdot \mathbf{S}^B \sum_{ij} J_{ij}^{AB} \rho_i^A \rho_j^B, \quad (2)$$

where  $\mathbf{S}^A$  and  $\mathbf{S}^B$  are the total spin operators for A and B, and  $\rho_i^A$  and  $\rho_j^B$  are the  $\pi$ -spin densities<sup>6</sup> on Atoms  $i$  and  $j$  of Molecules A and B. The dominant tendency towards antiparallel spin coupling in solid free radicals can be ascribed to the facts that the spin densities  $\rho_i^A$  and  $\rho_j^B$  are usually positive, and the largest exchange integrals  $J_{ij}^{AB}$  are negative for aromatic molecules that are pancaked on top of one another in crystals.<sup>2,7</sup>

The purpose of this note is to point out that in certain aromatic and olefinic free radicals (especially odd-alternant radicals) there are large positive and negative atomic  $\pi$ -spin densities, and that it is quite possible that in special cases these radicals may pancake on top of one another in the crystal lattice so that atoms of positive spin density are exchange coupled most strongly to atoms of negative spin density in neighboring molecules. This gives a ferromagnetic exchange interaction favoring parallel (total) spin angular momentum on neighboring molecules. The chemical structure of PAC indicates that there may indeed be negative spin densities on some atoms in this substance. It would therefore appear that a search for ferromagnetic interactions in solid free radicals might well be directed towards radicals with large negative spin densities.

\* Sponsored by the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission, and the National Science Foundation.

† Contribution No. 2987.

<sup>1</sup> A. S. Edelstein and M. Mandel, *J. Chem. Phys.* **35**, 1130 (1961).

<sup>2</sup> H. M. McConnell, D. Pooley, and A. Bradbury, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (U.S.)* **48**, 1480 (1962); D. D. Thomas, H. Keller, and H. M. McConnell, *J. Chem. Phys.* (to be published).

<sup>3</sup> R. S. Rhodes, J. H. Burgess, and A. S. Edelstein, *Phys. Rev. Letters* **6**, 462 (1961).

<sup>4</sup> D. B. Chesnut and W. D. Phillips, *J. Chem. Phys.* **35**, 1002 (1961).

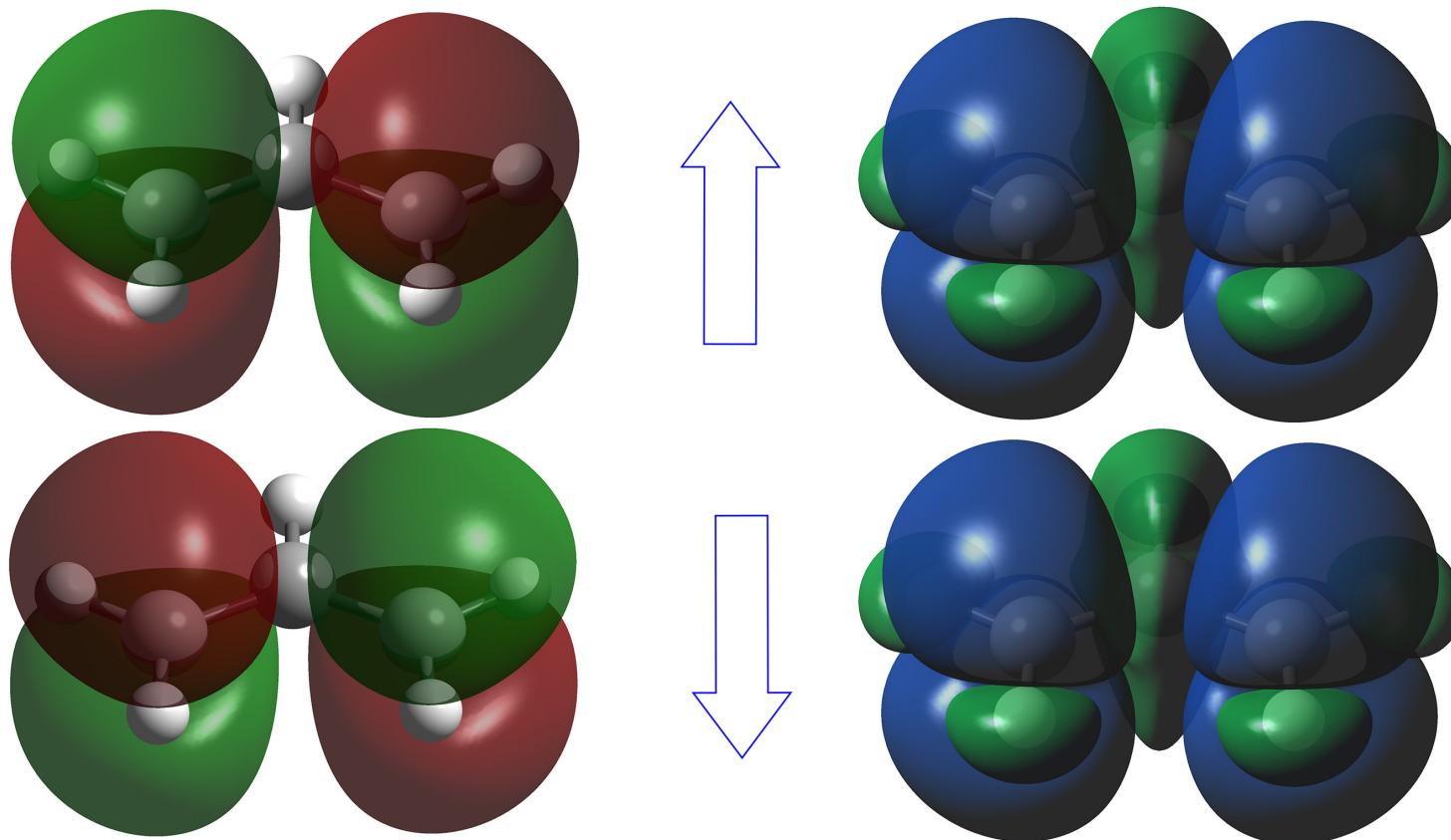
<sup>5</sup> D. B. Chesnut and P. Arthur, Jr., *J. Chem. Phys.* **36**, 2969 (1962).

<sup>6</sup> H. M. McConnell, *J. Chem. Phys.* **28**, 1188 (1958).

<sup>7</sup> In the unlikely event that the nearest-neighbor aromatic free radicals were oriented so that the rings (and  $\pi$  orbitals) were perpendicular to one another, then the  $J_{ij}^{AB}$  would be positive, but very small.

# Spin Density: McConnell | Mech'm

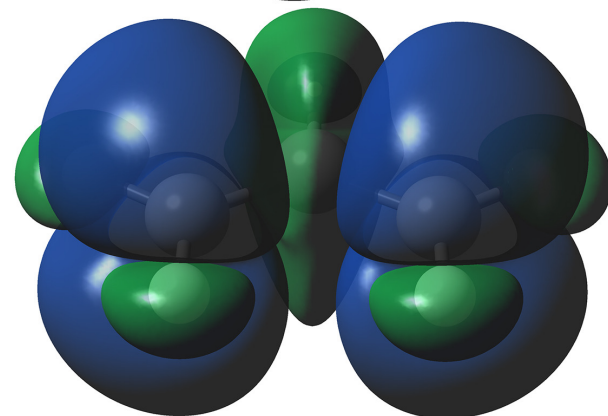
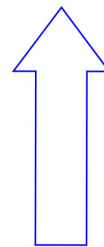
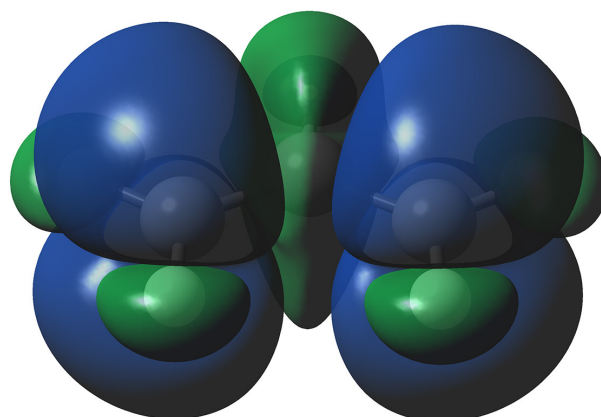
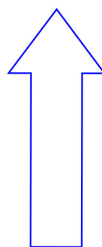
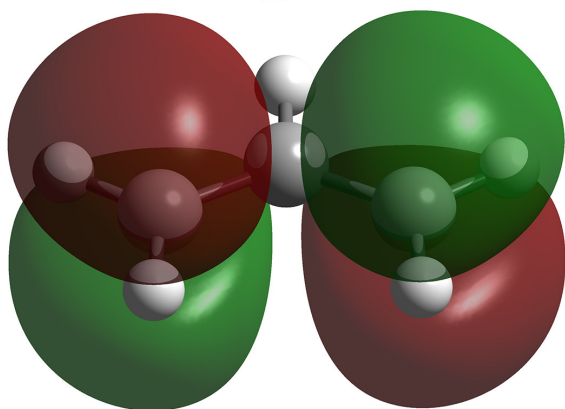
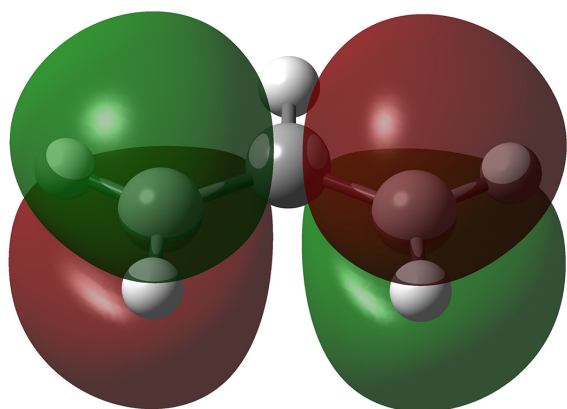
## Allyl radical



# Spin Density: McConnell I Mech'm

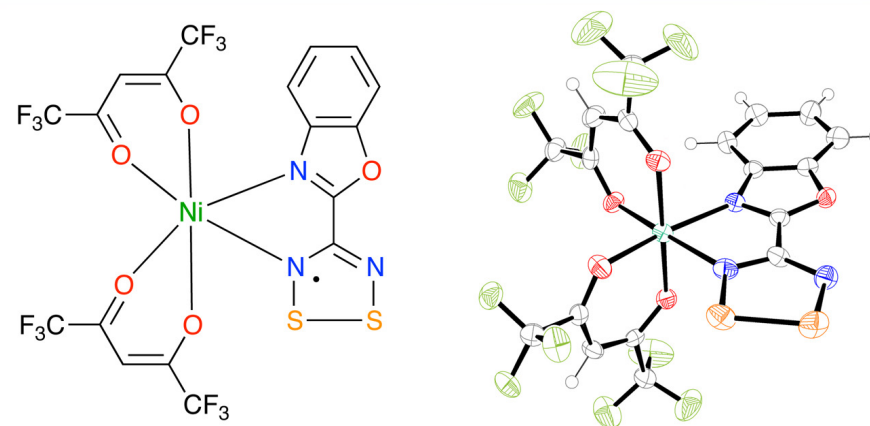
## Allyl radical

FM  
coupling

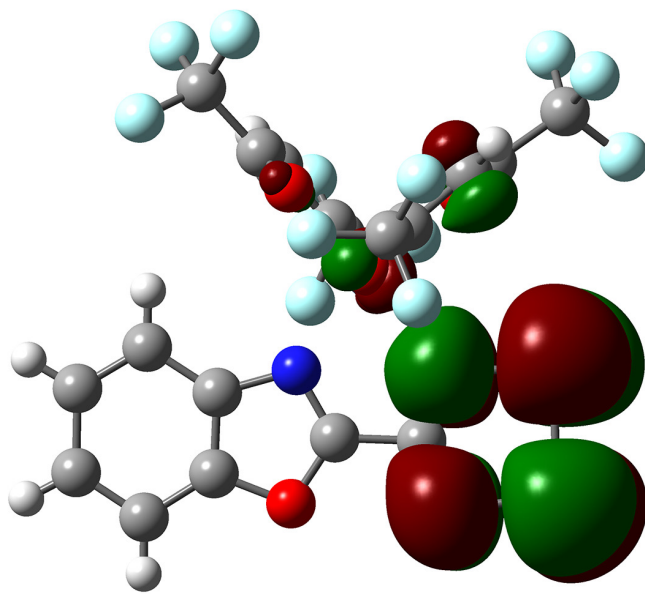


$S = 1$

# Ni boaDTDA: Heisenberg Model



Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

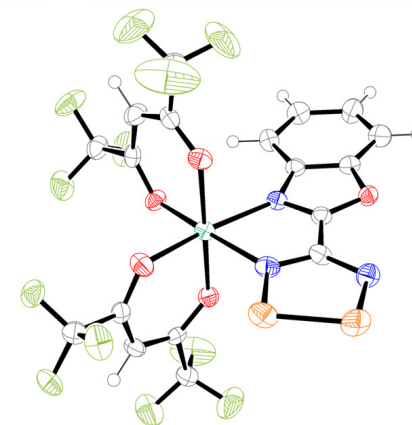
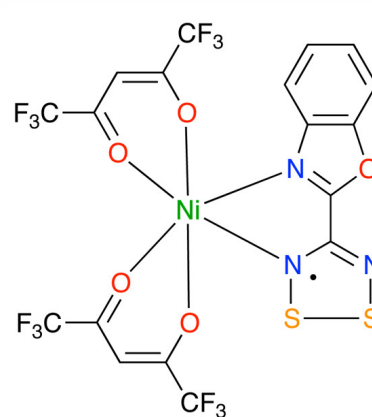
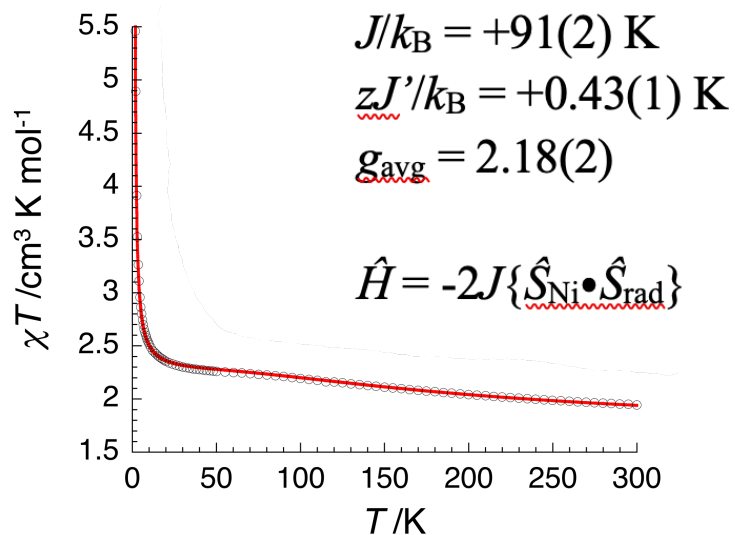


SOMO (highest occupied)

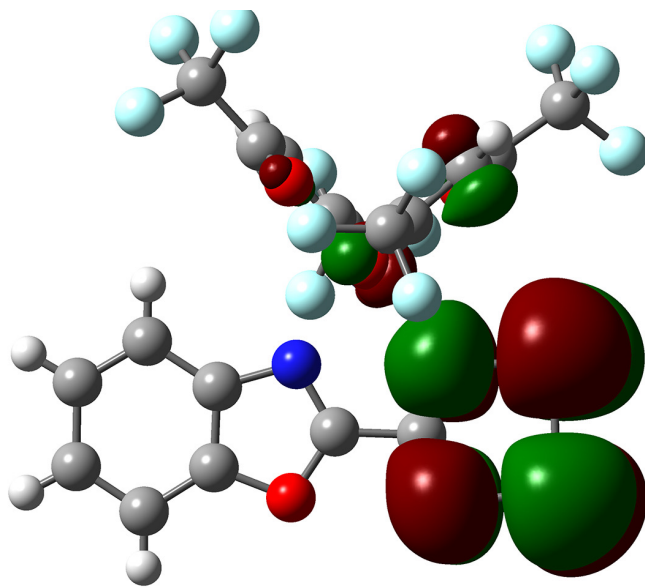


Spin Density

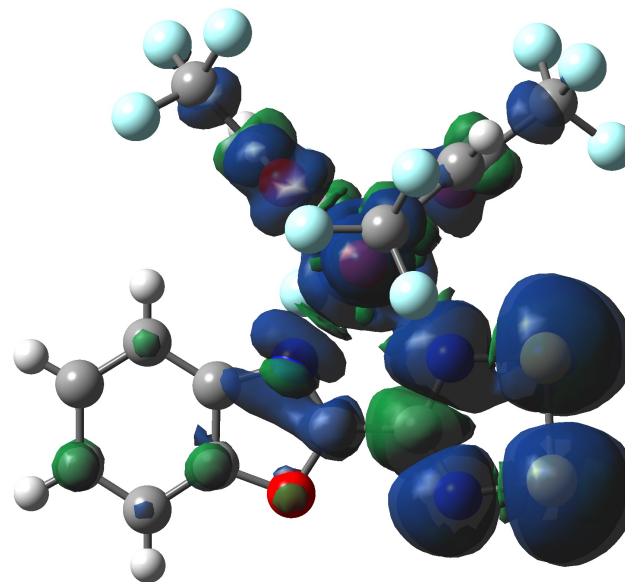
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Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

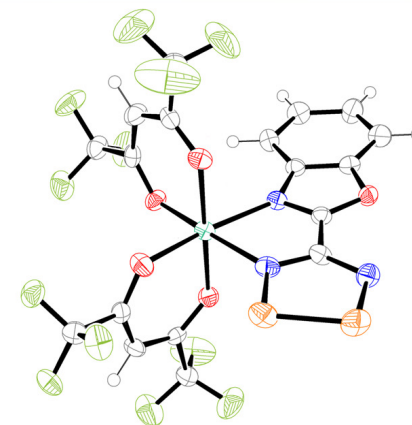
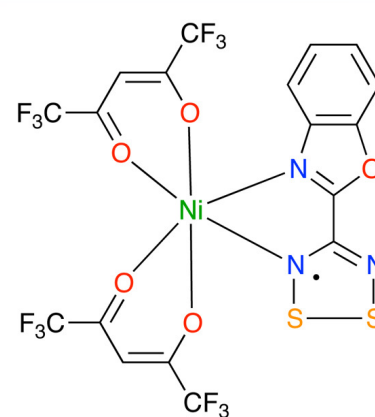
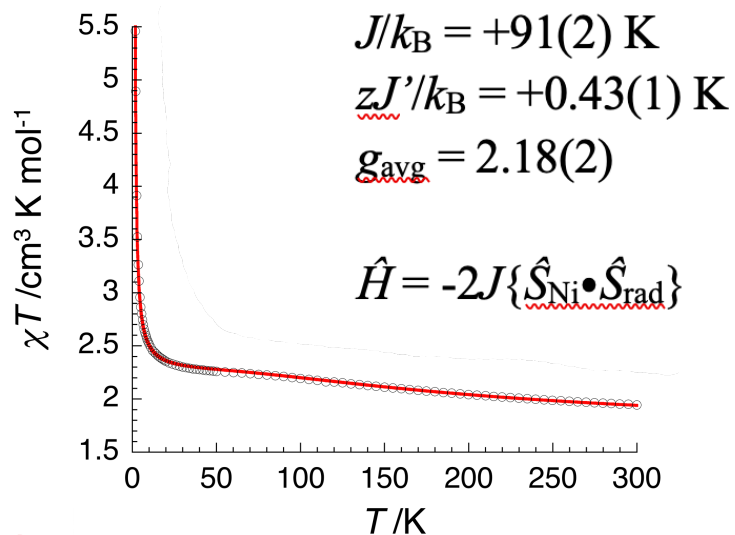


SOMO (highest occupied)

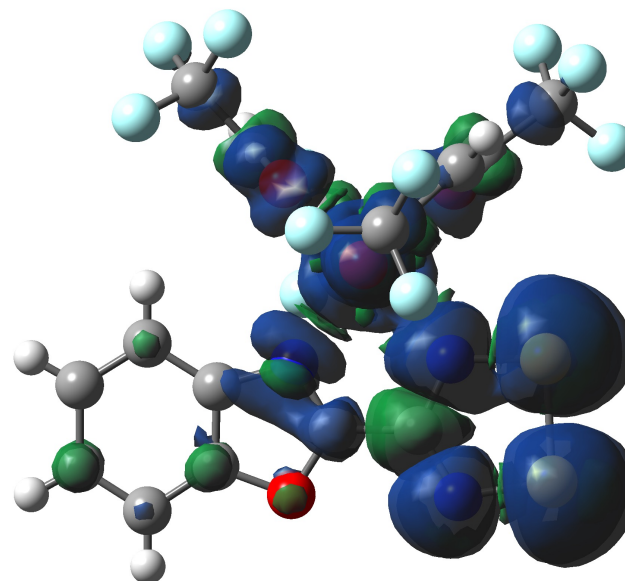
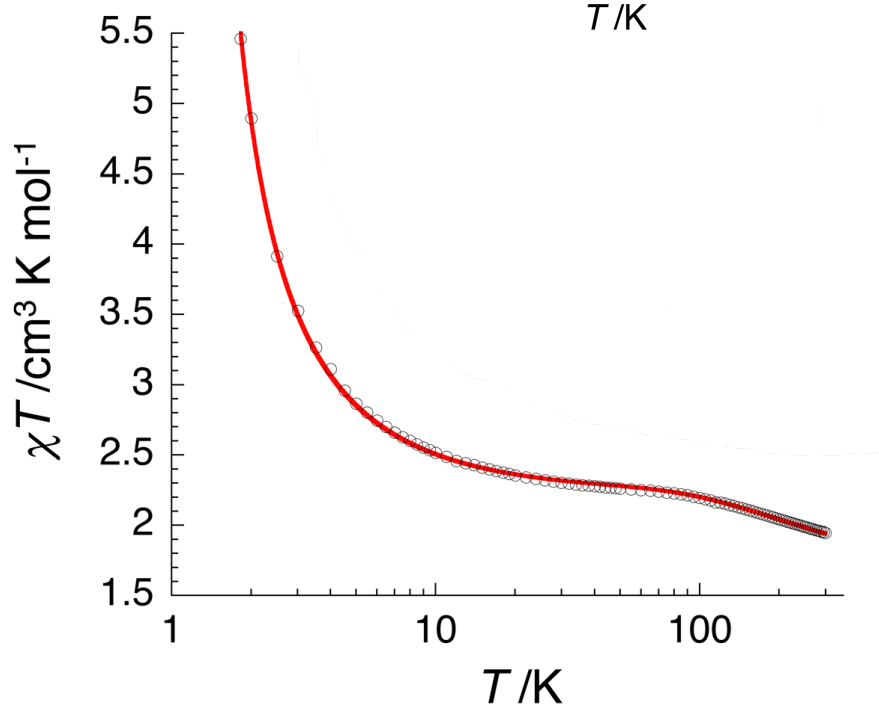


Spin Density

## Ni boaDTDA: Heisenberg Model

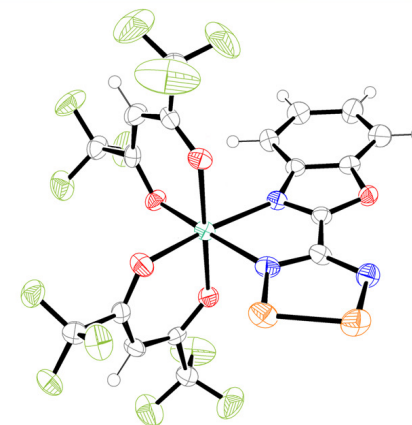
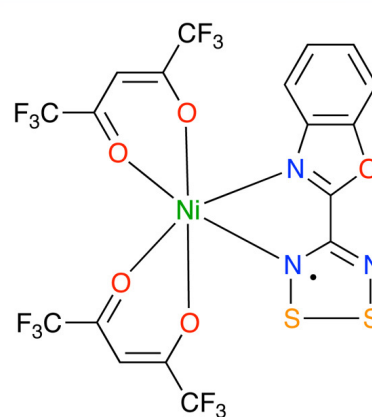
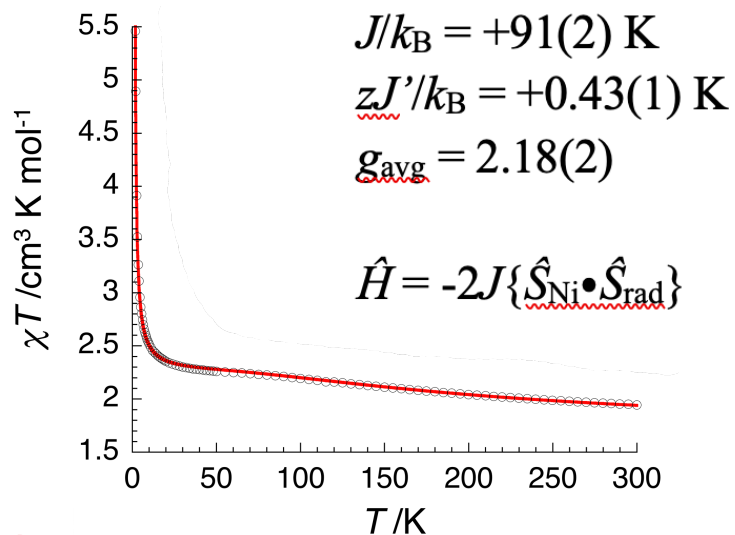


Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

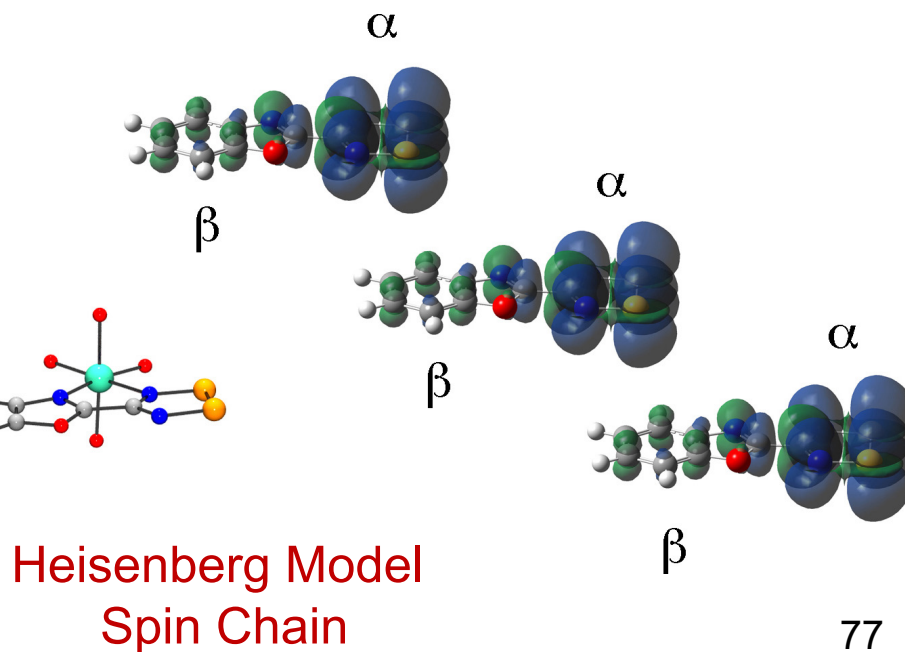
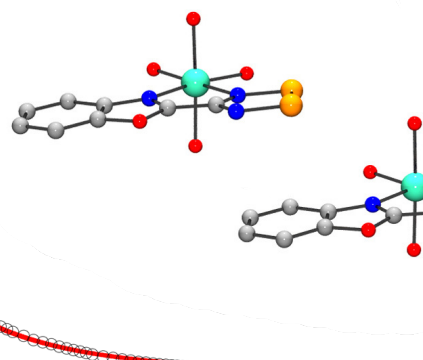
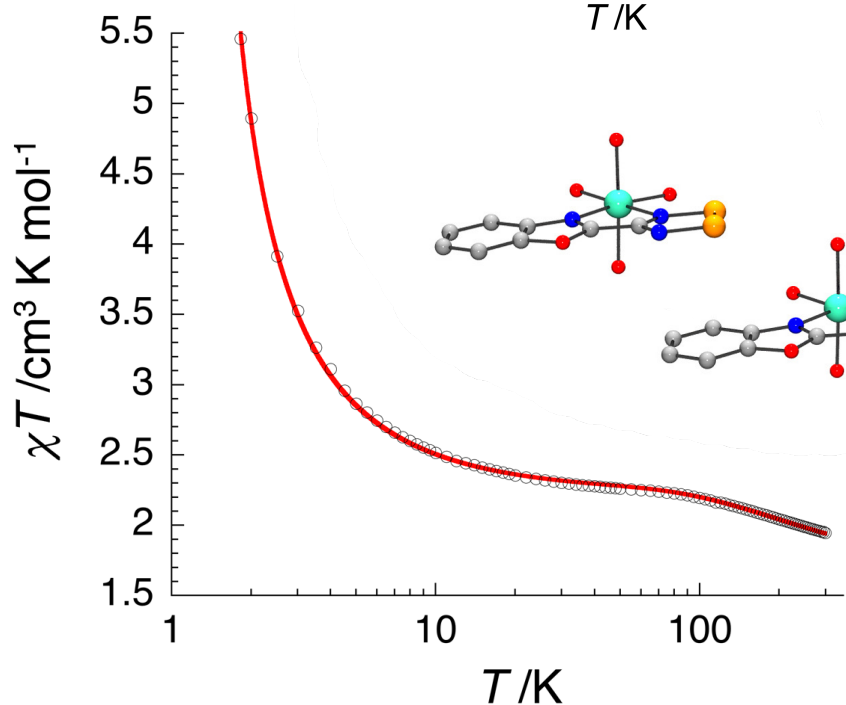


Spin Density

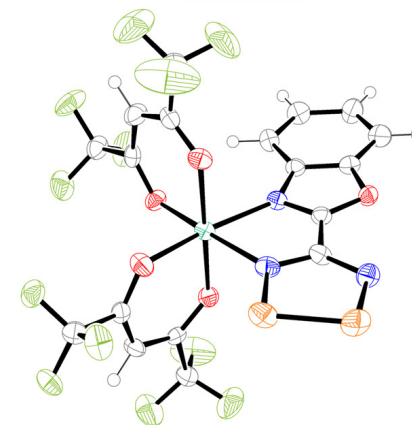
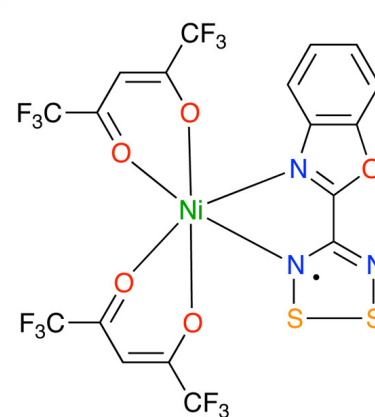
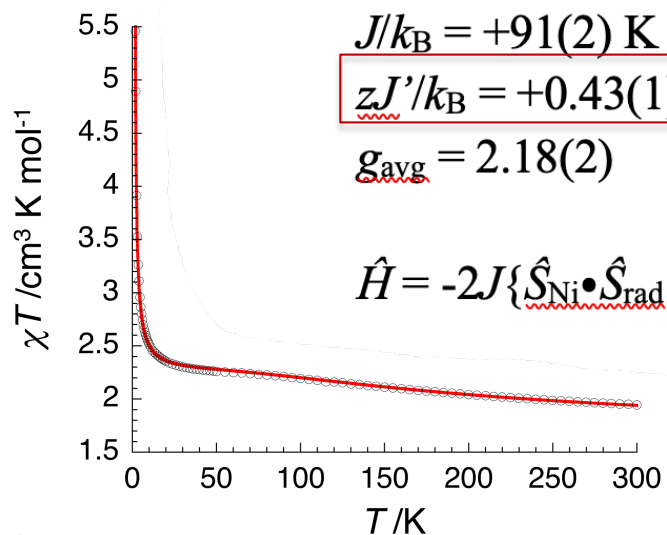
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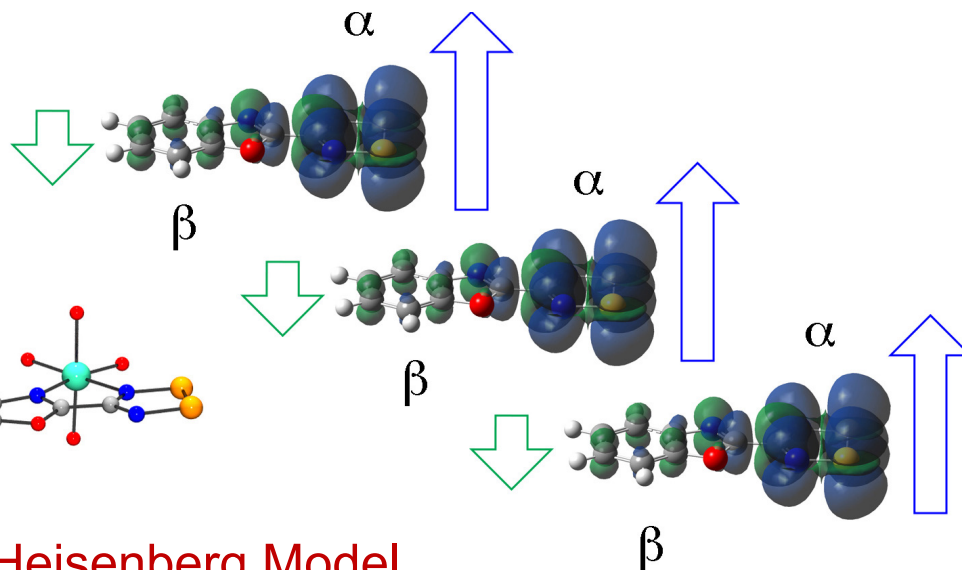
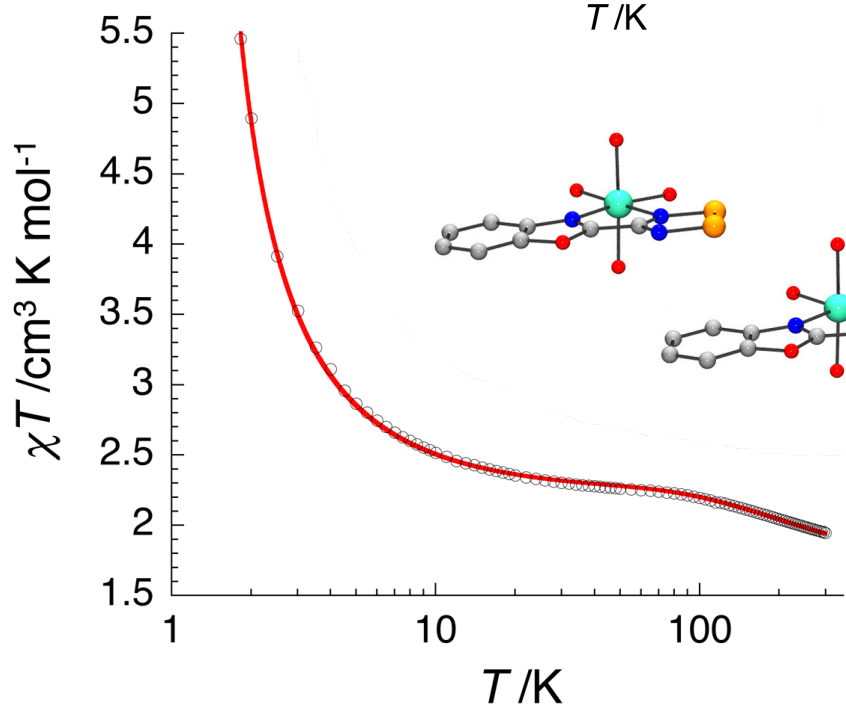
Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
FM intermolecular interactions



# Ni boaDTDA: Heisenberg Model

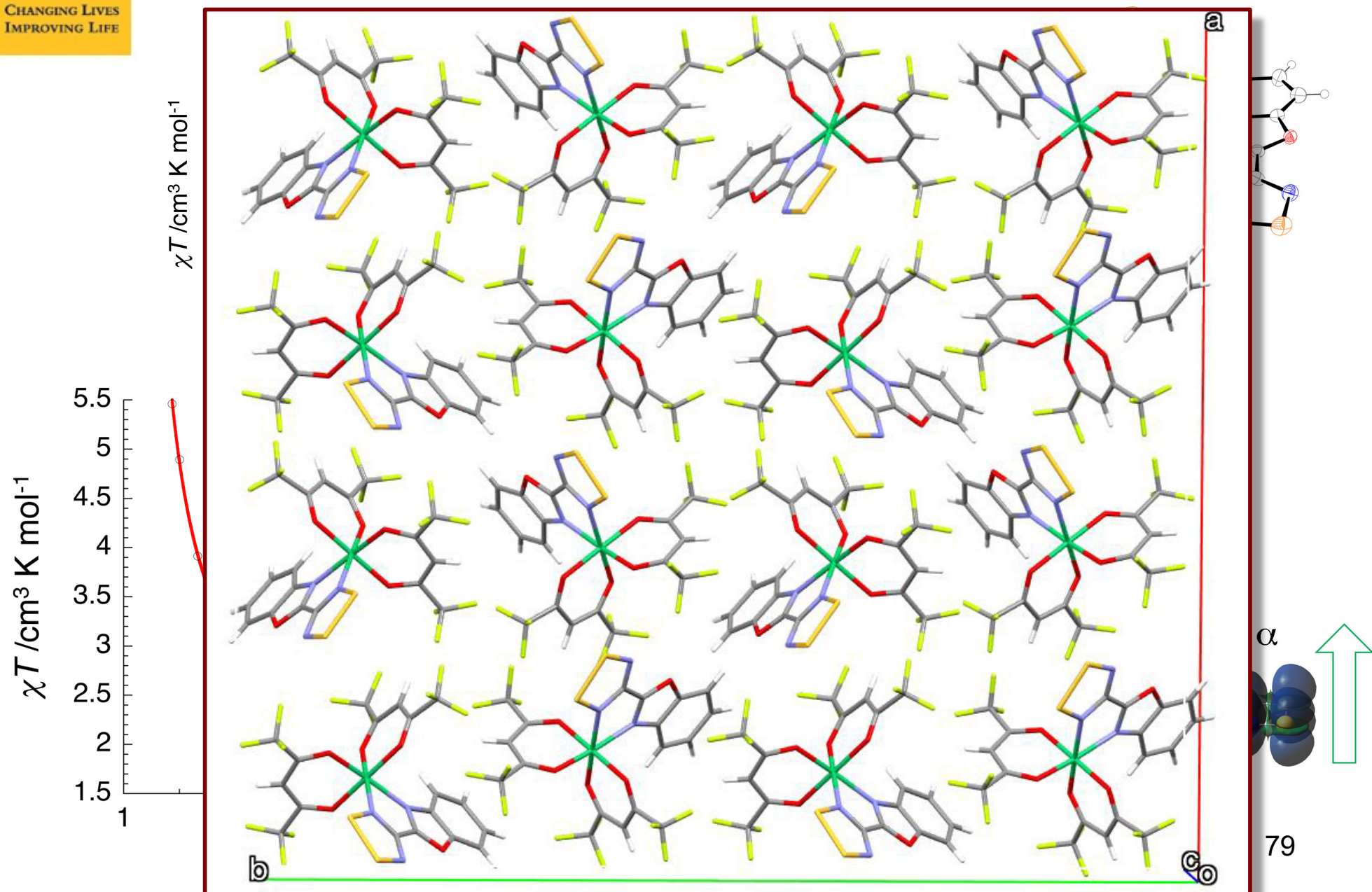


Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
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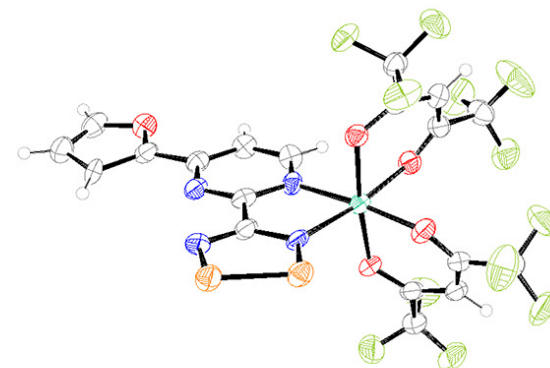
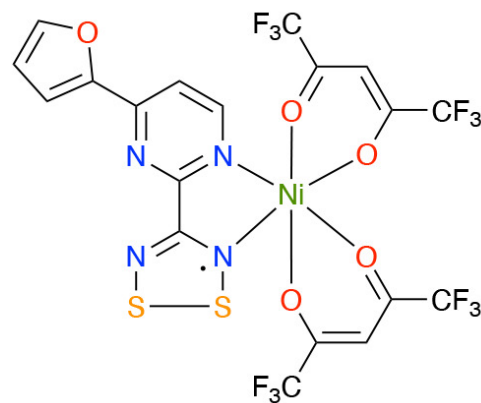


Heisenberg Model  
Spin Chain

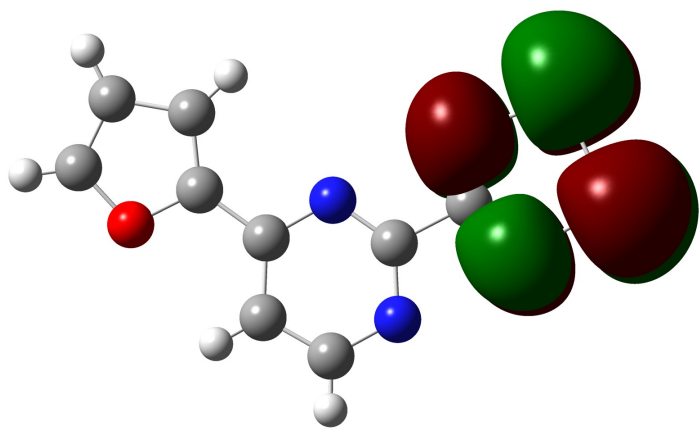
# Ni boaDTDA: Heisenberg Model



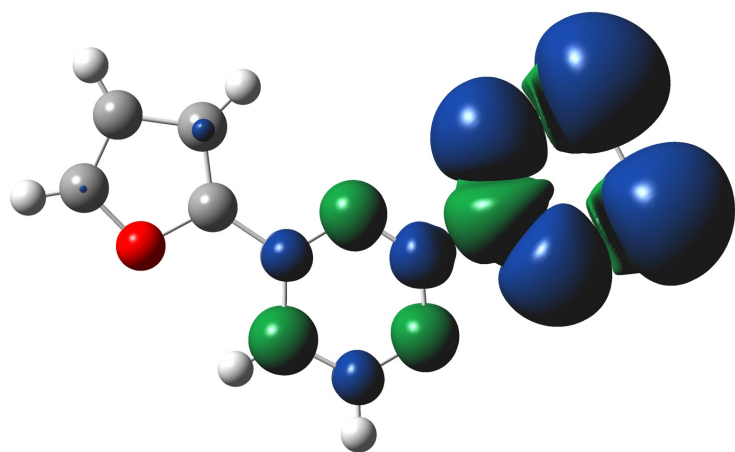
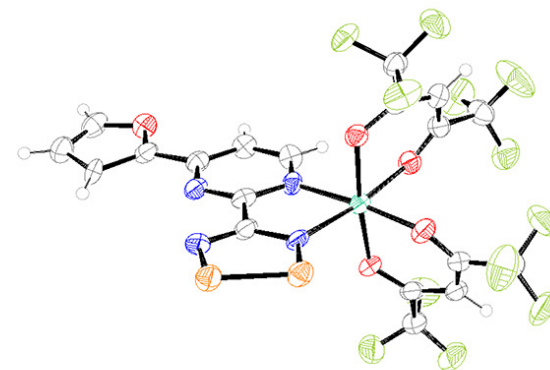
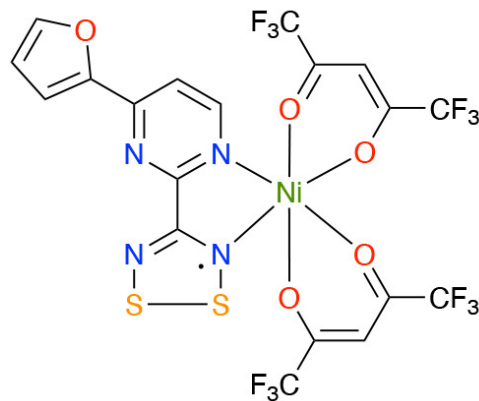
# Ni fpymDTDA: Heisenberg Model



# Ni fpymDTDA: Heisenberg Model

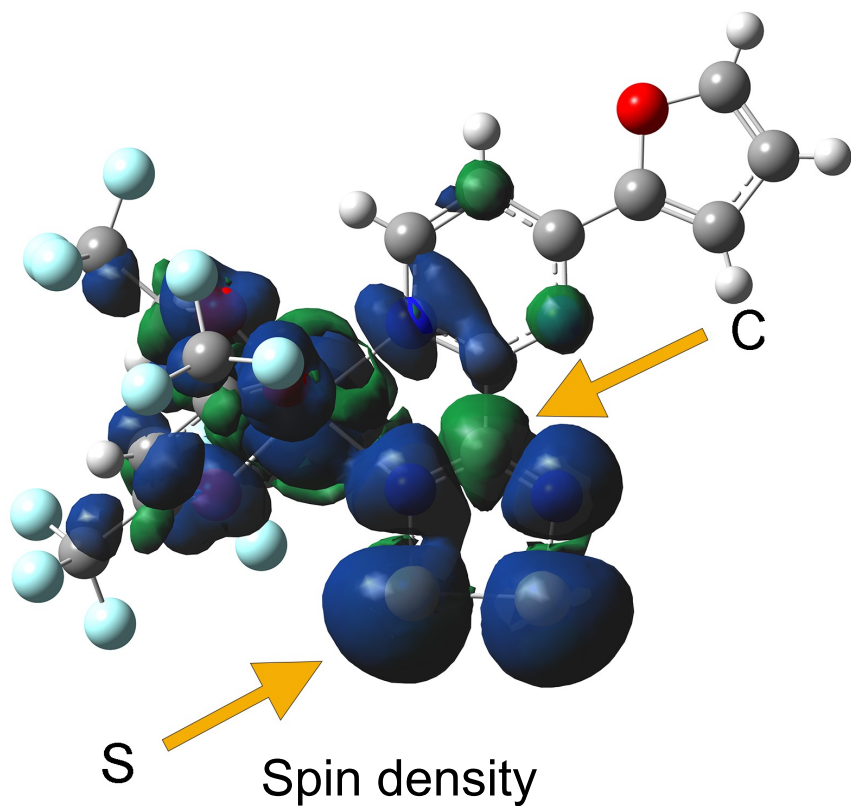
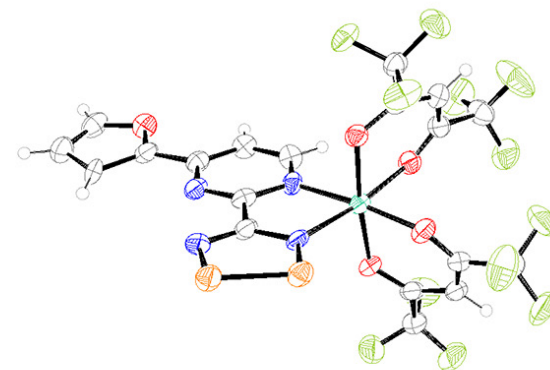
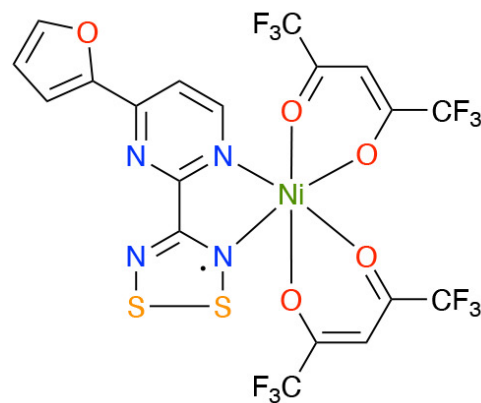
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SOMO

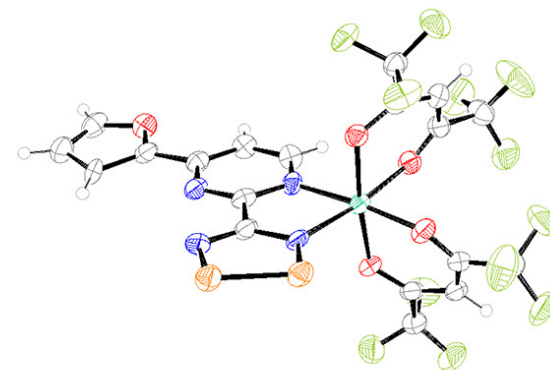
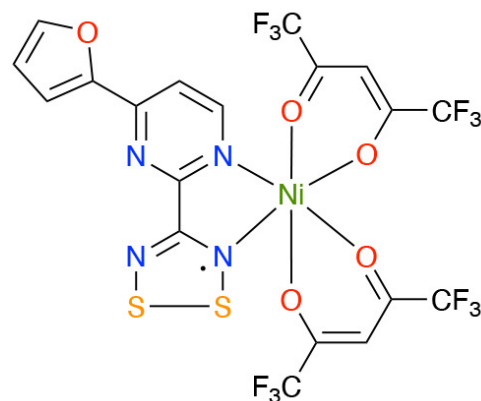


Spin density

# Ni fpymDTDA: Heisenberg Model



## Ni fpymDTDA: Heisenberg Model



Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

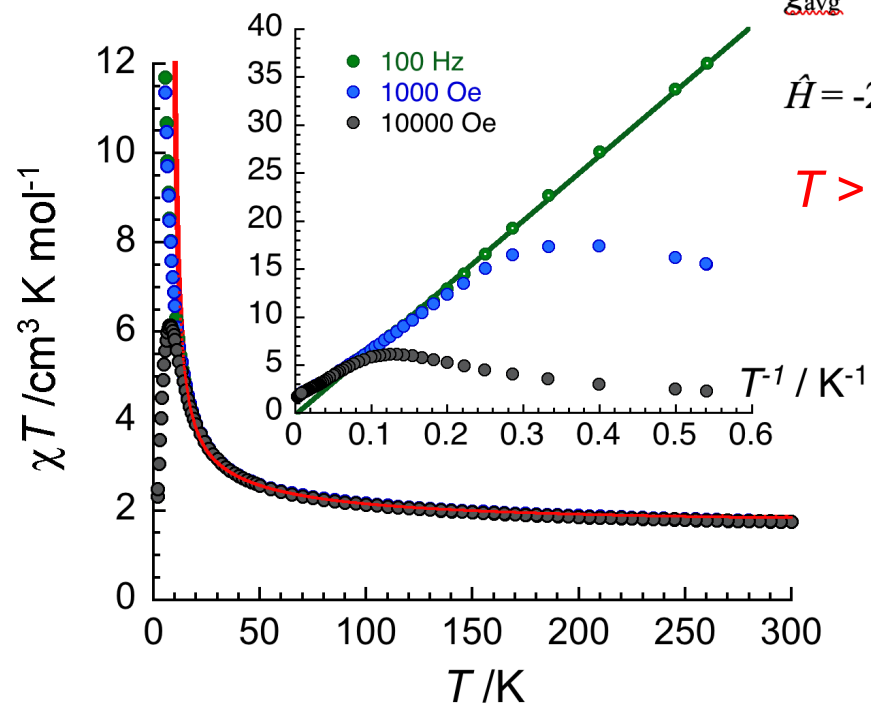
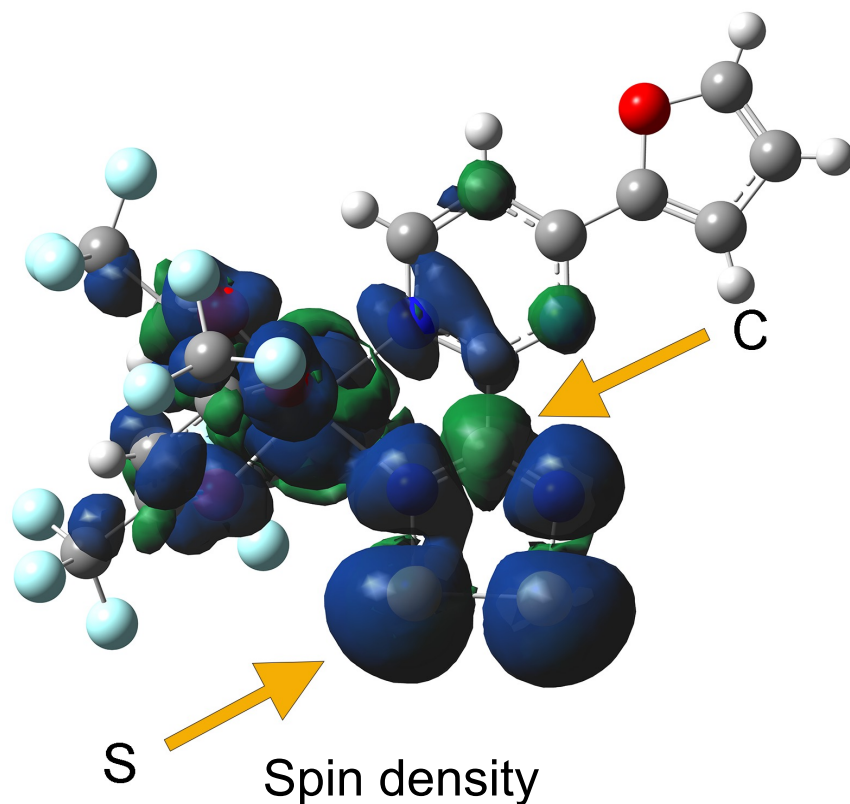
$$J/k_B = +33.9 \text{ K}$$

$$zJ'/k_B = +3.3 \text{ K}$$

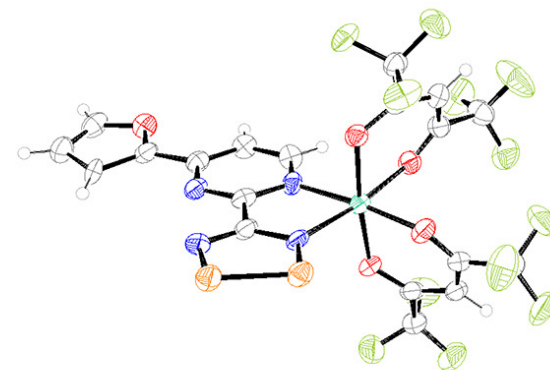
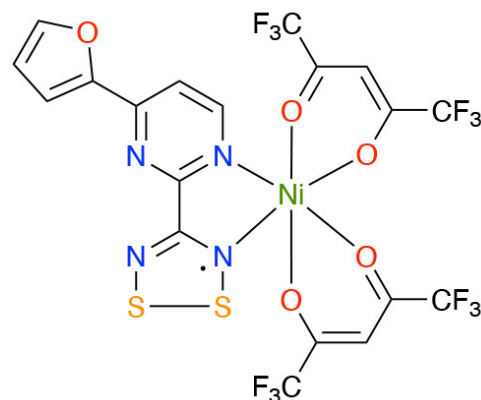
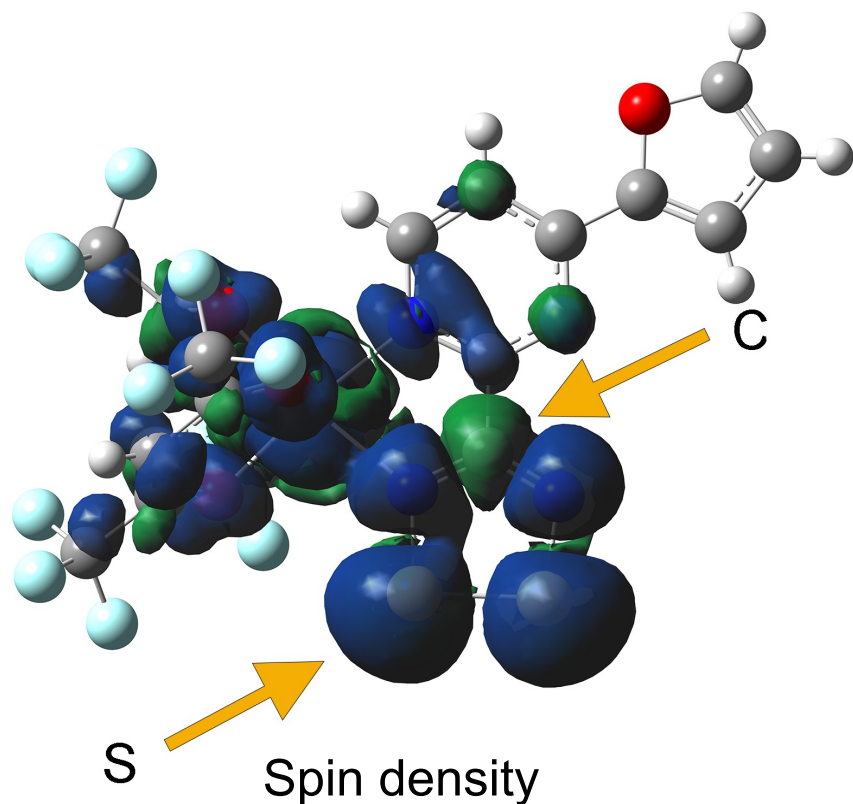
$$g_{\text{avg}} = 2.22$$

$$\hat{H} = -2J\{\hat{S}_{\text{Ni}} \cdot \hat{S}_{\text{rad}}\}$$

$T > 15 \text{ K}$



## Ni fpymDTDA: Heisenberg Model

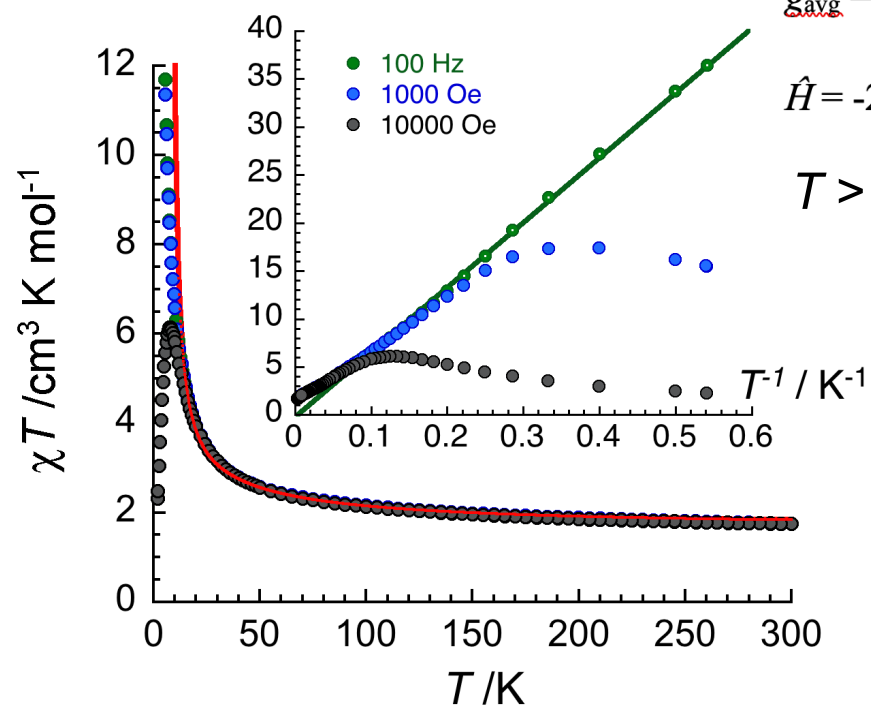
 $T < 15 \text{ K}$  $\chi T$  strongly field-dependentNi(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

$J/k_B = +33.9 \text{ K}$

$zJ'/k_B = +3.3 \text{ K}$

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$\hat{H} = -2J\{\hat{S}_{\text{Ni}} \cdot \hat{S}_{\text{rad}}\}$

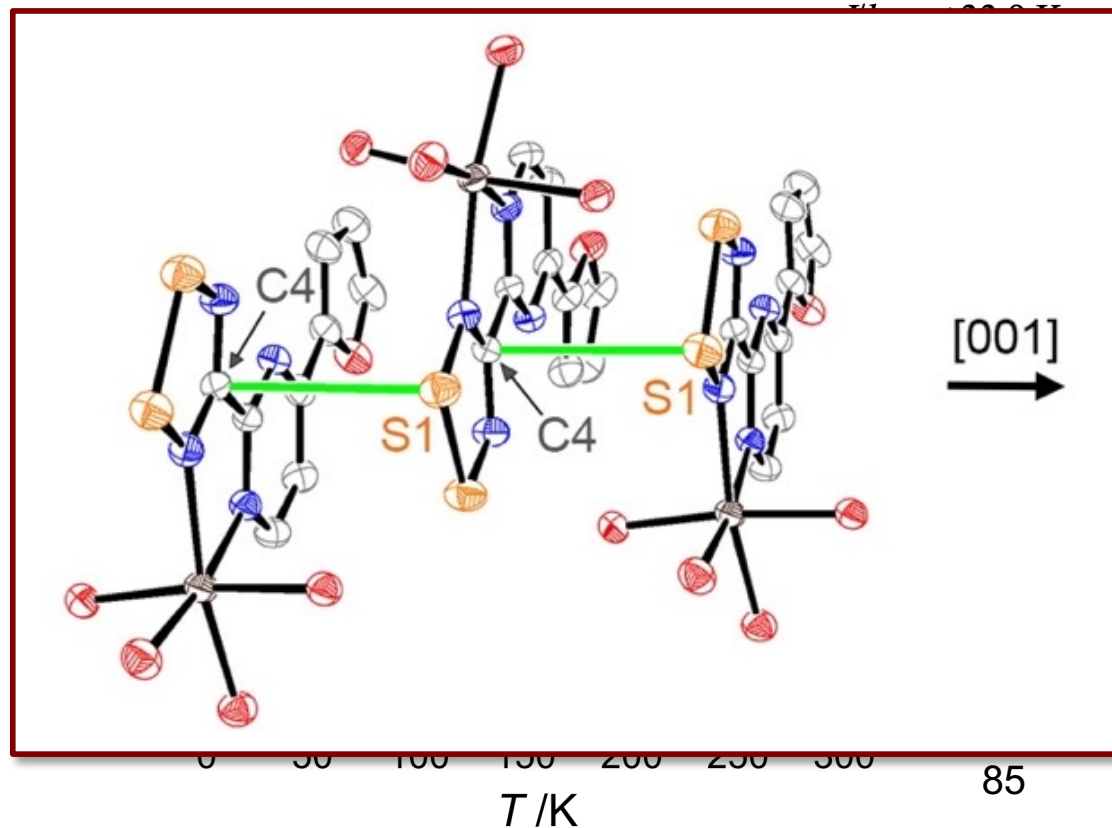
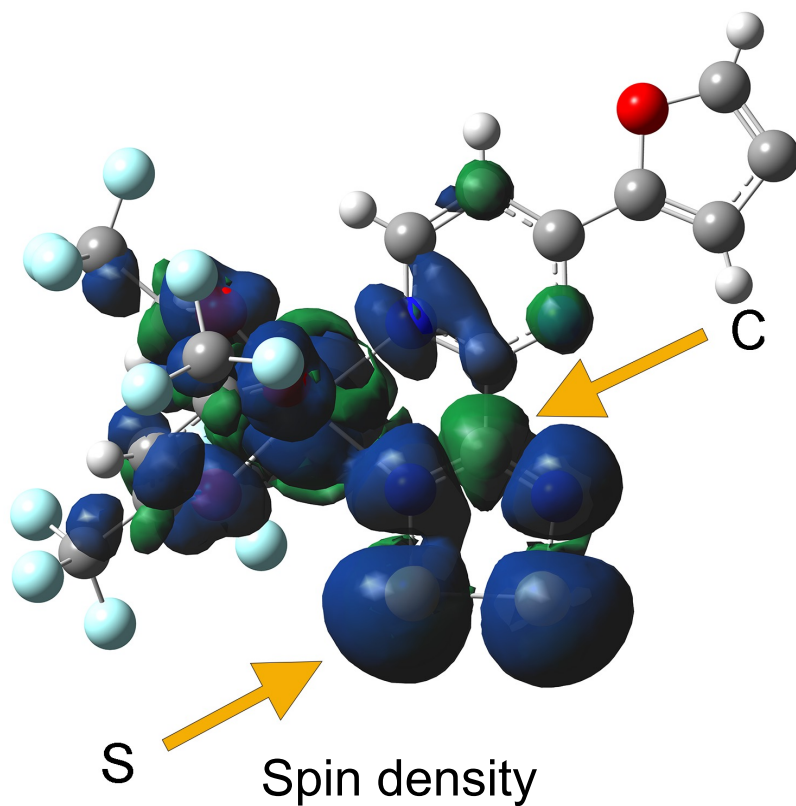
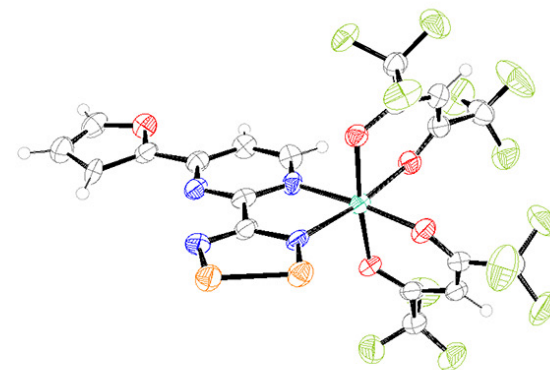
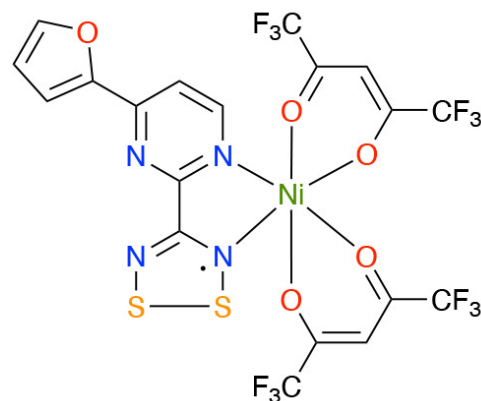
 $T > 15 \text{ K}$ 

# Ni fpymDTDA: Heisenberg Model

$T < 15$  K

Heisenberg  
Spin Chain

$$\hat{H} = -2J_{\text{eff}} \sum_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \vec{S}_{T,i} \vec{S}_{T,i+1}$$



## Ni fpymDTDA: Heisenberg Model

Heisenberg  
Spin Chain $T < 15 \text{ K}$ 

$$\hat{H} = -2J_{\text{eff}} \sum_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \vec{S}_{T,i} \vec{S}_{T,i+1}$$

Fisher model

$$\frac{\chi T}{C} = \frac{2\xi}{l} \approx \frac{4J_{\text{eff}} S_T^2}{k_B T}$$

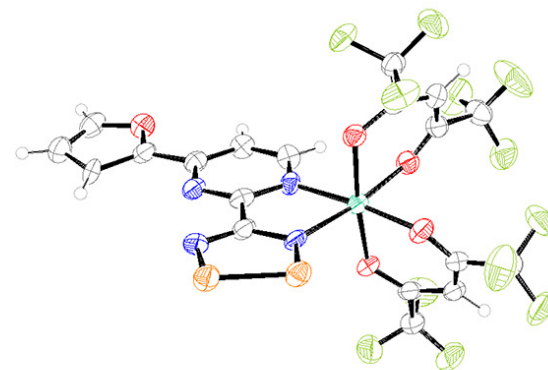
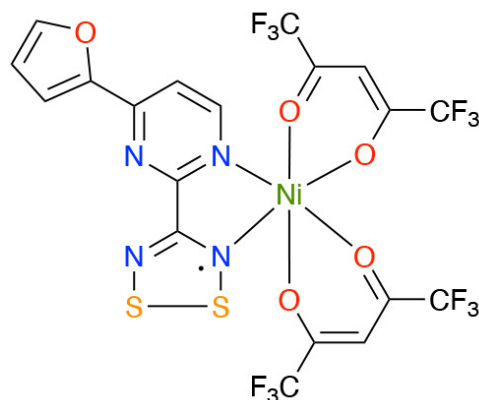
correlation length  $\xi$ 

$$4J_{\text{eff}} S_T^2 / k_B = 62.6 / C$$

$$C = 1.67 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ K mol}^{-1}$$

$$J_{\text{eff}} / k_B = +4.5 \text{ K}$$

Isotropic (classical) Heisenberg spins

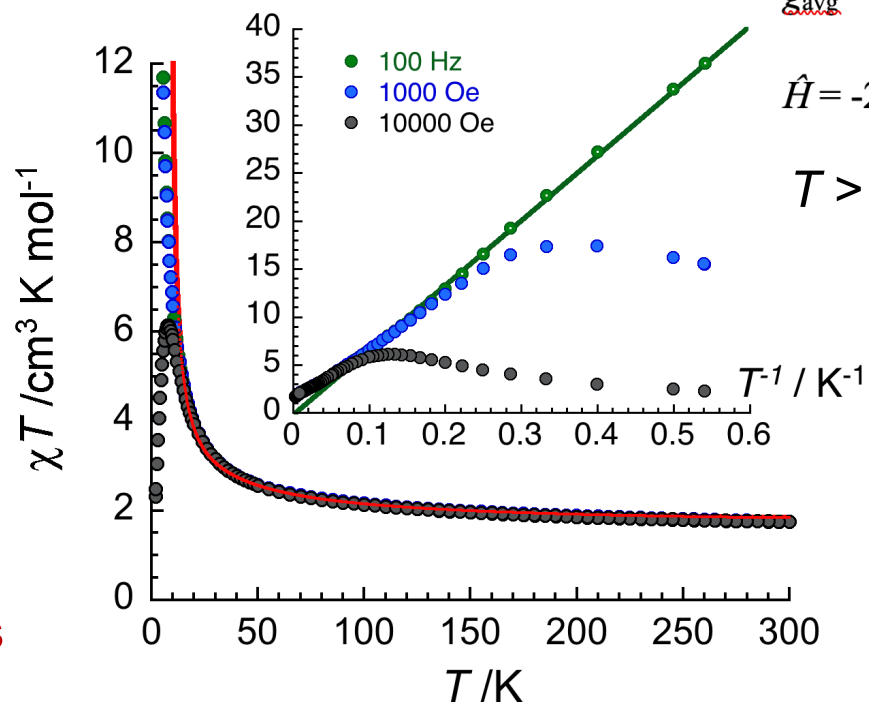
Ni(II) complex  $S_T = 3/2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

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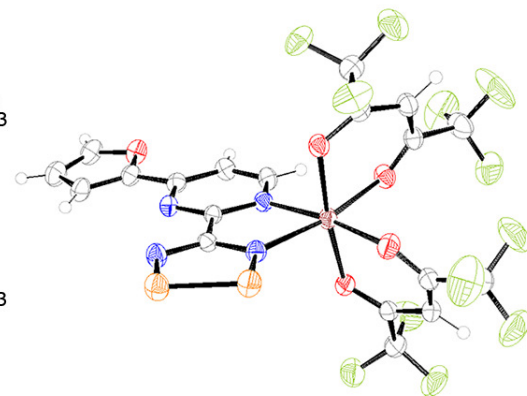
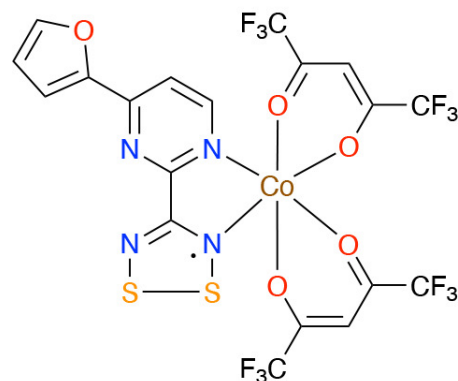
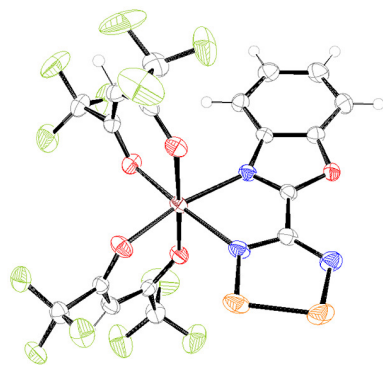
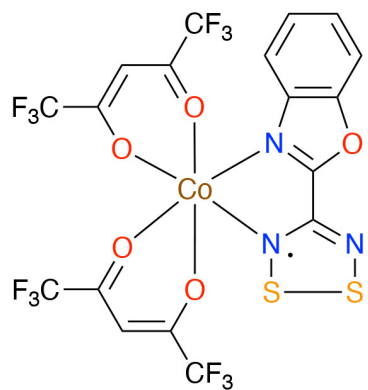
$$zJ'/k_B = +3.3 \text{ K}$$

$$g_{\text{avg}} = 2.22$$

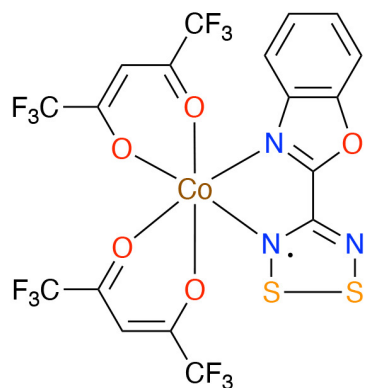
$$\hat{H} = -2J \{ \vec{S}_{\text{Ni}} \cdot \vec{S}_{\text{rad}} \}$$

 $T > 15 \text{ K}$ 

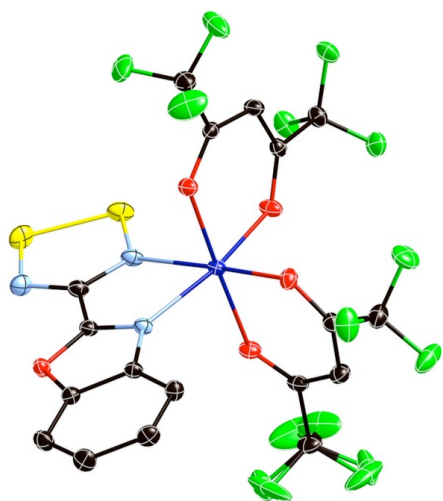
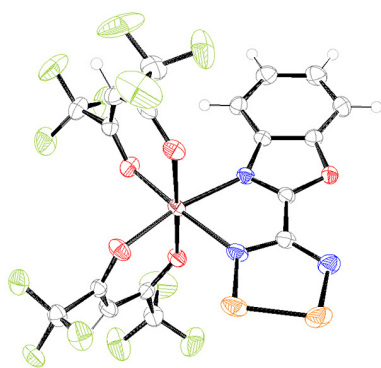
# Co boaDTDA vs. Co fpymDTDA



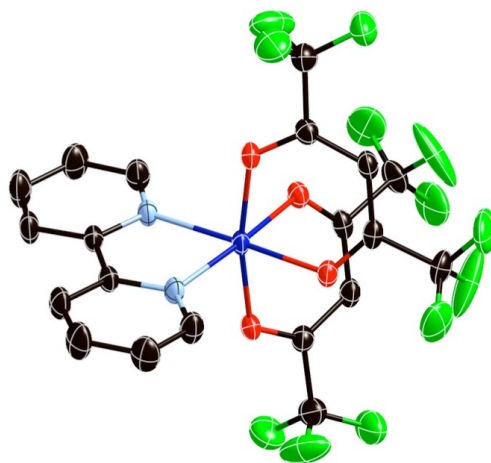
## Co boaDTDA: FM Coupling



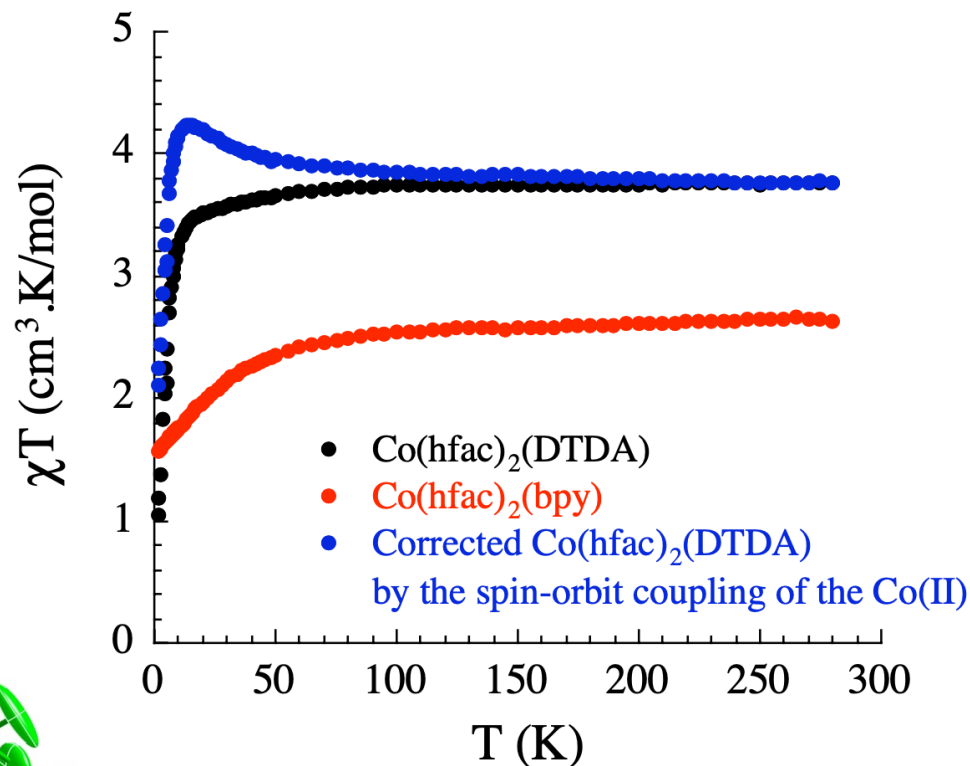
*hs*-Co(II) complex  $S_T = 2$   
FM intermolecular interactions



Co(hfac)<sub>2</sub>(DTDA)



Co(hfac)<sub>2</sub>(bpy)



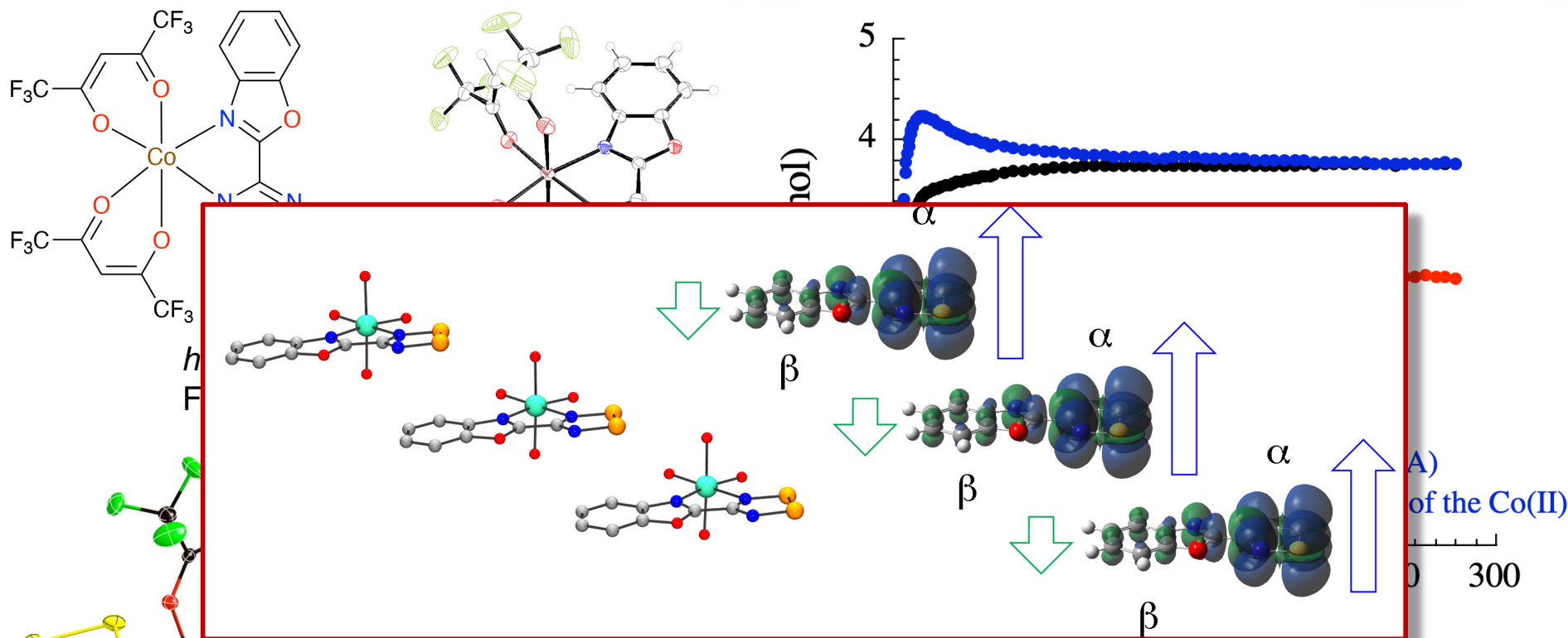
$$J/k_B = +9.5(8) \text{ K}$$

$$zJ'/k_B = -0.26(3) \text{ K}$$

$$g_{\text{avg}} = 2.46(5)$$

$$\hat{H} = -2J\{\hat{S}_{\text{Co}} \bullet \hat{S}_{\text{rad}}\}$$

# Co boaDTDA: FM Coupling



$$J/k_B = +9.5(8) \text{ K}$$

$$zJ'/k_B = -0.26(3) \text{ K}$$

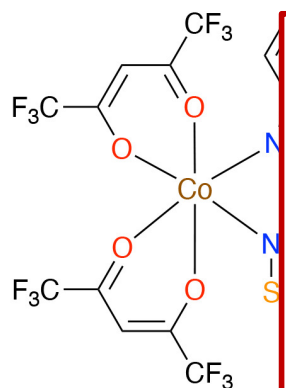
$$g_{\text{avg}} = 2.46(5)$$

Co(hfac)<sub>2</sub>(DTDA)

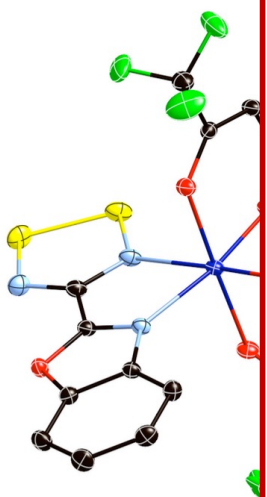
Co(hfac)<sub>2</sub>(bpy)

$$\hat{H} = -2J\{\hat{S}_{\text{Co}} \cdot \hat{S}_{\text{rad}}\}$$

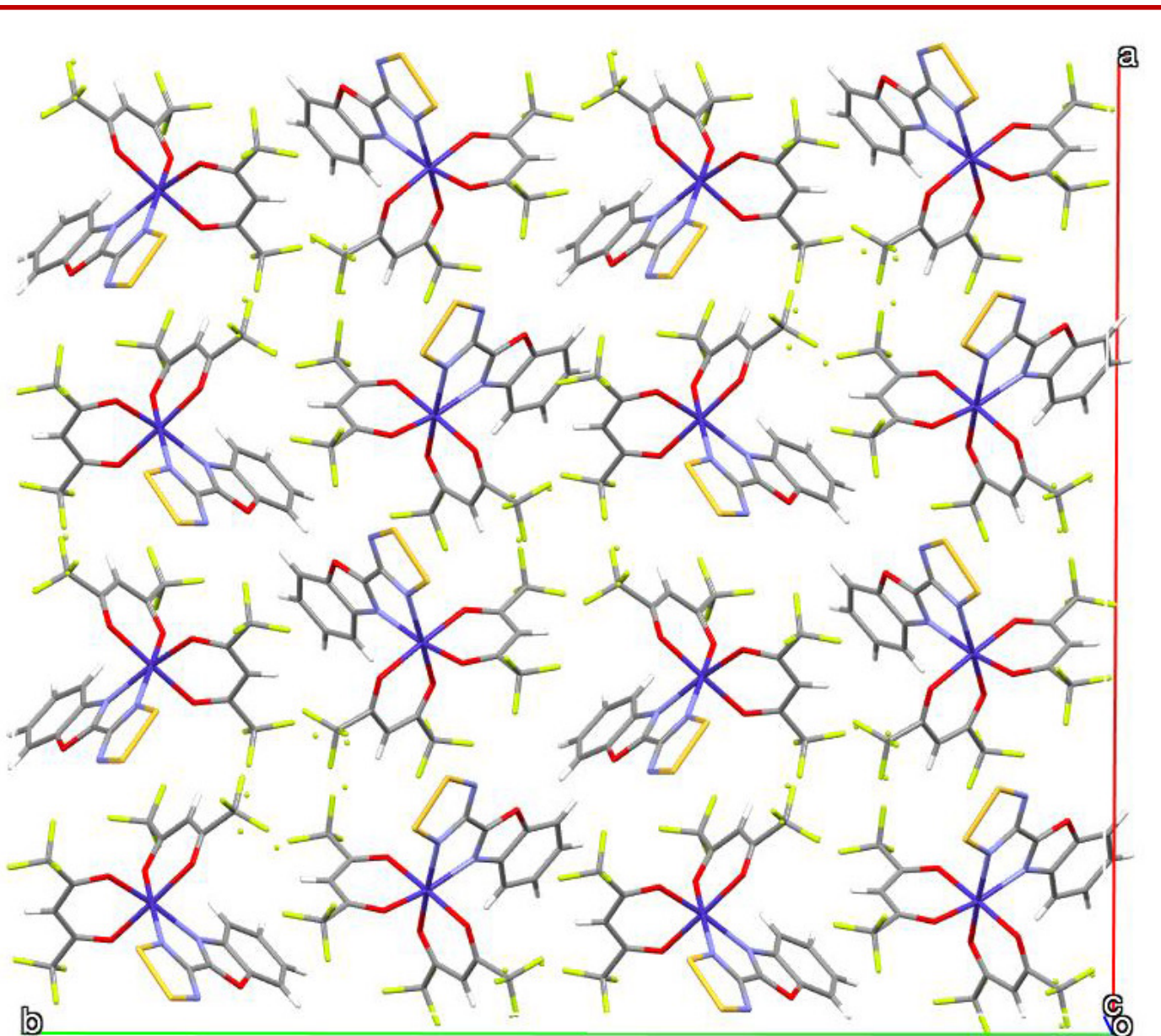
# Co boaDTDA: FM Coupling



*hs-FM*



Co(hfac)<sub>2</sub>

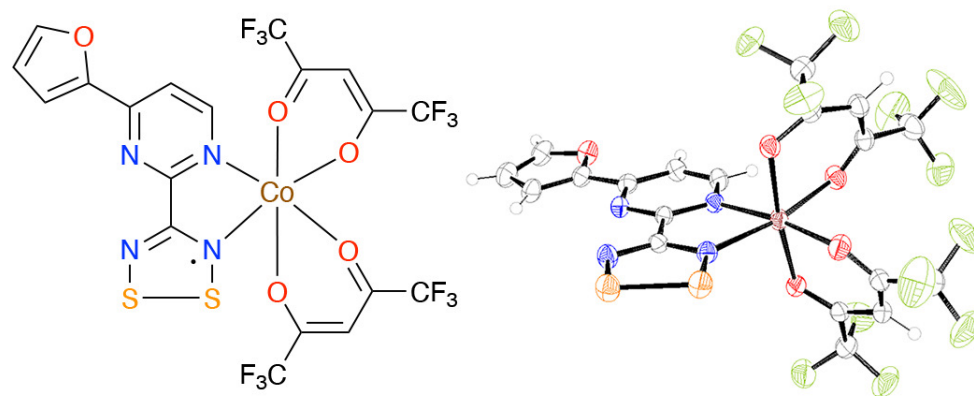


A) of the Co(II)

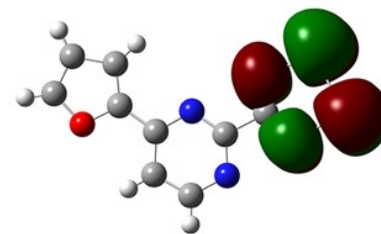
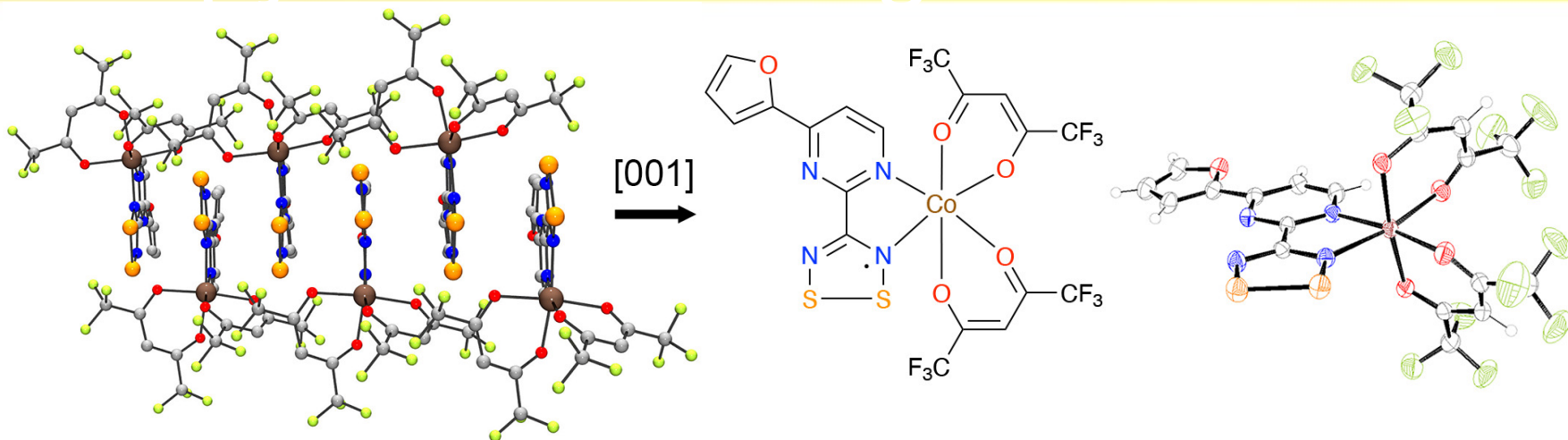
300

90

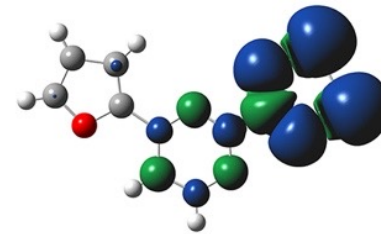
# Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model & FM



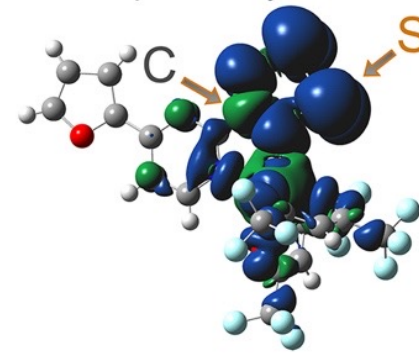
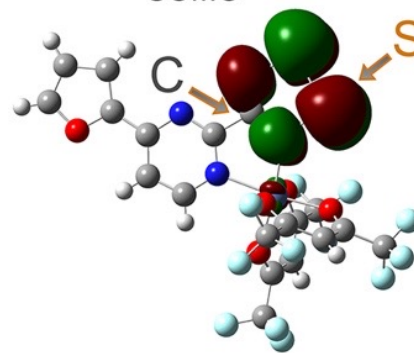
# Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model & FM



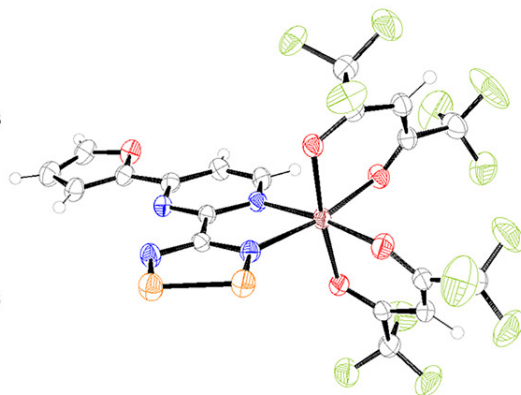
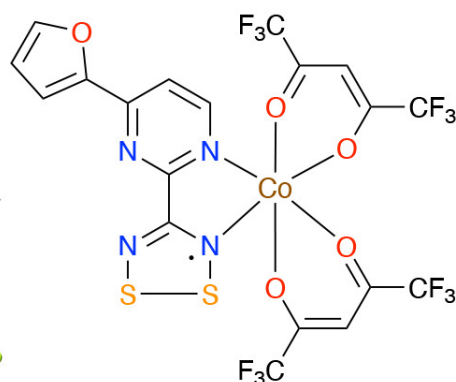
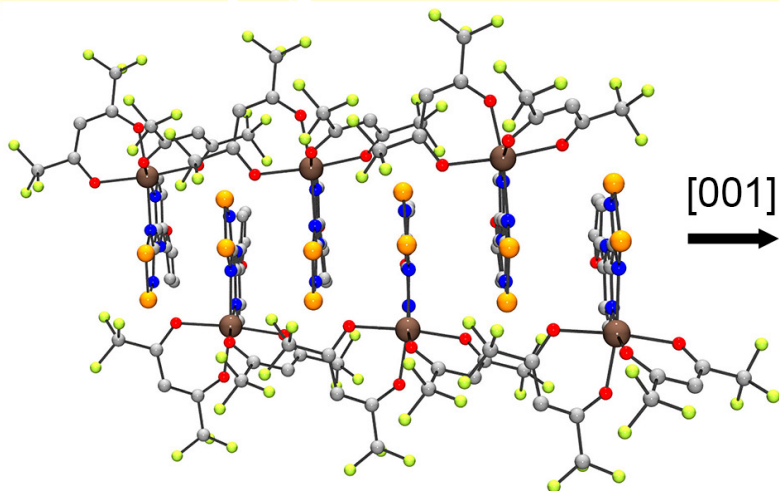
SOMO



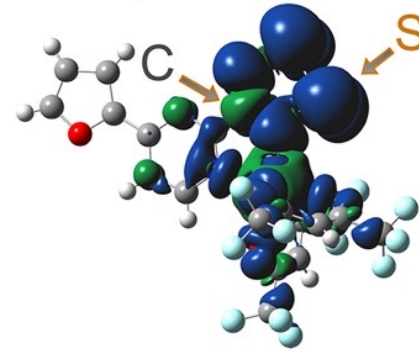
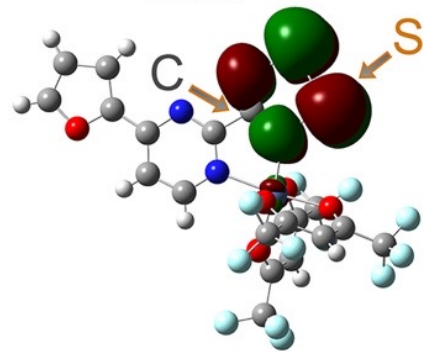
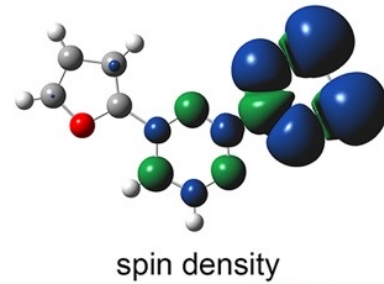
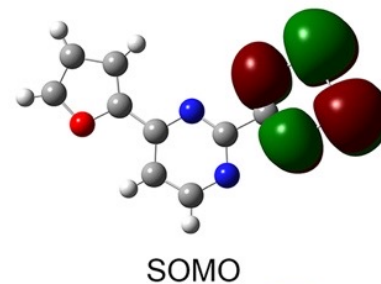
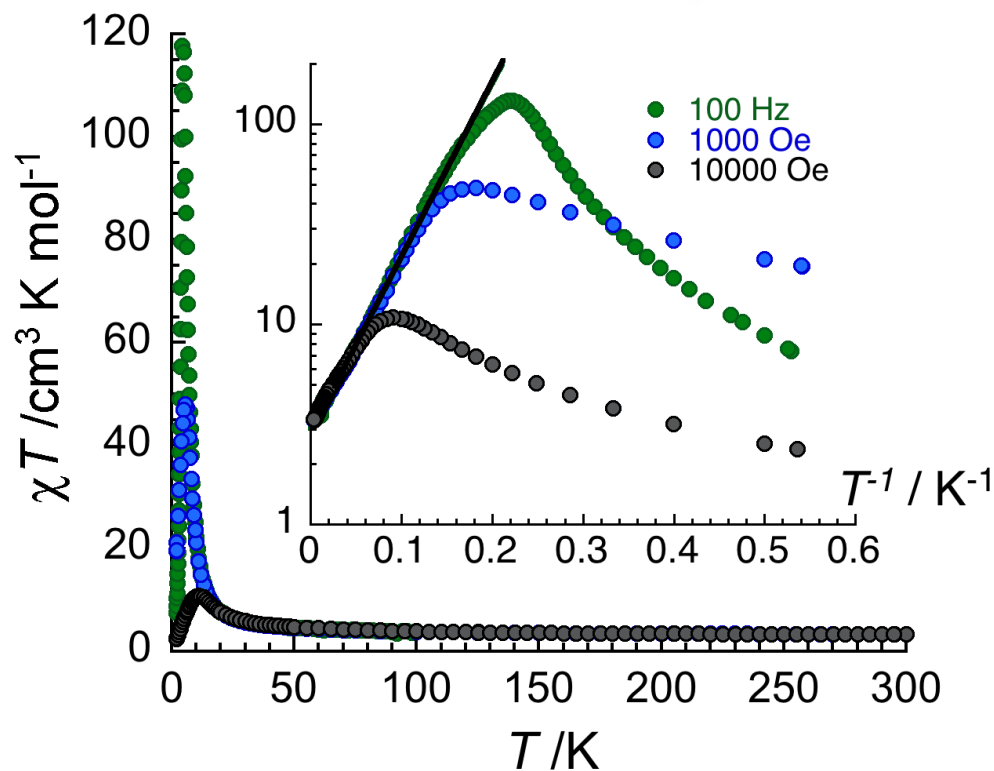
spin density



# Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model & FM

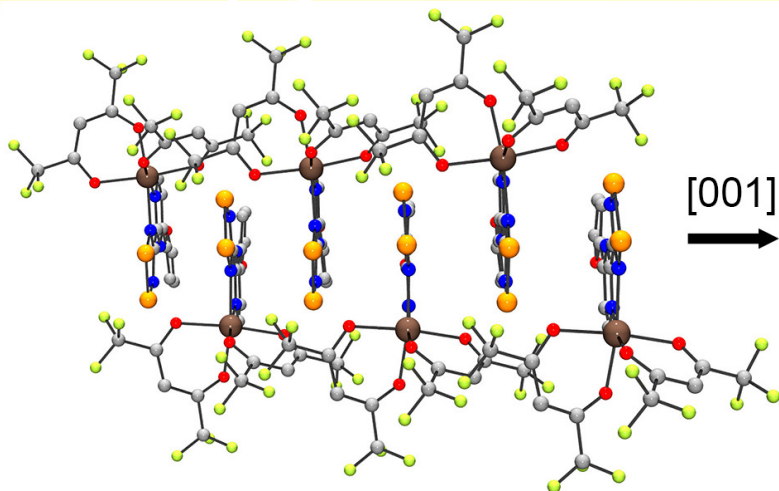


*hs*-Co(II) complex  $S_T = 2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

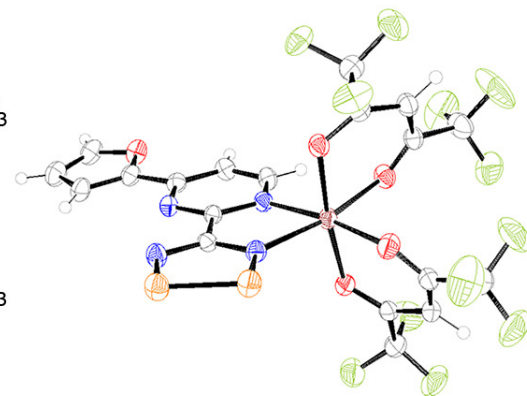
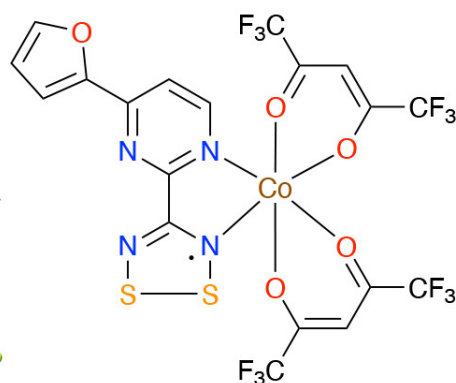


93

# Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model & FM



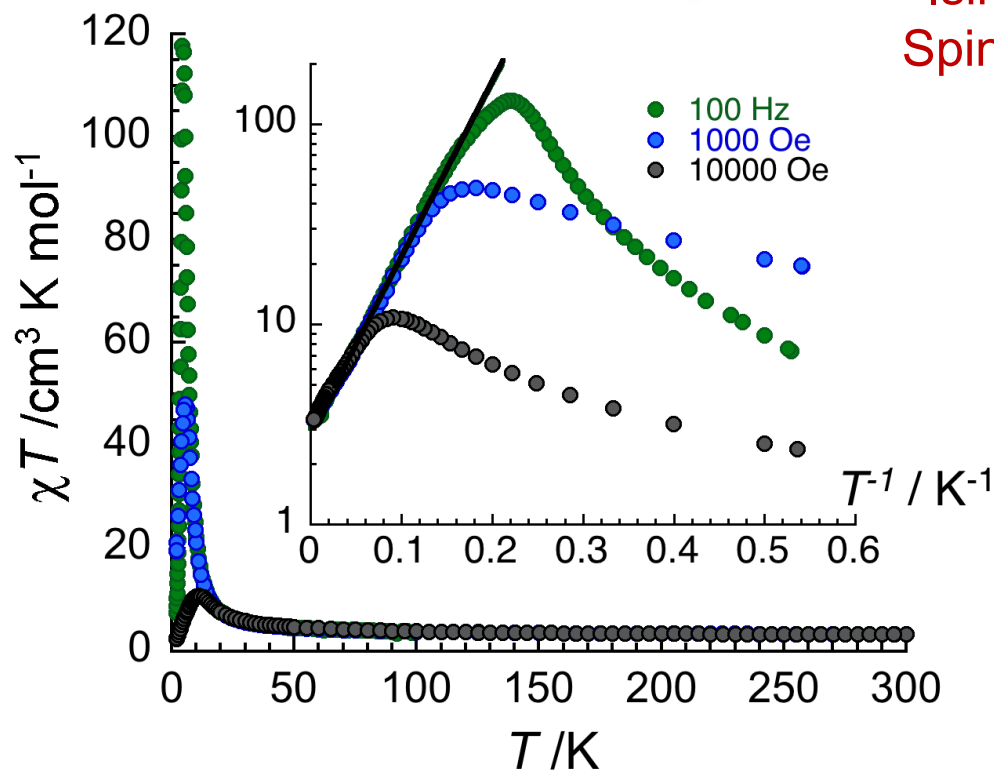
[001]



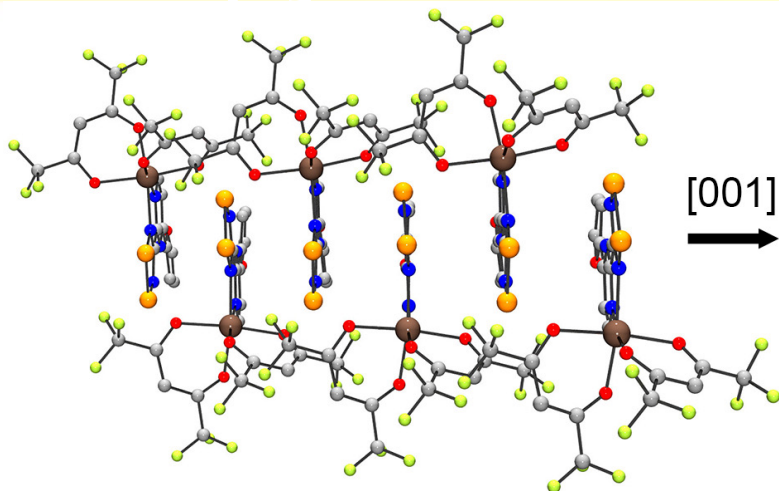
Ising-like  
Spin Chain

*hs*-Co(II) complex  $S_T = 2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

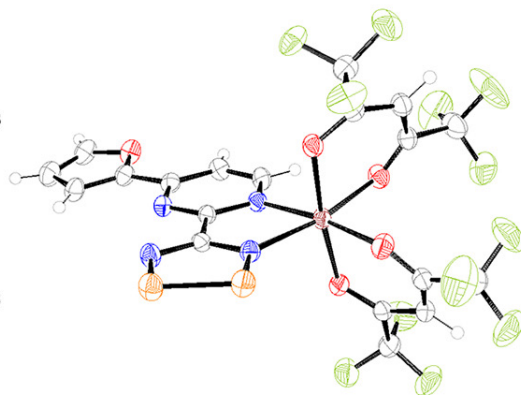
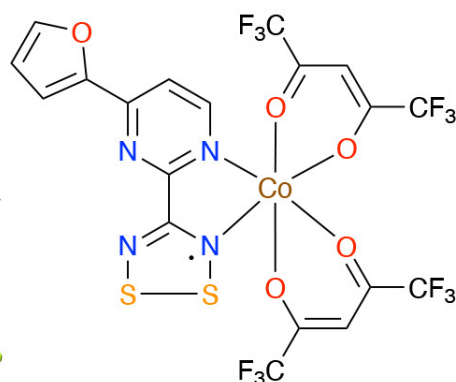
$$\frac{\chi T}{C} = \frac{2\xi}{l} \approx \exp\left(\frac{\Delta_\xi}{k_B T}\right)$$



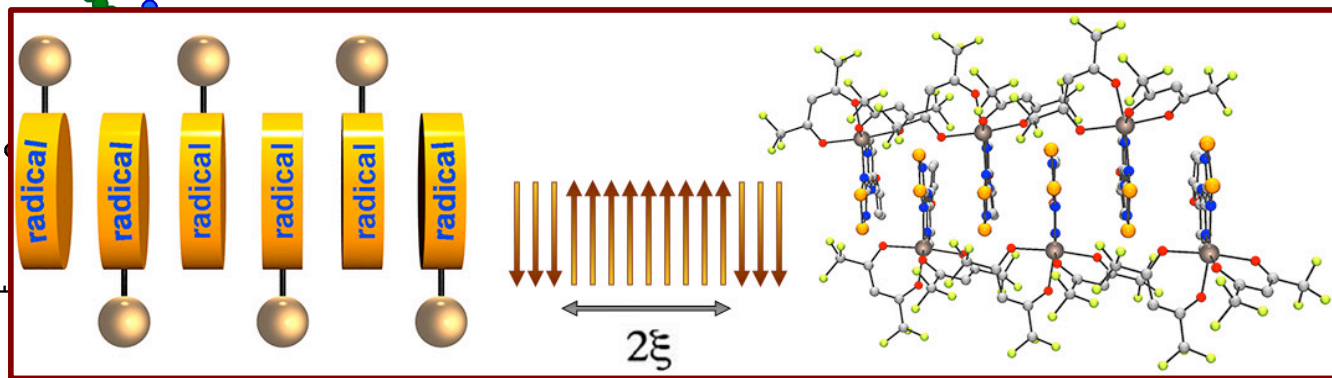
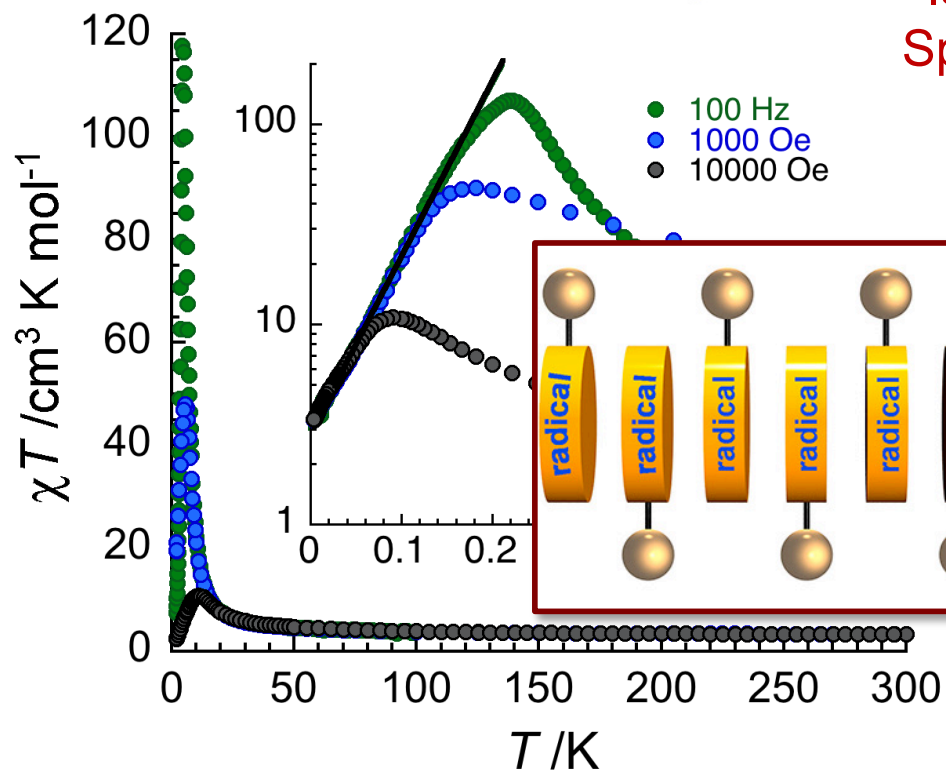
## Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model &amp; FM



[001]

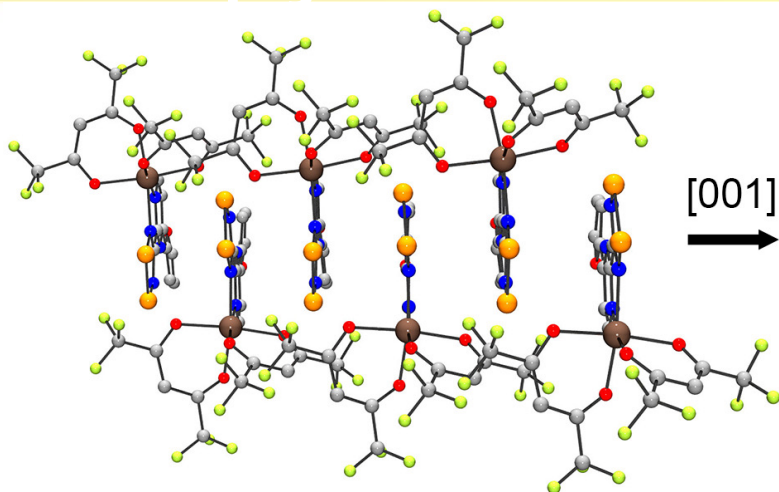
Ising-like  
Spin Chain*hs*-Co(II) complex  $S_T = 2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

$$\frac{\chi T}{C} = \frac{2\xi}{l} \approx \exp\left(\frac{\Delta_\xi}{k_B T}\right)$$

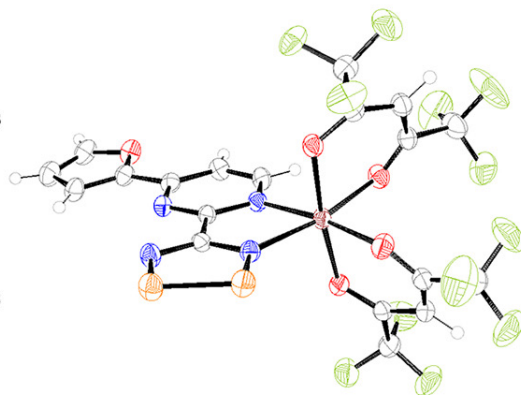
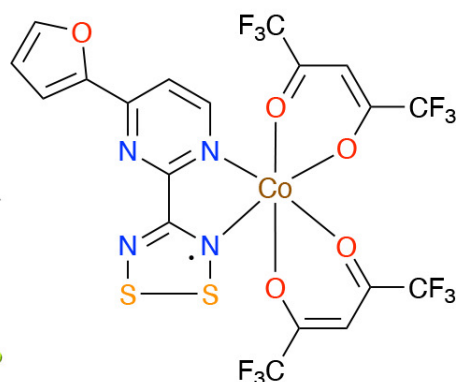


where  $\Delta_\xi$  is the formation  
energy of a domain wall 95  
along the chain

# Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model & FM



[001]



Ising-like  
Spin Chain

*hs*-Co(II) complex  $S_T = 2$   
FM intermolecular interactions

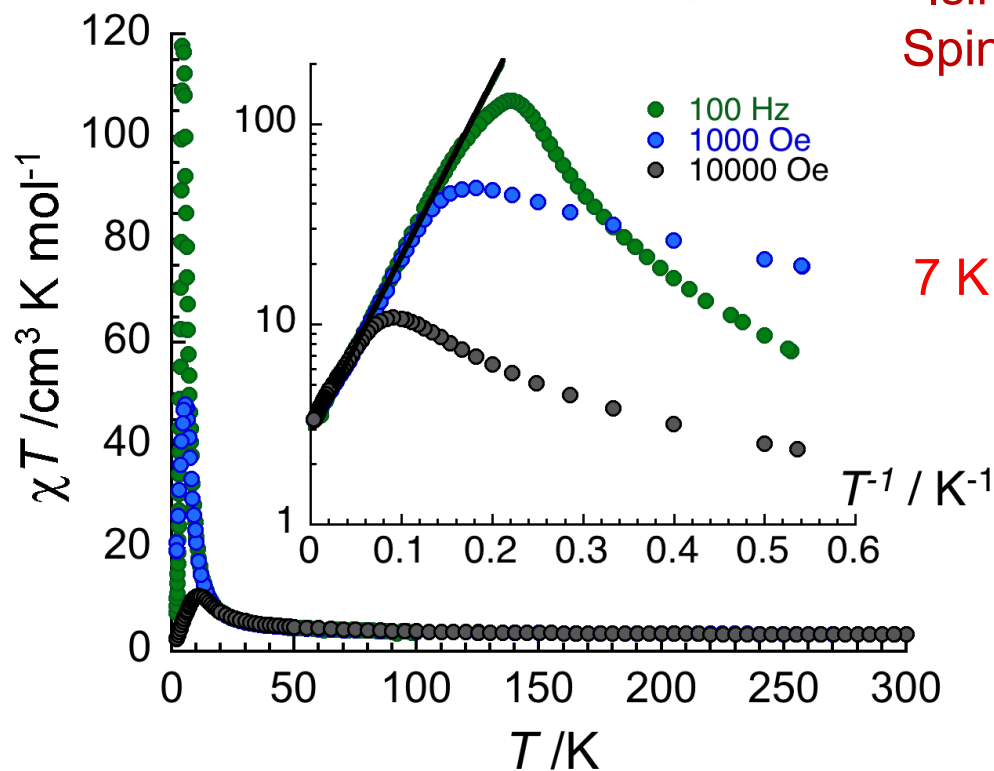
$$\frac{\chi T}{C} = \frac{2\xi}{l} \approx \exp\left(\frac{\Delta_\xi}{k_B T}\right)$$

$7 \text{ K} < T < 30 \text{ K}$

$$\Delta_\xi = 4J_{\text{eff}}S_T^2$$

$\Delta_\xi/k_B$  can be estimated  $\sim 21 \text{ K}$

$$J_{\text{eff}}/k_B = +1.3 \text{ K}$$



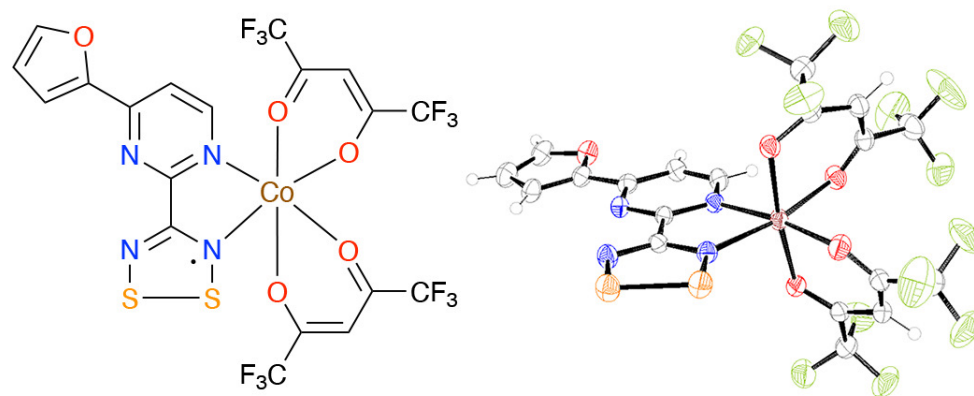
where  $\Delta_\xi$  is the formation  
energy of a domain wall  
along the chain

## Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model &amp; FM

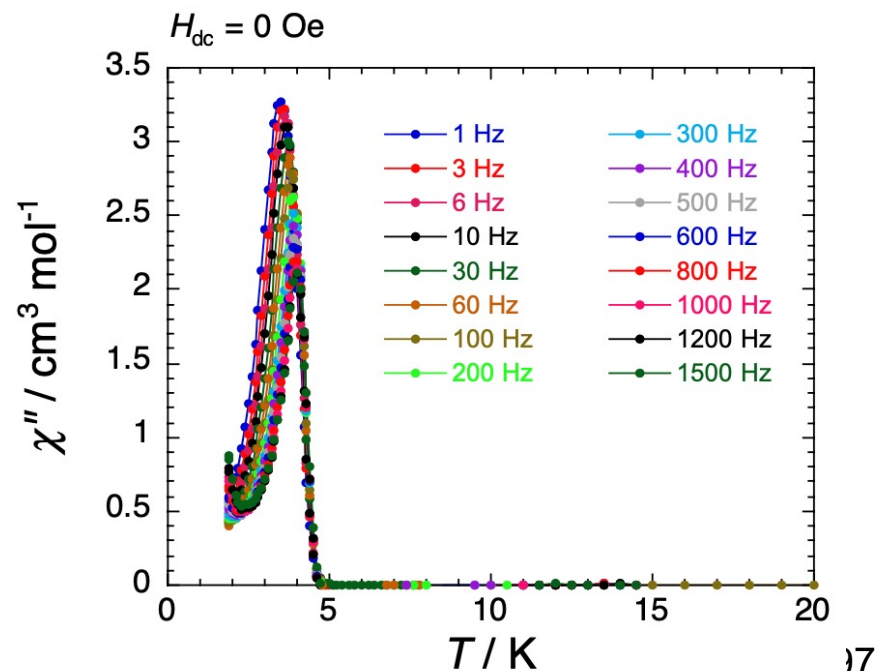
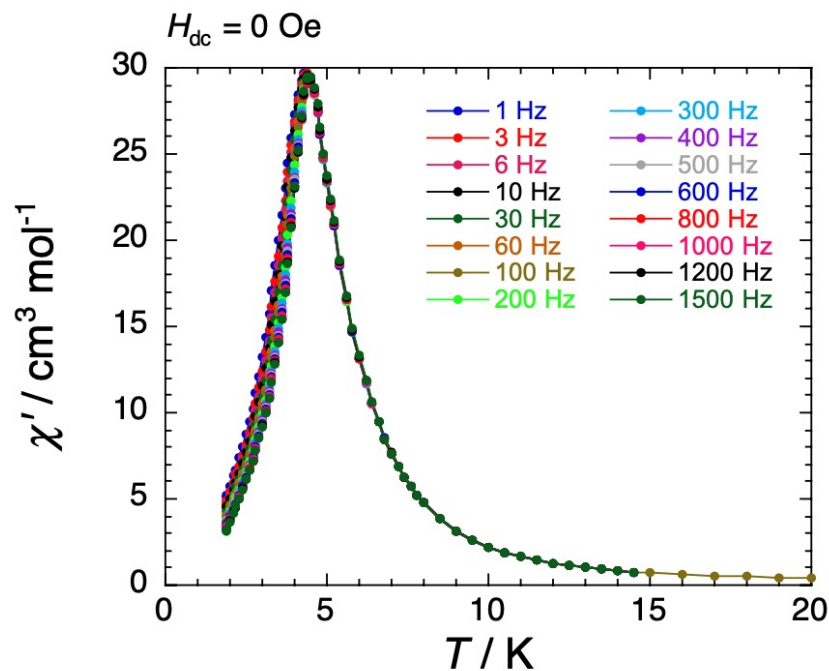
$$g_{\text{avg}} = 2.54$$

$$T_C = 4.6 \text{ K}$$

FM Ordering



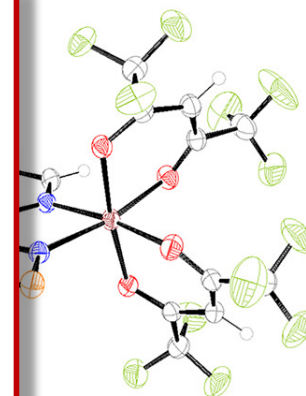
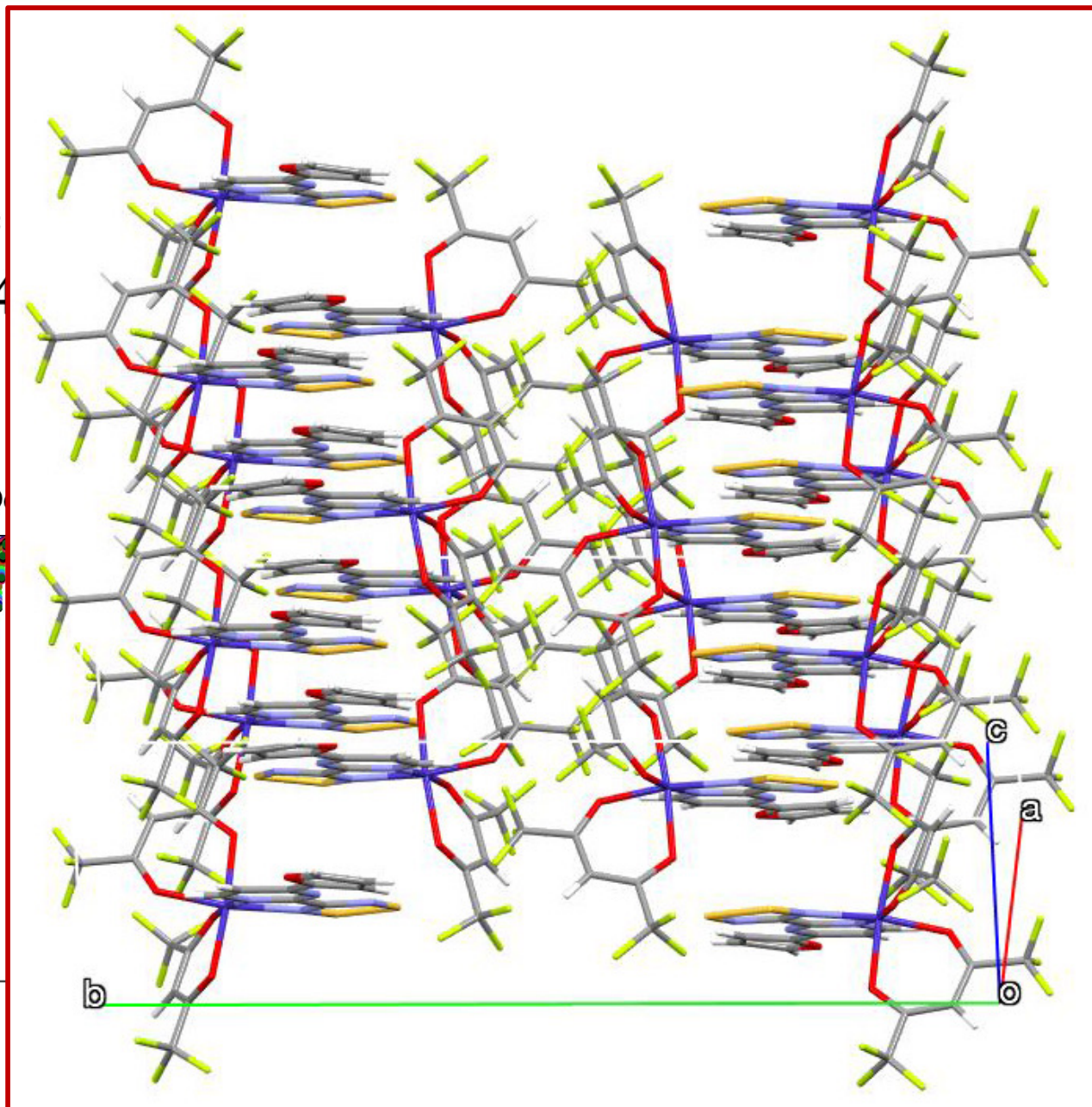
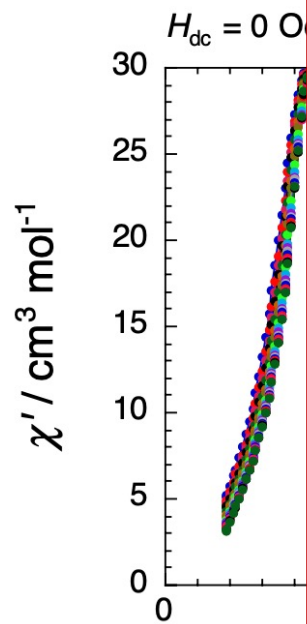
hs-Co(II) complex  $S_T = 2$   
FM intermolecular interactions



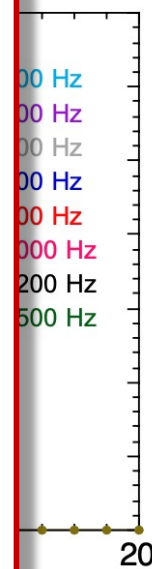
# Co fpymDTDA: Ising Model & FM

$$g_{\text{avg}} =$$

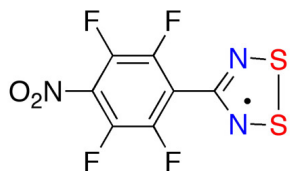
$$T_C = 4$$



$S_T = 2$   
interactions

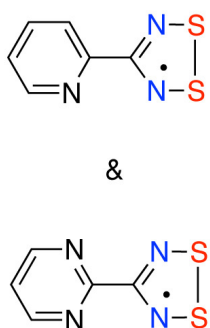


# Thiazyl Radicals - Properties

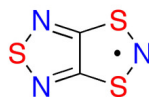


**FM ordering < 1.6 K**

J. M. Rawson, *et al.*,  
*Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2003**, 42, 4782.

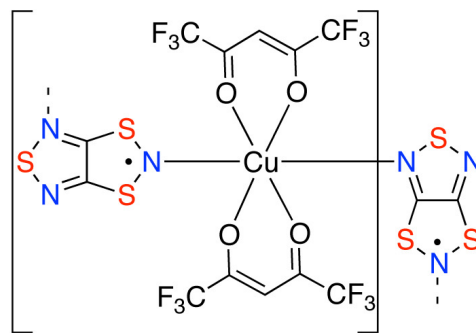


Preuss, *et al.*, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 9942.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2006**, 341.

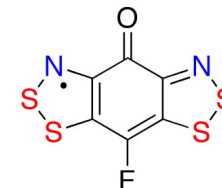


**RT magnetic bistability**

W. Fujita & K. Awaga,  
*Science*, **1999**, 286, 261.

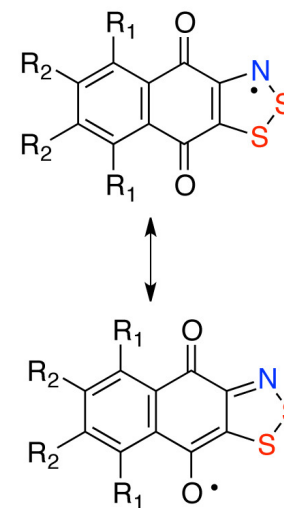


W. Fujita & K. Awaga,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2001**, 123, 3601.



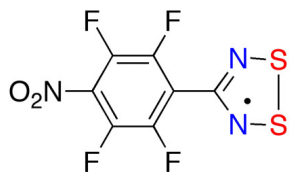
**Metallic conductivity  
> 3 GPa**

R. T. Oakley, *et al.*,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2012**, 134, 9886.



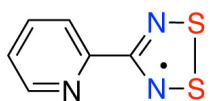
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2012**, 46, 10963.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* **2021**, 60, 11338.

# Thiazyl Radicals - Properties

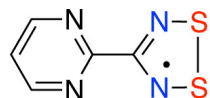


**FM ordering < 1.6 K**

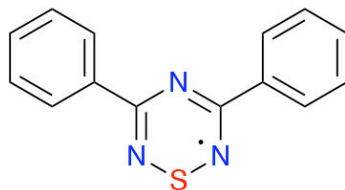
J. M. Rawson, *et al.*,  
*Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2003**, 42, 4782.



&

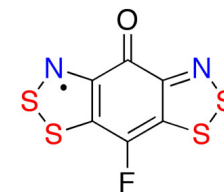


Preuss, *et al.*, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 9942.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2006**, 341.



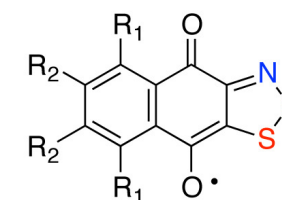
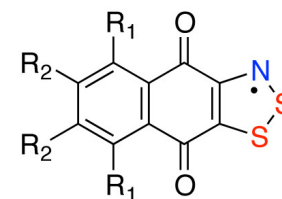
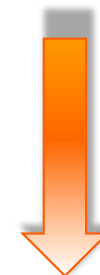
**3 stable oxidation states**

R. T. Oakley, *et al.*  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1985**, 107, 1346.



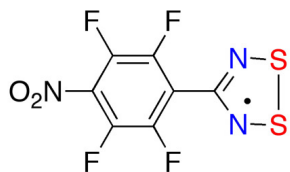
**Metallic conductivity  
> 3 GPa**

R. T. Oakley, *et al.*,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2012**, 134, 9886.



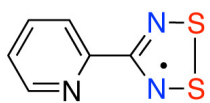
100  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2012**, 46, 10963.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* **2021**, 60, 11338.

# Thiazyl Radicals - Properties

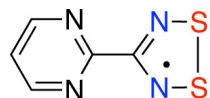


**FM ordering < 1.6 K**

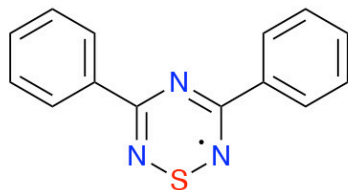
J. M. Rawson, *et al.*,  
*Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2003**, 42, 4782.



&

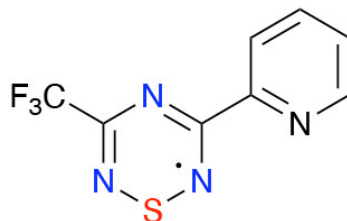


Preuss, *et al.*, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, 126, 9942.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2006**, 341.

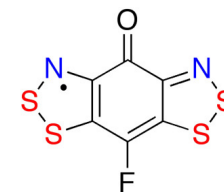


**3 stable oxidation states**

R. T. Oakley, *et al.*  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1985**, 107, 1346.

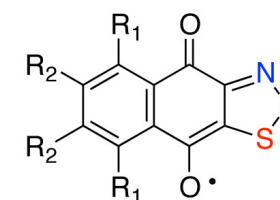
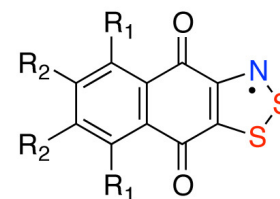


Boéré & Preuss, *et al.* unpublished work



**Metallic conductivity  
> 3 GPa**

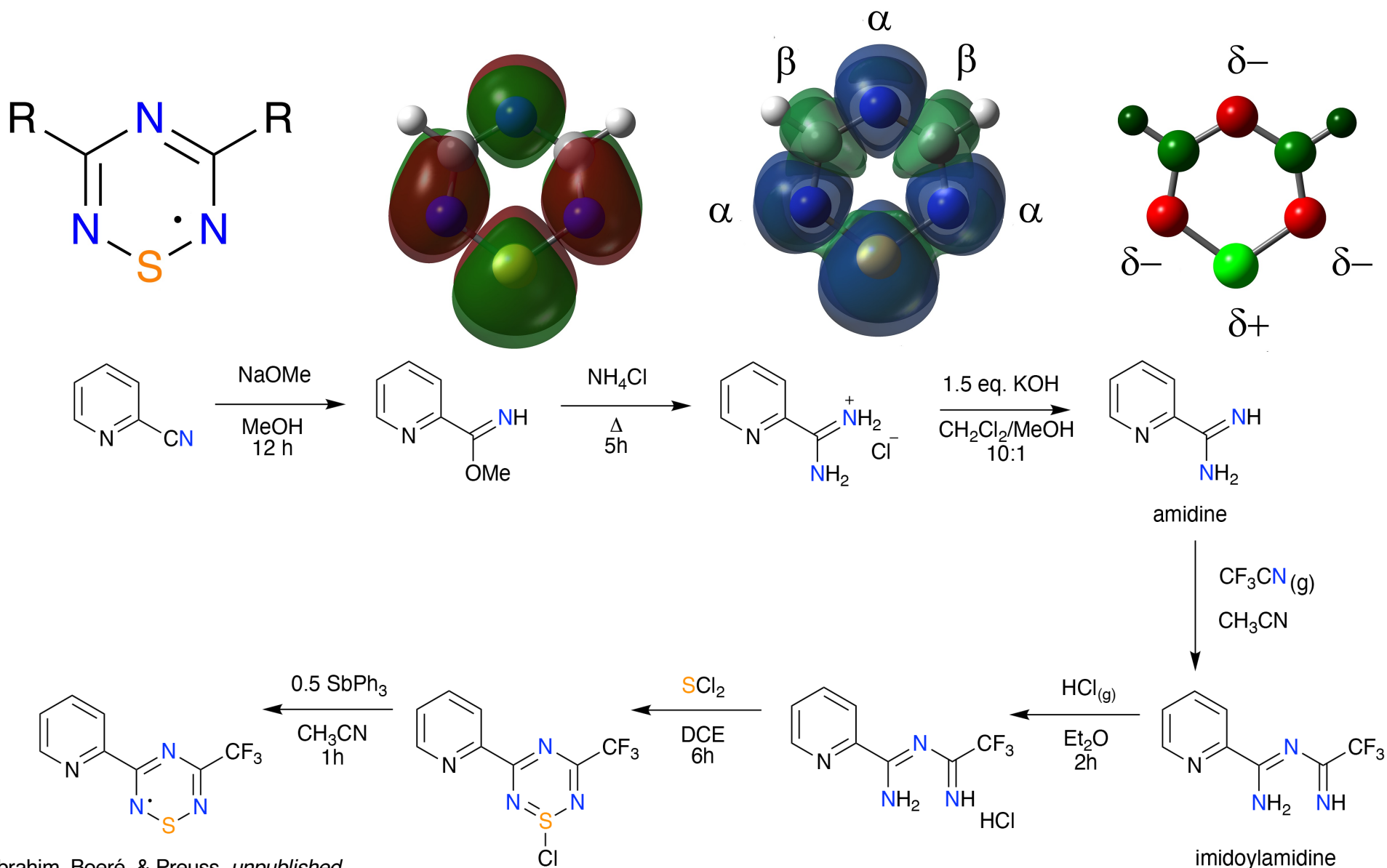
R. T. Oakley, *et al.*,  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2012**, 134, 9886.



101  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Chem. Commun.* **2012**, 46, 10963.  
Preuss, *et al.*, *Inorg. Chem.* **2021**, 60, 11338.

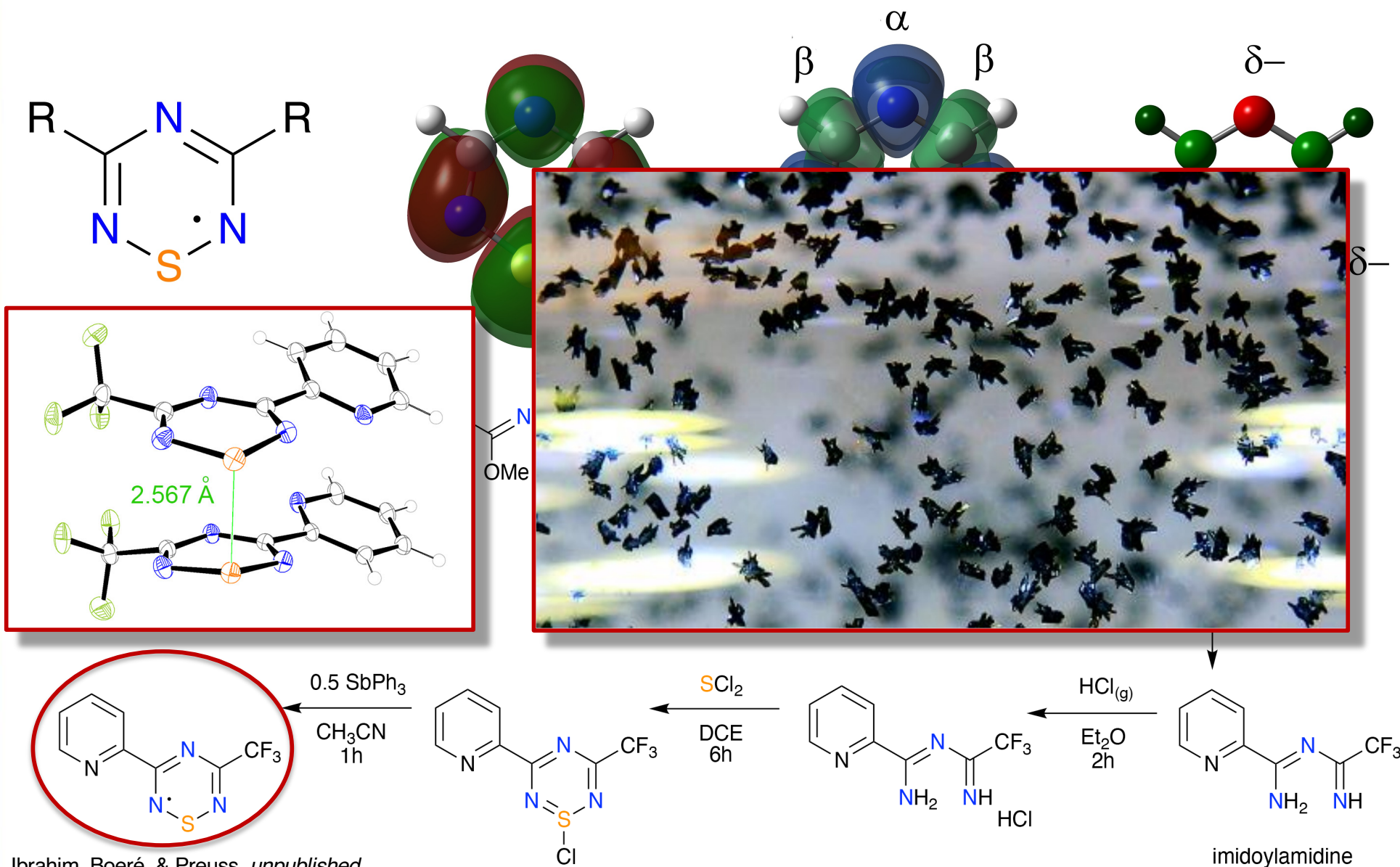
# 1,2,4,6-Thiatriazinyl Radical

## 1,2,4,6-Thiatriazinyl Neutral Radical



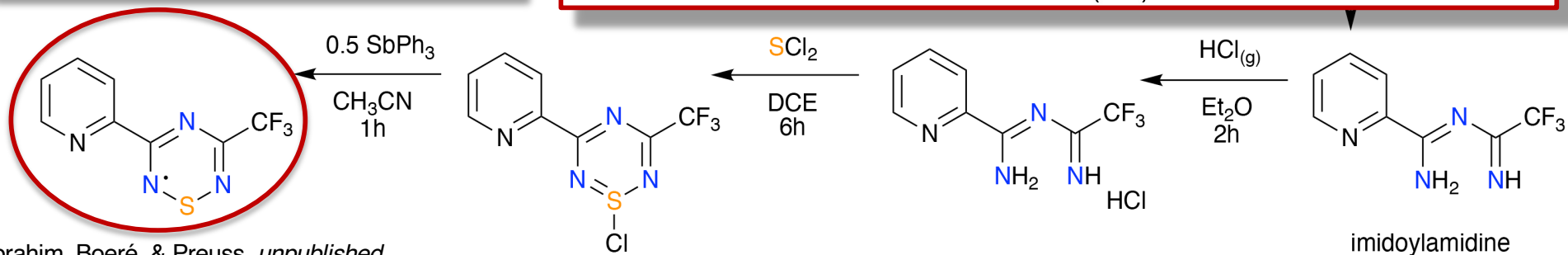
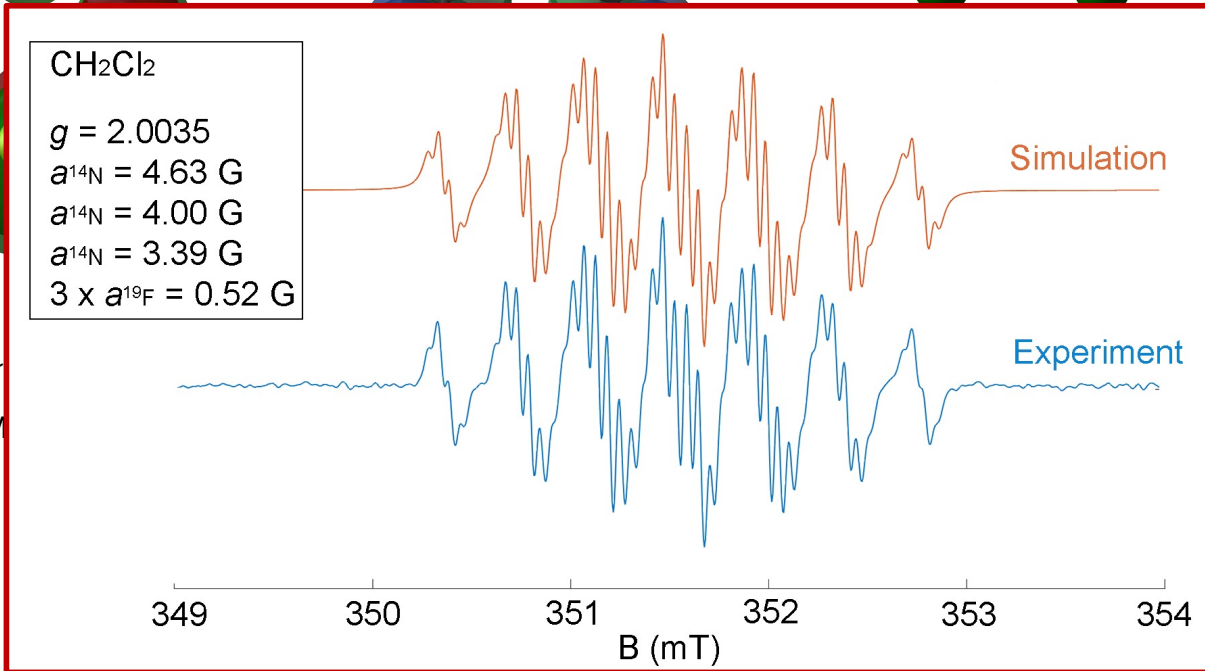
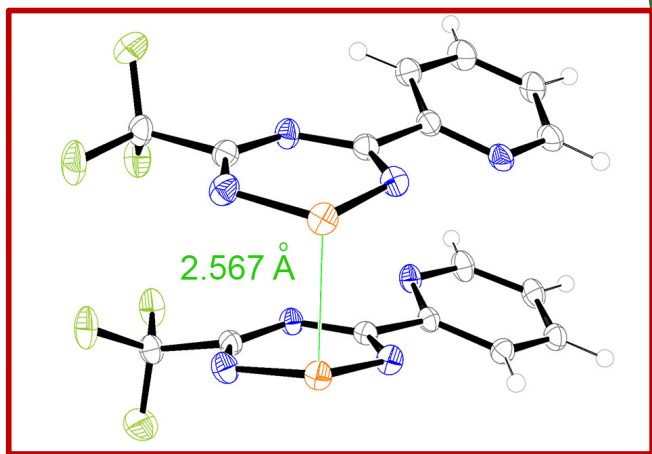
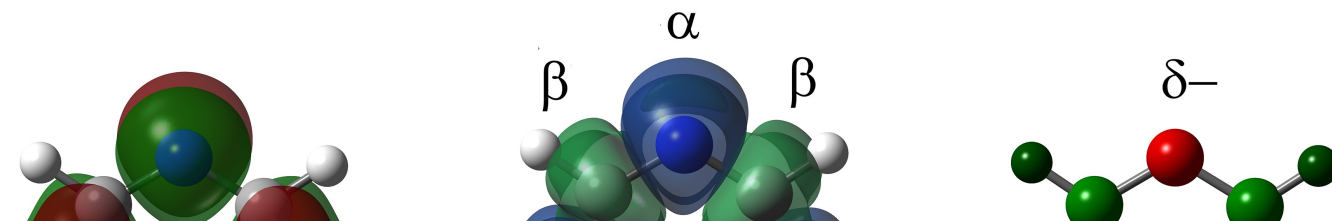
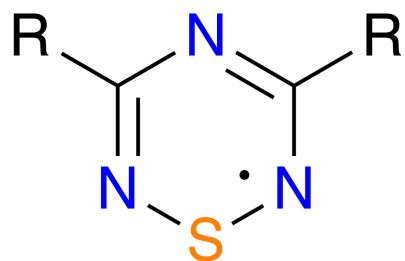
# 1,2,4,6-Thiatriazinyl Radical

## 1,2,4,6-Thiatriazinyl Neutral Radical

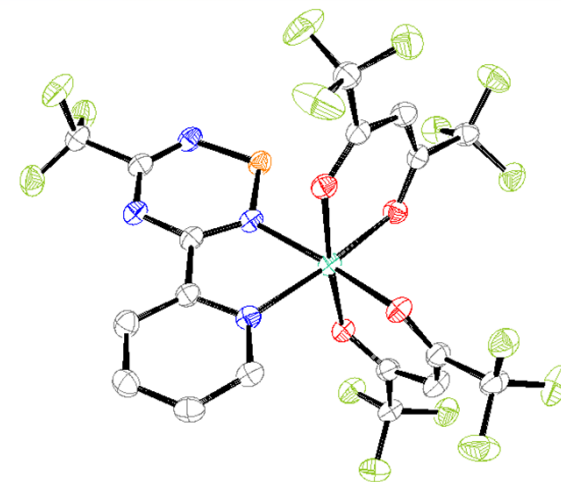


# 1,2,4,6-Thiatriazinyl Radical

## 1,2,4,6-Thiatriazinyl Neutral Radical



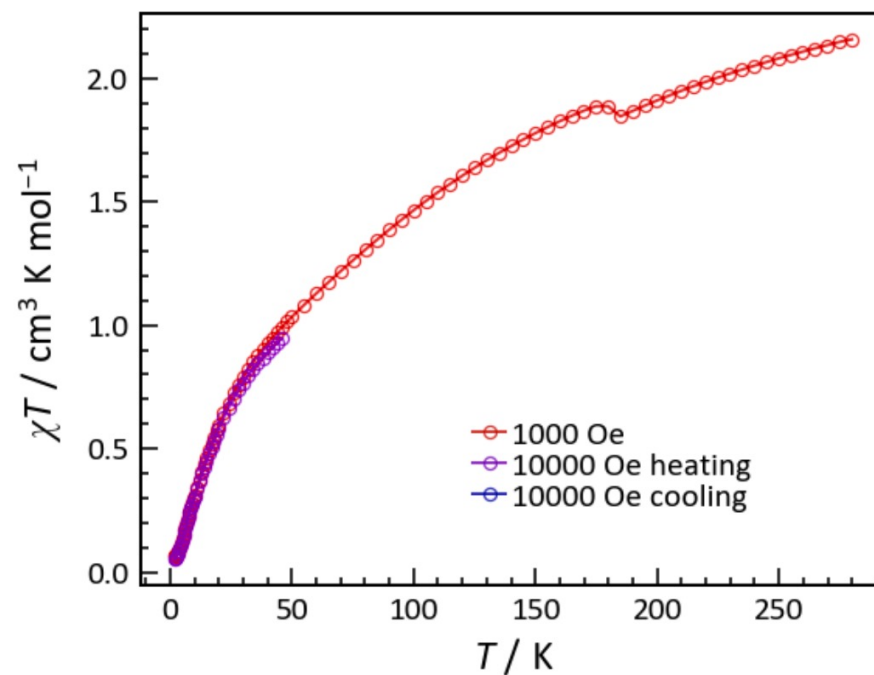
# CF<sub>3</sub>pyTTA Tm complexes



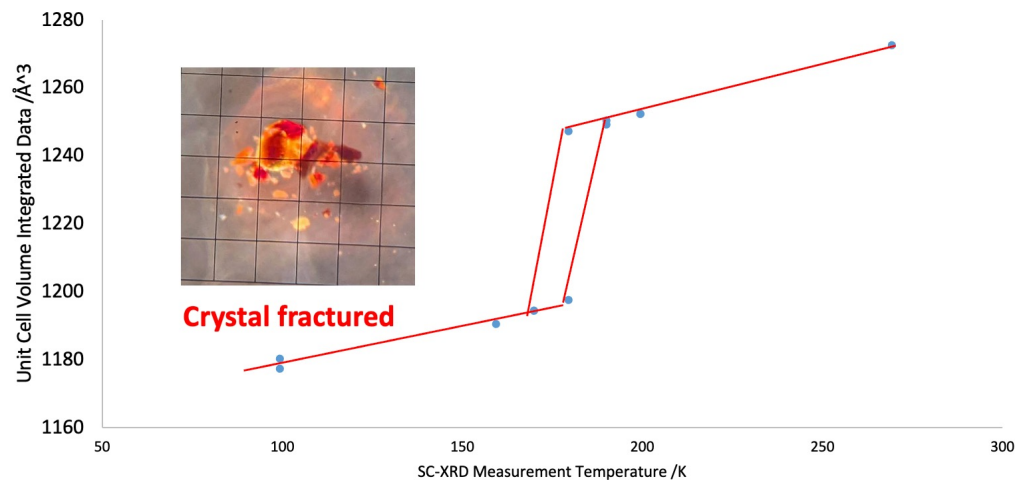
Ni complex

Awful data  
Very dirty

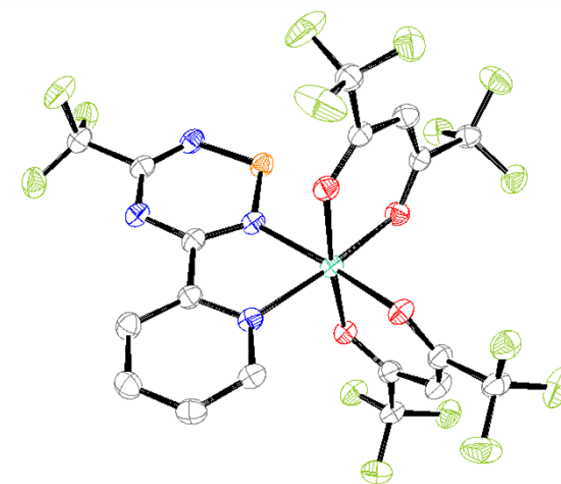
What is that kink @~180 K ??



# CF<sub>3</sub>pyTTA Tm complexes



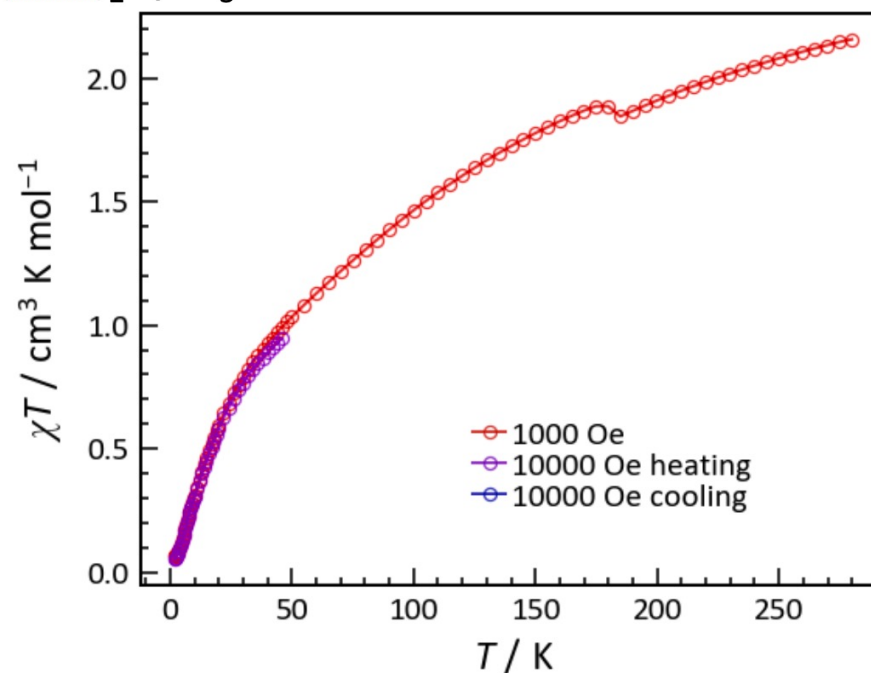
Cell volume vs T plot of Ni(hfac)<sub>2</sub>PyCF<sub>3</sub>TTA



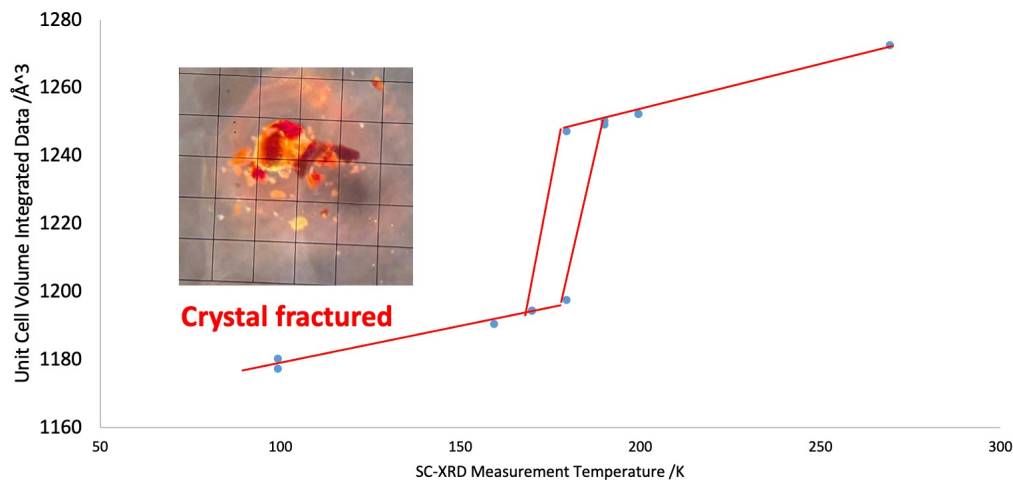
Ni complex

Awful data  
Very dirty

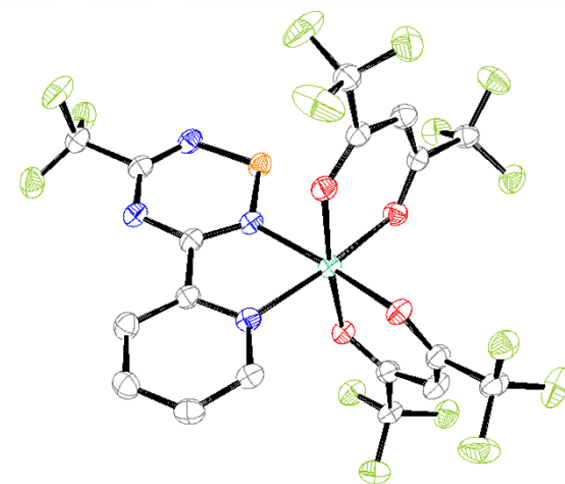
What is that kink @~180 K ??



# CF<sub>3</sub>pyTTA Tm complexes

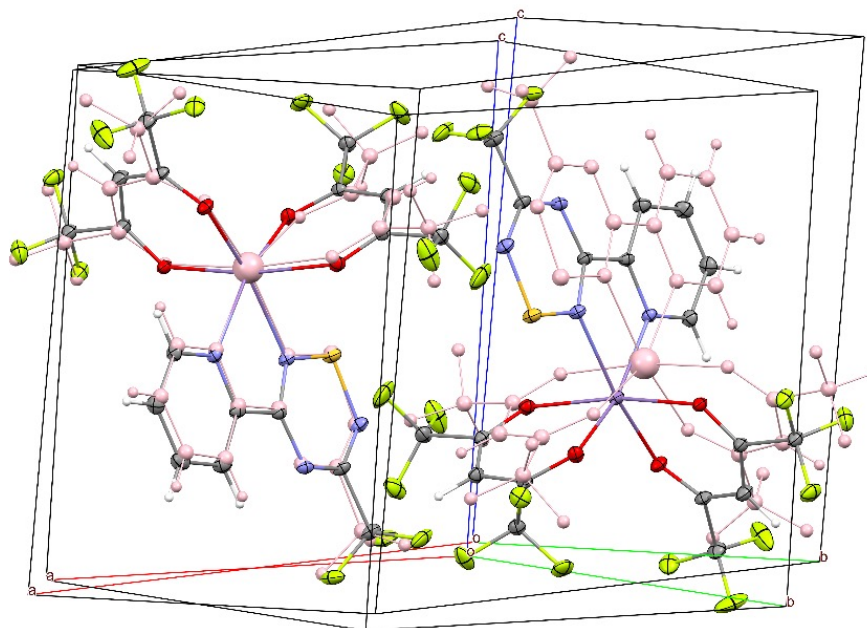


Cell volume vs T plot of Ni(hfac)<sub>2</sub>PyCF<sub>3</sub>TTA

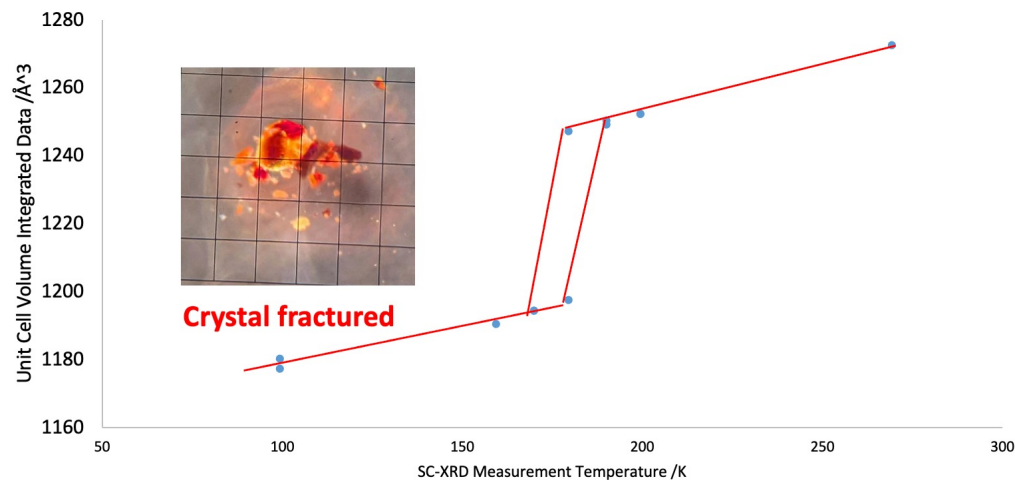


Ni complex

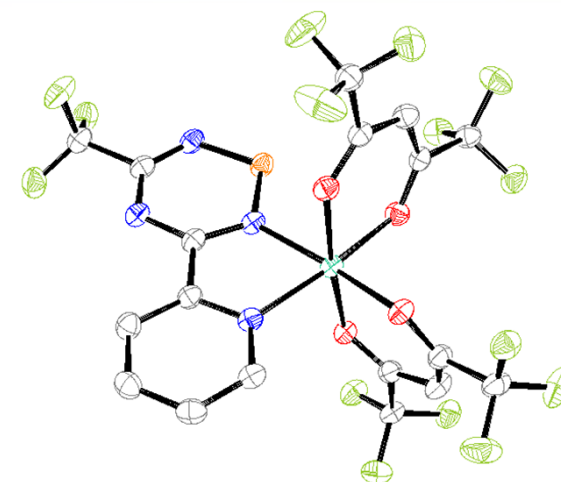
Mn complex  
unit cell  
T above/below transition



# CF<sub>3</sub>pyTTA Tm complexes



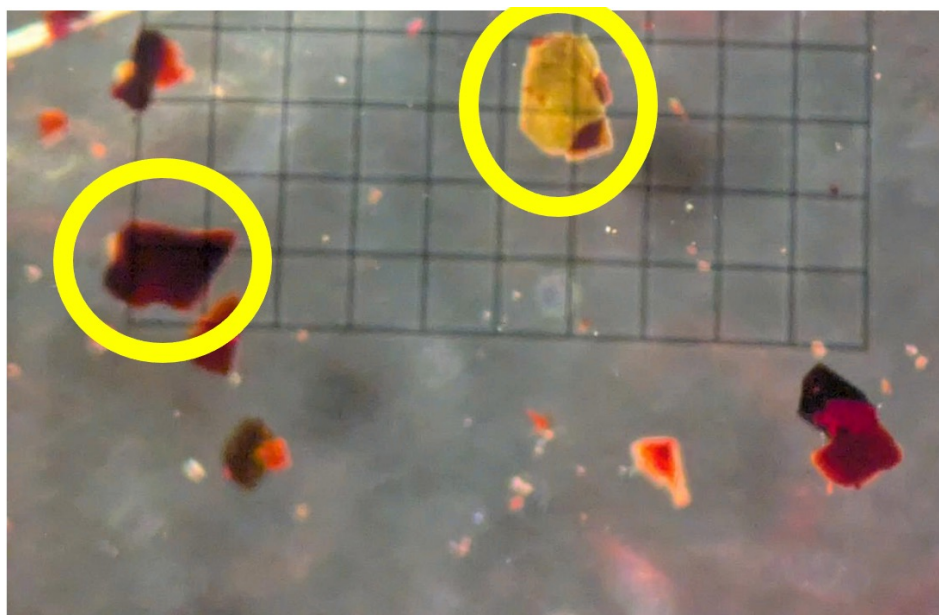
Cell volume vs T plot of Ni(hfac)<sub>2</sub>PyCF<sub>3</sub>TTA



Ni complex

No, this is not dirty!

This is dichroism!



# Take Home Message

